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SAUCE.

TO-DAY'S WEATHER FORECAST:—North and North East Winds, Moderate Freshening to a Gale; Fine at First, Cloud with Rain and Squalls Later.

Hongkong Daily Press.

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WATCH THIS SPACE NEXT WEEK, FOR DETAILS OF THE WINTER TRAIN SERVICE.

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12th & 13th SEPTEMBER, 1934
Sailings from Hong Kong at 2 p.m. only & from Macao at 8 a.m. only.

EXCURSION TO MACAO

SUNDAY, 16th SEPTEMBER, 1934

S.S. "SUI TAI"

will leave Hong Kong at 9.30 a.m. and Macao at 4.30 p.m.

NOTE.—All Steamboat Company's Steamers are fitted with Wireless.

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LONDON NOTES

Baron Von Cramm

(From Our Own Correspondent)
London, Aug. 28.
Baron Gottfried von Cramm is, I hear, to make a bid for his third European lawn tennis title at the Swiss championship, which opens to-day at Lucerne.

After Fred Perry he has the best record of any player of the year. He won both his Davis Cup singles against France, and secured the French title in June at Auteuil, and the German at Hamburg early in August.

Christian Bousset, Gentien, and Brugnon are going to Lucerne from Paris. Mlle. Payot is defending her title, but she will have no easy task, as France's second and third ranked women, Mlle. Rosembert and Adamoff, will be among her rivals.

England will send no official team, but I understand Miss Joan Ingram, who gave Miss Helen Jacobs so hard a match at Wimbledon, and Miss Pat Hughes are possible starters.

BILINGUAL

I glanced yesterday at an article in "Le Figaro." It amusingly described the young foreign diplomats in London who lunch and dine "au Saint James (sic) Club."

Switzerland, if generalised, was the only country in Europe, where one ate worse than in England. By comparison American food, though clinically hygienic, was ambrosia.

The Parisian lightness with which the writer depicted our mysterious gastronomic insensibility—this, too, in the face of a bounteous nature which had provided us with unrivalled meat and fish and vegetables—caused me to look to see whose name stood at the bottom of the column.

It was Mr. Harold Nicolson's.

NEW YORK IN LONDON

London had a touch of New York about it on Saturday night. The first performance of "Blackbirds of 1934" brought the atmosphere of Harlem to the Coliseum in the gallery as well as on the stage.

Incidentally, the intricacies of American slang caused some difficulty to the programme compilers. "Gob" is roughly the American equivalent for "matlow"; but four lively singing and dancing sailors were announced as "The Four Cobs."

Coincidentally, a large number of genuine "gobs" from the U.S. cruiser Minneapolis, which arrived at Gravesend on Saturday, were busy making their first explorations of the West-end.

"SILENCE NIGHT"

The new regulation prohibiting the sounding of motor-horns within five miles of Charing Cross came into force at 11.30 last night. The silence spell lasts till 7 a.m.

Actually the silence was observed by the majority of motorists, long before that time. Throughout the evening, in fact, drivers of private cars, taxis, vans, and buses "rehearsed" by driving without using their horns. Even at the pedestrian crossings there were no warning sounds, and overtaking was done silently.

The silence was particularly impressive in the quieter streets such as Harley-street, Wimpole-street, and Mayfair.

Normally in these streets, where there are numbers of cross-roads, motorists sound their horns frequently.

Last night, however, most cars and taxi-cabs slowed to a snail's pace at the corners and while the driver looked round the corner to see if the way was clear.

At Piccadilly Circus, just before 11.30, crowds gathered to see the "fun." But there was nothing much to see. While the theatres and cinemas were emptying, soon after eleven, there was a little hooting—but much less than usual.

As 11.30 struck a young man in a sports car blew a last furious blast on a piercing electric horn to mark the last moment of freedom.

Another young man stopped his car shortly before the half hour and busied himself with a screw

ROYAL AIR FORCE

Appointment At Air Ministry

(Special Air Mail Service)

London, Aug. 28.
Air Vice-Marshal R. P. Mills, C.B., M.C., A.F.C., has been appointed temporarily as Director of Postings Air Ministry, vice Air Commodore C. T. Macleah, C.B., D.S.O., M.C., who will take up his new duties as Air Officer Commanding Royal Air Force, Middle East, about October, 1934.

Air Vice-Marshal R. P. Mills joined the Royal Flying Corps from the Royal Fusiliers in August, 1913. During the War he commanded wings of the Royal Flying Corps and Royal Air Force in France and in Italy, and besides receiving the Military Cross was twice mentioned in despatches and received several foreign decorations. He was also awarded the Air Force Cross for services in connection with the War. Subsequently he was employed on Air Staff duties at Headquarters, Royal Air Force, India, and as Deputy Director of Organization, Air Ministry. On relinquishing the latter post in September, 1928, he was again posted to Headquarters, Royal Air Force, India, and in March, 1929, was appointed Chief Staff Officer at that Headquarters. He was promoted to the rank of Air Commodore in July, 1929, and in the New Year Honours List, 1930, was made a Companion of the Order of the Bath.

AIR STAFF IN IRAQ

Wing Commander H. K. Thorold, D.S.O., D.F.C., A.F.C., who has been commanding No. 70 (Bomber Transport) Squadron, is now appointed for Air Staff (operations) duties at Headquarters, Iraq Command, Hinaldi, vice Wing Commander R. D. Oxland, O.B.E.

Wing Commander Thorold has had, since 1920, a good deal of service on the staff, has been through the courses at the Staff and Imperial Defence Colleges and has served at the Air Ministry. Educated at Marlborough, he served as a pilot in the R.N.A.S. in France and the Dardanelles. The D.F.C. was awarded him in 1921 for service during the Nasiriyah operations, his other decorations being gained during the Great War.

COLOURS OF MARINE CRAFT

Amendments have been made to paragraph 2020 (clauses 1 and 2) of K.R. and A.C.I., and are as follows:—

All R.A.F. power-driven marine craft will be painted as follows, decks and rubbing stakes being left bare:—

Hull.—Black (Home and Mediterranean Commands); white (in tropical waters).

Upper deck/woodwork at present painted, including hoods, dodgers, funnels, ventilators, masts, etc., battleship grey (Home and Mediterranean Commands); white (in tropical waters).

Deckhouses and upper deck woodwork at present varnished copal varnish.

Water-line, 2in. white band. Below water-line, solution, anti-fouling red.

The R.A.F. identification marks, 12in. in diameter, will be painted on the bows.

driver, disconnecting the electric horn. "I am so absent-minded—it's the only way I can obey the regulations," he explained.

After 11.30 the silence—now officially imposed—continued. But there were some exceptions. Six horns were heard in Shaftesbury-avenue at 11.45, and there were several offenders in Leicester-square.

Mobile police and A.A. patrols mingled with the home-bound theatre traffic to see how the regulations worked. It was evident that while some motorists ex-

DIARY OF LOCAL EVENTS

To-day

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14.

Anniversaries and Holidays.—Feast of the Exaltation of the Holy Cross.

Auctions.—Lammert's Sale of Postage Stamps, Sales Room, 5.15 p.m.; Miscellaneous Household Furniture, 255 Prince Edward Road, (top floor), 11 a.m.

Cinemas

King's.—"Springtime For Henry"
Queen's.—"Wild Gold"
Central.—"Heads We Go"
Oriental.—"Madame Butterfly"
World.—"Alias French Gentle"
Alhambra.—"The Ninth Guest"
Majestic.—"The King Of The Arena"
Star.—"The Women In His Life"

Dances

Garrison Lecture Hall, 8.30 p.m.

Meetings

Council of Hong Kong Hockey Association, St. Andrew's Church Hall, 5.30 p.m.
Kowloon Union Church General Committee, 6.30 p.m.

Miscellaneous

V.D.M.A. Committee Meeting, St. Andrew's Church Hall, 8.30 p.m.
Morning Meeting at Helena May Institute, conducted by Rev. J. E. Higgs.

Whist Drive on board H.M.S. Tamar, 8.45 p.m.

Moon.—VIII Moon 6th Day.

Principal Mails

Inward from America by Emp. of Japan, and Pres. Harrison.
Outward Air Mail for Europe by Somal, 5 p.m.; Steamer, 6 p.m.; for America and Europe via Siberia by Pres. Jackson, 5 p.m.

Social Functions

Mixed Whist Drive at Kowloon Cricket Club, 9 p.m.

Sports

Meetings.—Hong Kong Hockey Association, Council Meeting (St. Andrew's Church Hall), 5.30 p.m.
Sunrise.—6.09 a.m. Sunset.—5.28 p.m.

Tides.—High at 12.54; Low at 6.29 and 17.44.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 15.

Anniversaries and Holidays.—Feast of the Seven Dolours of Our Lady.

Auctions.—Lammert's Sale of Radio Sets and Accessories, etc., Sales Room, 10.30 a.m.

Cinemas

King's.—"Springtime For Henry"
Queen's.—"Wild Gold"
Central.—"The Only Girl"
Oriental.—"Madame Butterfly"
World.—"Alias French Gentle"
Alhambra.—"The Ninth Guest"
Majestic.—"The King Of The Arena"
Star.—"The Women In His Life"

Miscellaneous

Tombola for Servicemen and families, Garrison Lecture Hall, 7.30 p.m.
St. Andrew's Club Bathing Picnic, 3.30 p.m.

Moon.—VIII Moon, 7th Day.

Principal Mails

Outward for Europe via Suez by Fushimi Maru, 9.30 a.m.; for America and Europe via Siberia by Taiyo Maru, 5 p.m.

Sports

Lawn Bowls.—Senior Division: Civil Service C.C. v. Craighower "A"; Craighower "B" v. Kowloon Docks R.C.; Police R.C. v. Club de Recreio; Junior Division: Craighower C.C. v. Civil Service C.C.; Indian R.C. v. Yacht Club; Club de Recreio v. Police R.C.; Football Club v. H.K. Electric.

Sunrise.—6.09 a.m. Sunset.—6.29 p.m.

Tides.—High at 12.01 and 23.47; Low at 5.32 and 17.28.

perienced difficulty in refraining from touching the horn-button instinctively, many had already learned to signal their approach to a cross-roads by switching their headlights on and off.

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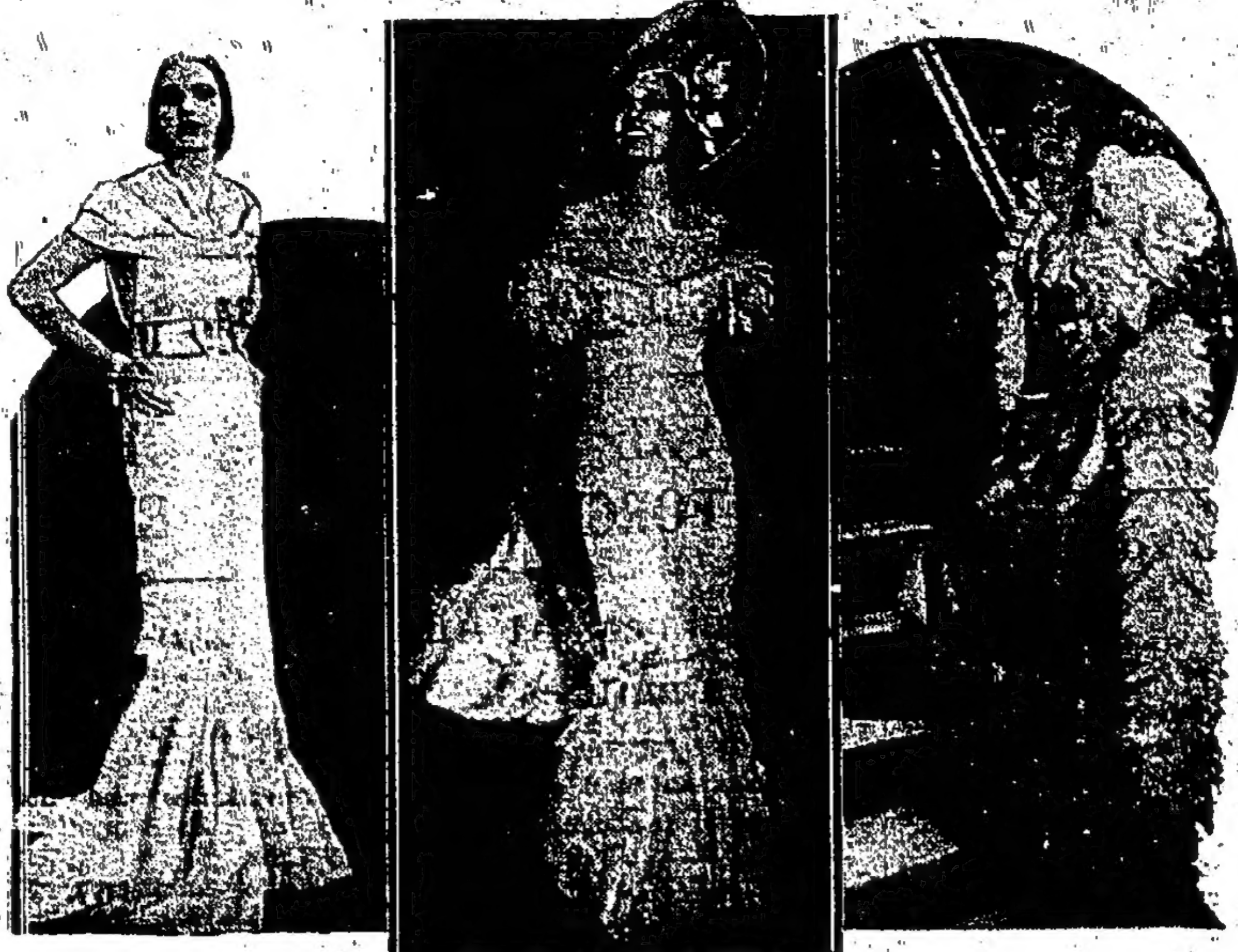
Clear and cool and gardenia-smooth, the Englishwoman's complexion is like some pink-and-ivory-petaled flower, exquisite and rare. And she cares for it as she would her most precious possessions. She will use only the finest preparations that the world affords.

That is why Yardley made 'Fragrance' Powder.

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ROUND THE SHOPS



DELIGHTFUL VELVETS

This week I have some good news for Maizee's host of patrons and that is this popular store has just received a large stock of the newest of the new style goods, and as they say in the talkies, "Oh boy, are they nice, or are they nice?" They will be put on display on Tuesday. I went into the store to get a look at them but there were so many nice things that I was soon in a whirl and, wanting to get almost everything at the same time, I lost myself. Anyway, I can remember some delightful Irene Bury suits in different shades of velvet and style, and very nice styles too, I can promise you.

NEW HAT FOR THE RACES?

Are you aware that the races is but a few days away? What are you going to do about a new hat? I cannot do better than

recommend a visit to Mayo's where she has on display such an array of lovely felts. And you know just as well as I do that Mayo has the happy knack of being able to turn out the most marvellously shaped hats, be they big or small, don't you?

SWAGGER COATS

Swagger coats are always so smart that every woman must have a few of them in her wardrobe. If you are thinking of getting one, go to Lane Crawford's Ladies Salon for they have there just the one you want. They are in the latest Tweeds and check designs, and are absolutely the last word so far as quality is concerned. By the way, they also have just received a new stock of white coats and skirts.

WINTER COATS

It has often been said that Eve

has one of the most popular stores in town and small wonder too when one considers that she is always putting the interests of her patrons before all else. This week she has received a large consignment of winter coats—the models that will be seen in London and Paris fashion centres this winter.

THE CAMEO BEAUTY SALON

There is no doubt that this beauty salon is up to date in everything, they have just installed two of the latest models in hair drying machines which saves hours for themselves and customers, as well. Now if you are wanting another "perm" why not try the New "Frederics Vita Tonic" wave, I believe it is absolutely the latest, and it leaves the hair soft, lustrous, and natural.

FASHION MORE CHEERFUL

London, Aug. 28.—There are a number of cheerful changes in the mode that by means of variation make for newness in styles. Coloured cloth and wool jackets can be worn over simple black dresses. The importance of black as a foundation to good dressing is again a prominent factor. The coloured jacket does convey a sense of novelty; indeed, the jacket of many shapes must be reckoned with in the winter mode. Sometimes the cape, also in colour contrast to the frock, may be preferred, but the jacket is more seasonable.

The Coloured Coat

Over a black slimy-cut dress a coat of faded green cloth was worn with a black felt hat trimmed with loops of jade moire-ribbon. The cowl-like collar of this coat was of black broadtail. Black and brown is an interesting revival in colour combination. A three-quarter tunic-like coat of brown face-cloth was buttoned and worn with a lacquered belt of the same, the dress beneath being composed of dull-surfaced black satin.

Spangles And Velvet

Spangles of brown glitter gleamingly on black lame afternoon or cinema dresses. A coppery metal thread is often woven in the fabric. Lame and fabric woven effects are sharing popularity with the metal woven velvets.

It certainly is a velvet season, and velvets are delightfully varied. Some stamped effects remind one of Victorian plushes; these make rich-looking suits. The figured and metal woven velvets will largely take the place of the imitation fur-cloth of a season or so ago.

Hem Lines

Many day and evening skirts are still the tailored ones showing self-edges, which is a smart way of finishing cloth and wool. Even braid is used to look like a self-edge.

For the simple dinner-dress, scalloped borders are pleasing, and sometimes when a deep slit appears in a black frock, the scalloped go up the side in a wrap over fashion showing a glimpse



of a contrasting coloured slip beneath, the same colour appearing in the matching cape or jacket.

There is no doubt that the new fashions all have a very complete look about them, and spell perfection.

Muffs With Dresses

Fur bands, used skilfully, help to improve the slimness of the silhouette. A long coat of sumptuous metal cloth with bands of dark grey broadtail may be lined with one of the new black and grey-striped Viennas. Possibly there will be a hat of the cloth trimmed with fur, and shaped after the

turban idea. A small muff to match may also be included, for there is a great effort being made to bring back the muff as part of the dress-scheme.

If elaboration of the costume be desired, this vogue may gain away, but women to-day dislike complications that interfere with their activities. The slit-skirt is an aid to freedom, but a muff may prove an encumbrance.

Wool Trimming

For the early autumn, wool and tweed stitchery, and all drawn-wool and plaited fantasies in cloth, form a practical decoration. For scarves, berets and handbags, the fabric itself is often inserted with a contrasting colour and design, with open-work trellis effects to mark the shaping.

Many small berets in tweed show this open-work craze, and are worn with the further decoration of a light chenille-spotted veil, a "fly-away" affair, that is a bold contrast to the solidity of tweed. Attractive effects can be attained by all this stitchery and fine hand-brading in fabric. Darning and hem-stitching in wool is now as important as similar trimming used to be in linen.

Evening Furs

Fur makes more appeal for the town toilettes and in the coats and capes for evening. The fox-trimmed short circular cape is as fashionable as ever, for it is good in differing lengths in fur, velvet and fabric. Real seal skin "tipsters" trimmed with ermine can be worn with a small muff, and make a charming complement to a simply-cut frock in black wool or velvet.

One of the striking notes in the modern mode is the curious combination of intense neoplasms, and simplicity of cut and style, allied to the luxurious feminine trend of forty years ago. This alliance is helpful to the practical woman who has to make her clothes useful as well as becoming. In reality dress is far less difficult if it can be changed for afternoons and dinner time. It is always easier to add the high collar for a special occasion than to make one do for many!

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HONG KONG

VELVET AND VELVETEEN

As Fashion Leaders

Every phase in autumn and winter fashions is exciting, and days are approaching when we must think of meeting that first sensation of crispness in the air with a certain amount of jumping off warm comfort.

Remember, however, there are many more new phases on their way. Paris designers are suggesting straight coats at hip and half level in coloured velveteen, bound round with black military braid.

They have short splits at either side of backs, and one in red, is modelled for wear over a black dress with red velvet belt. This particular coat outline comes again in green or black, with the idea of helping you to get to work on other contrasting two coloured schemes.

Cravat Silk

Cravat silk is not yet shelved, and is to the fore in muffler ties with belts on lagoon frocks, but it must show stripes served up on the diagonal in only one tone or contrast on a plain colour.

These motifs are replaced by moire or satin, both of which usually show off the contrasting material in black on mat black. Maybe a bright colour will occur in frocks that are worn with cape-back hip-length coats, flattened across the front by the belt passing over a single centre front opening. Tweed ensembles of skirt and full-length coats showing this flowing back-cape movement are a trend for blouses. One of scarlet matches a felt hat to go with the fleck in black tweed.

Imagine this vivid note next autumn in leaf tints of green, brown and yellow. A hip-length cape in plain green over a green check lagoon jumper-jacket dress, with the cape this time having a double-breasted fastening with side splits cut up from its hem to allow the hands to nestle comfortably in an elongated barrel-shaped muff of the plain green lagoon is another idea. This singular cape line is an excellent one for Alaska seal, astrakhan, beaver and Persian lamb.

Hip Length Coatee

Another idea which you might like to start off with is the longer than hip length coatee model, made from velveteen with a less vague cape line slipped into pinaforewise with the opening extending from nape in length. This is an innovation for early autumn days and give back waist ties of a certain length to wind and tie at the waist simulates the cossack style.

Capelets sound like a perpetual repetition but they look different somehow in furs such as beaver, loutre and Alaska seal. Lucien Lelong makes a model of beaver split up the back and closed in front for wear over a green woolen dress and black musquash for wear on a dark amethyst frock.

Some of these frocks show bloused back waistlines portraying very wide armholes easing up on closer fitted bodice lines. These effects might apply to a new type of bolero jacket which is glimpsed to the figure in front.

Capelets, however, seem preferable because they will serve as collarettes to collarless coats later on in the season. Ocelot is a favourite for early autumn dress items, and Lelong welds it into a chemisier front and polo collar for a rust brown lagoon dress and jacket ensemble.

Tweed Skirt

A grey and brown mixture tweed skirt and cape with plain dark brown jumper jacket is smart; also a plain stone-grey suit with the jumper closing right up to the neckline from where flat black revers fall down either side under a black coat.

Woolens in plain greys and dark blues, amethyst and navy tweeds with lighter, turquoise blue bring variety to autumn tints for suits.

Blouses of the darker colour in plain jersey or light-weight lagoon usually follow in flat high-fronted short or long sleeved tuck-in styles sometimes fastened down the back. Dark grey and amethyst is among the new tweed mixtures, and makes an excellent impression with a plain amethyst jersey tuck-in.

The jacket is beautifully tailored on the simplest classic line with a single-button waist fastening and a short stand-up collar cut in one to just stand away from the neck and skirt, with four goffered flutings set at equal distance to give emphasis to a slightly bell-shaped skirt. A velvet bow muffler in a tone of mid-rust fills in the neckline to add zest to a suit of dark brown tweed completed by a brown jersey blouse.

Stiff Silk Velvet

Since early autumn is sure to lead up to blouse items a new style in stiff silk velvet should be noted. It shows a fresh movement, replacing the erstwhile bow tie fashion of plaid taffetas through two big loops jutting forward at either side.

These fasten down the front on to green crystal buttons to match the velvet. This contrast in colour and fabric makes a charming note for a brown tweed suit flecked red and white. Brown again stresses a contrast next to a light yellow nasturtium velvet blouse of the same type, showing deeper yellow for the looped neckline. Then the scene changes from stiff silk velvet to black chenille velvet for pumonia scarlet and white flecked tweed mixture suits, the blouses having short sleeves and centre-back fastenings.

This soft all-over plushy surfaced velvet is an entirely new departure for blouses, together with another plushed corduroy rib variety in deepest brown for a plain russet yellow skirt and coat.

THE SEASON OF ACCESSORIES

Novelties That Can Help

In fashion it is the little things that count. This especially applies in this era of accessories that have so much to do with the correct assembling of all clothes worthy of distinction.

There are several new trends that will bring existing clothes up-to-date. Hats come first. Light felts in new autumn colours show a tendency to come well down over the forehead with a back tilt and a felt or ribbon bow. A more "dressed" felt in grey or green can have wide wings across the back or even a bird fantasy. The newest berets of cloth or tweed are large, well-fitting, intriguingly draped, and worn well on one side. Dressier types are in panne or fur cloth. In the country and for travel bright coloured hats are worn with dark suits or dresses.

Many of the newest tailored skirts for Goodwood and Cowes are slit up one side. They seem shorter, neat and trim, and are moulded to the figure.

Capes get longer and will appear in fur, feathers, cloth and tweed. Some capes, fitted on the shoulders, are added to the top-coats of autumn. Fur capes will be luxurious. Some are short and very "swirling." For evening they are effective.

Spots and checks will continue in panne and cloth as well as crepes and linens worn on the continent.

Chocolate-brown, tomato, deep Virginian red, a Wedgwood blue, and dark and light greys will have autumnal successes.

Collars and bows are still important. The white pique sets with dark dresses are pleasing. With the practical tailored shirts of washing silk and fabric, young people will wear a cleverly adjusted hunting stock in white or in pale washing fabric.

There is also the silk turn-over collar and man's foulard tie or bow. The large white organdi bow has had its day. Some houses show clever collars and stocks with new belts in light-coloured string and kid. Lacquered accessories are still popular.



FASHIONS FOR AUTUMN

Directoire Styles Again

BARE SHOULDERS AND HIGHER WAISTS

A Directoire influence is apparent throughout the autumn and winter collections, writes a correspondent. It has a subtle quality, with high-waisted effects suggested, but modified by slightly draped folds.

Waists, however, are not definitely settled at one given place, but rise and fall according to figures. Nevertheless, they do not fall below the natural line, and look easy even when girt by belts, indented, or showing off to perfection under gentle folds in long, sheath-like gowns. These gowns have straighter and narrower skirts, with or without trained trails.

Blashed hemlines are not overdone, but executed at either side, and even split short trailing lengths into fish tails, which appear directly at the back or side off to right or left. Some hemlines show an uneven tendency, sweeping away from short front openings, while afternoon frocks may dip lower at the back on the side-split-straight-hemline plan. This uneven trend is not allowed to look bedraggled.

Evening décolletés go Directoire when moderately low fronts display slashed open backs, V or square cuts back and front—with high backs and open fronts squared to vary the mode. Short puff sleeves apply to the period, but they are designed in a modern manner and avoid the Victorian baby-puff style.

One décolleté is completely nude, with shoulders stripped and puffs extending in line across the upper arms. Gold spotted and striped lame shoots up on to the shoulders from a waist-length cuirass of the metal fabric worked into another gown of black chepe.

The New Colour

The darkest shade of prune is a rival to black, and shows an other influence in décolletés when prune-coloured lace folds backs into a bolero line after encircling armholes and falling in stiff pagoda fashion over the shoulders.

The new taffeta velvet rustle in a sapphire blue gown with back skirted flutes restrained by an elastic grip and a wide flat bow set in rigid fashion across the front décolleté. White satin also appeals when a nasturtium orange taffeta swathe ending in a double bow rising up on to the corsage in perpendicular fashion and down on to the skirt at the side-front ends by girthing the waist.

Gunmetal toned leather for diaped bells and spots embroidered on to the jumper top of a black satin gown stress a new idea. The tone is used in plain lame for an exceptionally graceful trained gown. One clever designer also uses pean d'ange jersey with a medium flat rib in pink for a gown emphasizing the

LELONG, MAINBOCHER, AND ALIX

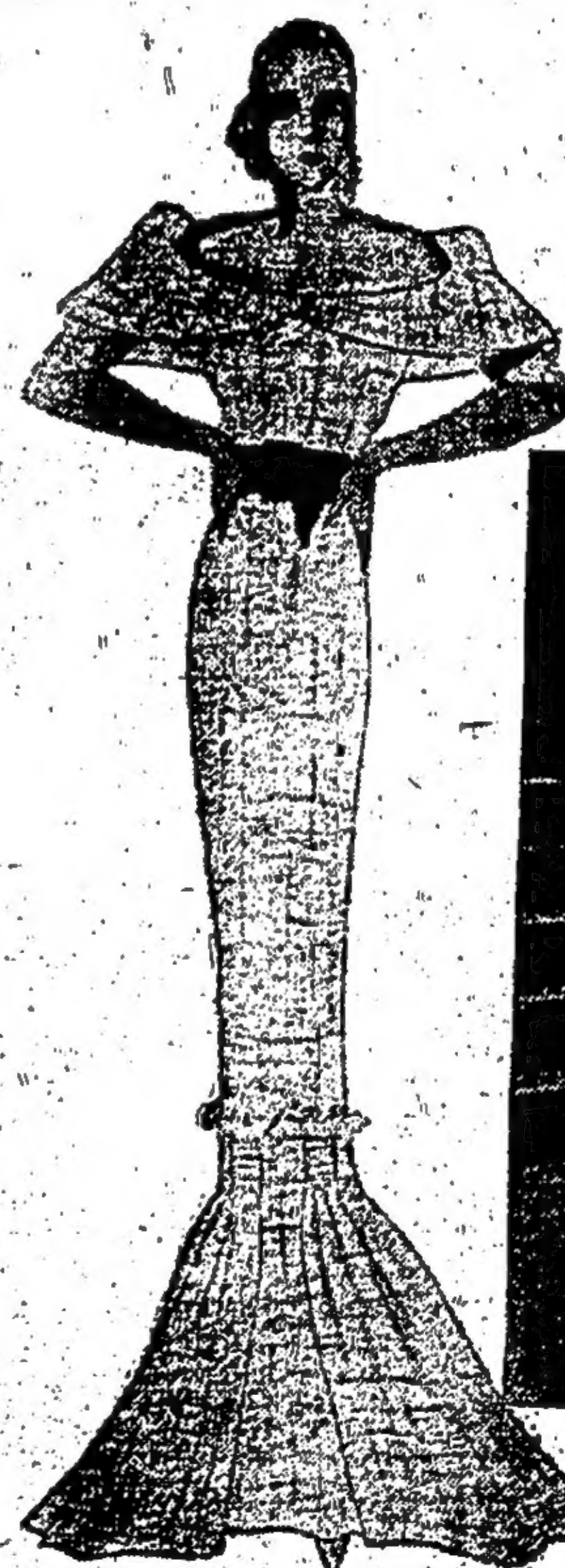
All The Fashions From Paris

London, Aug. 28.

In Lucien Lelong's collection there are to be noticed a bloused bodice with the waistline slightly raised in front; a draped neckline back and front, and trimming on the hips, either tucks or drapery or a little flounce, or a pocket. Lelong's tallomade clothes are all simple, whether of cloth and fur, rough tweeds, or velvet and fur; lame blouses go with them, or shot taffetas and brocade-satin.

The afternoon skirts are long and straight; shouldered are built up with stiff little twings. A green velvet dress has a cowl front; a brown woolen dress has a jacket with a bat-shaped back and dolman sleeves. This jacket is made of various materials and suits the slim and plump alike. Some skirts are slit at the hem; others for the evening, when a trained dress is worn, are slit nearly to the knee. A great deal of velvet is used for the evening, some of which has a watered or moiré impression or may be shot with another colour. Another velvet is stamped with an indefinite pattern and interwoven with metal threads. With every dress there is a cape or little jacket, not necessarily of the dress material. A three-quarter length jacket of velvet or lame, flaring a little at the hem and fitted to the waist, with fur about the shoulders, makes a handsome wrap. Neck and shoulder lines are reasonably low. Evening jewelry is decorative.

DIFFERENT MATERIALS
Mainbocher uses widely different materials—woollen for the evening, metallized velvets, figured velvets for the afternoon. Lyons velvet which does not crease. Simply cut black dresses are made in many styles for the morning and early afternoon; little coloured jackets go with some of them. Coats and skirts have cape backs, and black coats and skirts may have coloured buttons and blouses. There are dresses with long capes and little muffs; woolen skirts are bound with velvet round the edge. Mainbocher has revived the low crowned, curly brimmed hat, and has a Chinese hat with a low pointed crown trimmed with flat cock's feathers. A black felt hat is lightly trimmed with scarlet. Flowers are worn at the waist, and neck of afternoon dresses and are set low on an evening skirt. Late afternoon dresses and little dinner dresses of woolen nets, crepe satin, or Bagheera velvet are long and slim to the feet with slit hems and rather high waistlines; many are black and trimmed with flowers. For more formal evening dress Mainbocher uses a good deal of black or coloured silk. He makes velvet dresses of rich rust-red, green, or brown. His black georgette dresses can be worn with a silver rose and pearls. His evening necklines are low, with shoulder straps so slender as to be scarcely visible; his boned bodices need none. His morning and afternoon neckline is high to the throat with a little collar or drape, and open in front to a square.



attractive length-of-limb line beneath a black velvet lagoon coatee gripped to the waist above a short basque.

The décolleté of this gown settles down under bracer straps of black crepe satin ribbon, ending in a bow tie and slashed streamers. Lame is displayed again in a fresh mood when lacquer red mat stripes are divided by glistening black-cellophane for a long-sleeved jacket adroitly cut on a diagonal line at the back.

Tails of the Eton and swallow variety with short-waisted fronts take an unexpected line on evening gowns. The Eton wrap shows short bobbed tails in black velvet gown, and the swallow tail wrap in navy blue, faille is for wear over a blue and white narrow striped artificial silk mixture fabric with air eponge surface.

THE BICORNE BERET

The beret is a versatile little hat and is so sure of its popularity that it always manages to adapt itself to the prevailing silhouette successfully. The bicorne and the tricorn heing what they are to spring millinery, the beret pulls its soft crown into two or three points. The crown is mounted on a banderol and lifts up on one side; off the face.

Flexible Muscles

The basis of graceful movement is a flexible muscular system. In every-day life we are constantly moving walking, dancing, playing games, working, turning the pages of a book, moving arm and hand to take a cup of tea. And all action depends for beauty upon its gracefulness.

Every woman who would be charming must, therefore pay attention to the way she moves. Movements which are too rapid, gauche, or ungainly must be studied and remedied by exercise. No single exercise will suffice, but here is a short series which will greatly assist in attaining the desired result:

1. Stand erect with feet in line, raise arms slowly with elbows bent, inhale deeply, gradually lower the arms while you slowly exhale.
2. Stand on tip-toe, hands on hips. Slowly bend the knees and lower the body to sitting position.
3. Stand erect with hands on hips. Inhale deeply, bring weight of body on to one foot, bend forward from hips and extend

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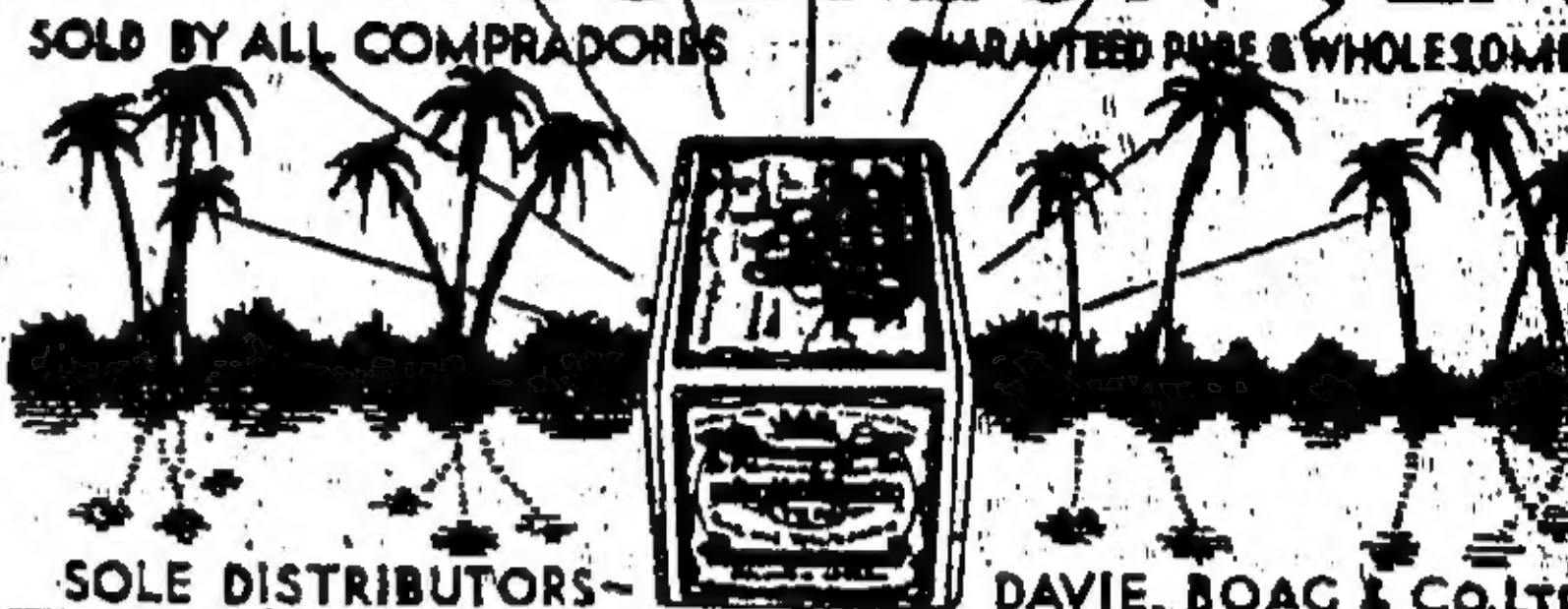
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FOR THE MAN

Who Would Be Fashionable

Knitted skull-caps in very bright colours are the latest fashion for men on the Riviera. They are "the thing" for beach games.

Another sartorial detail: every smart shirt and pullover has its owner's initials embroidered on the left side.

Berets are no longer worn. They have been replaced by a white linen cap of the Maurice Chevalier type.

one leg backwards until it is in line with hips, exhaling slowly. Return to erect position and repeat exercise with other leg.

Perform all these exercises five or six times each in the order given, and if possible do them to music. A good dance record played on the gramophone will serve admirably and will help to make the exercise a pleasure.

Shattered Romance

If I knew where she lived I could write to that girl I met on the beach on Sunday—if I only knew her name.

VARIETY IN COLLARS

Collars and neck finishes are now most skilfully arranged. There is a new style in polo collars, less cumbersome than others, a V-shape cosy and sporting, filled in by woven or knitted rib-effect to the base of the neck.

The new plain Angora shirts, which are so soft that the brightest tones do not jar, are mostly collarless. The finish here is either worked into the base of the throat or cut to reveal it, in boat shape. One can add smart, stock or any becoming neck finish. Many of the new sports coats fasten right up to the throat, the small straight collar being an essential part of the garment. Others, more becoming to older women, turn back with long revers.

Every tone of colour and every trifle in cut must be carefully considered. A most successful autumn shade is the new deep-wine known as plum-brown. These darker tones have a richness which is a distinct novelty for the wool range. Darker colours are in better style even for the country, and black retains its firm position. Scarves, blouses and hats can introduce colour. The old-fashioned yellow-ochre, or periwinkle-blue, looks delightful with dark brown.

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4 Roomed, 113, Boundary Street with
Garage.
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& 251, Prince Edward Road, with
Garage.
5 Roomed, 280, 284, 270 & 278, Prince
Edward Road with garage.
6 Roomed, 113, 15 & 17, Beltran Road,
next to St. Theresa's Church, with
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A 9,000 sq. ft. Factory Building at
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ing. Phone 20910. [2811]

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**TO-DAY'S RADIO
PROGRAMME**

Broadcast by Z.B.W.
on 355 Metres

1 to 2.15 p.m.—European pro-
gramme.
1 p.m.—Local time and weather
report.

1.03 p.m.—Recorded music.
1.15 p.m.—A relay of the Hong
Kong Hotel Orchestra from the
Hong Kong Hotel Grill Room
(by courtesy of the manage-
ment).

1.30 p.m.—Reuter Press Bulletins.
Rugby Press news, etc.

2.15 p.m.—Close down.

4 to 7 p.m.—Chinese programme.

7 to 10.40 p.m.—European pro-
gramme.

7 p.m.—Closing local stock quo-
tations, London and New York
stock and commodity quo-
tations.

7.06 to 7.30 p.m.—

Debroy Somers Band
Dixieland—Selection.
Northern and Southern Memories
(arr. Debroy Somers).
Whatever You Do—"Nice Goin's
On."

With You Here and Me Here—
"Nice Goin's On."
7.30 to 8 p.m.—

From the Studio
Jazz Piano, Violin and Guitar
Recital by Pomping Villa and
Fred Carpio.

PROGRAMME
1.—Avalon.
2.—Only a Rose.
3.—Caprice Futuristic.
4.—Honey Suckle Rose.
5.—I'll See You in My Dreams.
6.—Someday Sweetheart.
7.—Romantic.
8.—Farewell Blues.

8 p.m.—Local time and weather
report.

8.03 to 8.35 p.m.—The Entire
Musical Numbers of "He
Wanted Adventure" with
Bobby Howes, Judy Gunn,
Marie Burke, Raymond Newell,
Wylie Watson, Theatre Chorus
and Orchestra.

8.35 to 9 p.m.—
Light Orchestra Programme
Waltzes from Vienna—Waltz
Selection—London Theatre Or-
chestra.

London Suite (Eric Coates)—Eric
Coates and Symphony Orches-
tra.

1.—(a) Tarantelle—"Covent Gar-
den." (b) Meditation—"West-
minster."
2.—March—"Knightsbridge."
Merry Wives of Windsor (Nicola)
—Victor Symphony Orchestra.

9 to 9.45 p.m.—

From the Studio
A 22nd Recital of Gramophone
Records by The Rev. C. B. R.
Sargent.

9.45 p.m.—Reuter Press Bulletins,
London 1 p.m. Stock and Com-
modity quotations.

9.50 to 10.33 p.m.—Concerto No. 2
in C Minor, Op. 18 (Rach-
maninoff)—Sergei Rachmani-
noff (Pianoforte) and the
Philadelphia Symphony Or-
chestra conducted by Leopold
Stokowski.

1st Movement—Allegro Moderato.
2nd Movement—Adagio Sostenen-
to.

3rd Movement—Allegro Scher-
zando.

10.33 p.m.—Reuter Press Bulletins,
Rugby mid-day Press news,
further London stock and com-
modity quotations followed by
New York opening quotations.

10.40 p.m.—Close down.

DAVENTRY PROGRAMME
7 p.m.—Time Signal from Big Ben.
An organ recital.

7.30 p.m.—The B.B.C. Dance Or-
chestra, directed by Henry
Hall. (Time Signal from
Greenwich at 12).

8.15 p.m.—The Northern Studio
Orchestra, from a Manchester
studio.

9 to 9.30 p.m.—Military Band con-
cert.

BERLIN PROGRAMME
9 p.m.—DVA Announcement (Ger-
man, English).
German Folk Songs.
Programme Forecast (German,
English).

9.15 p.m.—A short Musical pro-
gramme.

9.30 p.m.—Woman's Hour.
9.45 p.m.—News Bulletin (English).
10 p.m.—Music from Hamburg.
11 p.m.—The Far East in Berlin.
11.15 p.m.—News Bulletin (Ger-
man).

11.30 p.m.—D Minor Works of
Three great Masters (Vivaldi,
Bach and Handel)—Karl Ri-
chard's Chamber Orchestra.

12.15 p.m.—Night News Bulletin
(English).

12.30 p.m.—Night DVA Close Down
(German, English).

**NO WORK FOR "WHITE
COLLAR" MEN****Where College Education
Fails**

(From Our Own Correspondent)

According to unofficial estimates,
there are about 5,000 graduates
turned out by Chinese colleges and
universities every year, but only
a small minority are able to find
employment. The seriousness of
this problem of the idle intelligen-
tia, says the "Chen Pao" (Peiping),
naturally leads to the question:
"What is wrong with Chinese col-
lege education?" It is, of course,
not fair to conclude that this em-
ployment problem among college
graduates is due to any weakness
of the Chinese educational system,
without also taking into considera-
tion the political background, so-
cial conditions, and the individ-
uals themselves. However, the fact
cannot be denied that defects in
the Chinese educational system
are primarily responsible for this
unfortunate state of affairs.

China has been spending many
millions of dollars every year to
maintain a large number of
schools for educating her citizens,
but on account of the absence of
any uniform system of education,
the result seems merely to increase
the number of "white collar" un-
employed. The type of youth
which the nation and society most
requires the schools have failed to
produce; what the schools do pro-
duce does not meet the demand of
the country. Since the introduc-
tion of modern learning, most of
the schools in China have been
dominated to a very large extent
by American principal and meth-
ods. Such wholesale importations
of material, methods, and
management, adopted without
careful consideration, was bound
to give unsatisfactory results.

What China needs is to build on
the foundation of her own civiliza-
tion and educational system, and
to assimilate the best that Europe
and America can offer, and so
find a solution of her difficulties.

During the past few years col-
leges and universities, public and
private, have sprung up like mush-
rooms. Quite a number of "quack"
educators look upon the founding
of schools as a business enterprise,
and on students as their stock-in-
trade. They do not bother much
whether their schools have sufficient
funds or complete equipment,
but only know how to employ
mass-production methods to turn
out an overwhelming number of
schools with insufficient funds and
incomplete equipment are, effec-
tive ways for coping with this as-
pect of the situation.

While multitudes of Chinese
students are captivated by the
hunt for academic degrees, not a
few are openly competing with
one another in the glorification of
college athletics. What China
needs most to-day is a type of
education that is creative, realis-
tic, and closely related to the pro-
blems and needs of the common
people rather than merely high-
sounding learning. The rural re-
construction movement is assum-
ing more and more importance,
and the success of this movement
depends upon education as a fun-
damental step. So in the near fu-
ture it is beyond doubt that more
college graduates will be needed
for service in rural districts. They
must be trained to utilize the po-
wer of education to awaken the
Chinese peasants and organize
them for political, economic, and
cultural rejuvenation. They must
be trained to be actual workers in
rural reconstruction and to be

leaders of the Chinese masses.

In connection with college edu-
cation, the "Chen Pao" continues,
the problem of vocational schools
is perhaps no less important. At
present the Chinese secondary
schools are apparently mere pre-
paratory schools for colleges.
Among the great number of stu-
dents who graduate from second-
ary schools, only a small minority
are fortunate enough to enter col-
lege, and the great majority can
not afford to continue their stud-
ies. Such students are absolutely
helpless because of their lack of
training in any kind of work,
while they have not sufficient
knowledge to enter the higher oc-
cupations. The result is that at
least one-half of the secondary
school graduates are unemployed.
With this difficulty before us, the
problem of extending and improv-
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which must receive careful con-
sideration if education in China
is to meet the vital needs both of
the individual and the State.

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the country. Since the introduc-
tion of modern learning, most of
the schools in China have been
dominated to a very large extent
by American principal and meth-
ods. Such wholesale importations
of material, methods, and
management, adopted without
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to give unsatisfactory results.

What China needs is to build on
the foundation of her own civiliza-
tion and educational system, and
to assimilate the best that Europe
and America can offer, and so
find a solution of her difficulties.

During the past few years col-
leges and universities, public and
private, have sprung up like mush-
rooms. Quite a number of "quack"
educators look upon the founding
of schools as a business enterprise,
and on students as their stock-in-
trade. They do not bother much
whether their schools have sufficient
funds or complete equipment,
but only know how to employ
mass-production methods to turn
out an overwhelming number of
schools with insufficient funds and
incomplete equipment are, effec-
tive ways for coping with this as-
pect of the situation.

While multitudes of Chinese
students are captivated by the
hunt for academic degrees, not a
few are openly competing with
one another in the glorification of
college athletics. What China
needs most to-day is a type of
education that is creative, realis-
tic, and closely related to the pro-
blems and needs of the common
people rather than merely high-
sounding learning. The rural re-
construction movement is assum-
ing more and more importance,
and the success of this movement
depends upon education as a fun-
damental step. So in the near fu-
ture it is beyond doubt that more
college graduates will be needed
for service in rural districts. They
must be trained to utilize the po-
wer of education to awaken the
Chinese peasants and organize
them for political, economic, and
cultural rejuvenation. They must
be trained to be actual workers in
rural reconstruction and to be

leaders of the Chinese masses.

In connection with college edu-
cation, the "Chen Pao" continues,
the problem of vocational schools
is perhaps no less important. At
present the Chinese secondary
schools are apparently mere pre-
paratory schools for colleges.
Among the great number of stu-
dents who graduate from second-
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are fortunate enough to enter col-
lege, and the great majority can
not afford to continue their stud-
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helpless because of their lack of
training in any kind of work,
while they have not sufficient
knowledge to enter the higher oc-
cupations. The result is that at
least one-half of the secondary
school graduates are unemployed.
With this difficulty before us, the
problem of extending and improv-
ing vocational education is one
which must receive careful con-
sideration if education in China
is to meet the vital needs both of
the individual and the State.

China has been spending many
millions of dollars every year to
maintain a large number of
schools for educating her citizens,
but on account of the absence of
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CENTRAL THEATRE

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

DAILY 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.30

Constance CUMMINGS

HEADS WE GO!



COMMENCING TO-MORROW
LILIAN HARVEY
IN
"THE ONLY GIRL"

THE NINTH GUEST

At The Alhambra

Would Edgar Allan Poe, Wilkie Collins, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle have made their reputations as writers of detective and crime fiction if they had lived in these days of amazing inventions?

Poe's cases weren't complicated by the telephone and telegraph; Collins never had to contend with the circumstances of a pistol silence; and even Doyle never had the radio to help him solve his readers. The writer of modern detective fiction has them all to contend with—and with them he can baffle his readers more completely than the old-fashioned mystery-thriller authors ever imagined.

"The Ninth Guest," one of the most successful and popular mystery plays ever written, contains every one of the above mentioned inventions. As a play it ran for two years on the New York stage, and has now reached the screen as a Columbia production. It opens to-day at the Alhambra Theatre.

The play, as written by Owen Davis, leaves no clues for the detective, either professional or amateur, to ravel into. Instead of tell-tale footprints, the perpetrator leaves no clues, for he communicates with his victims by telegraph and telephone he even employs the radio to instruct them. There are no pistol shots to be heard for a pistol silence obviates that possibility. A door heavily charged with electricity proves a lethal weapon when combined with psychology, and the criminal in this baffling mystery tale is smart enough to so prey upon the imaginations of his victims that he is guilty of nothing but sending men to their death only by their own hands, or at the hands of others.

Made into a picture, the production stars Donald Cook and Genevieve Tobin in the principal roles with a supporting cast that includes Hardie Albright, Edward

KING'S THEATRE

"Springtime For Henry"

The stage success, "Springtime For Henry," which enjoyed a run of eight months on Broadway and five months in London, made its appearance on the screen of the King's Theatre yesterday. The play, which was written by Benn W. Levy, proved to be so popular both here and abroad that it was purchased for the screen by Jesse L. Lasky, to be produced for Fox Film. Featuring Otto Kruger as the gay bachelor, the screen version is even more elaborate in story, comedy and dramatic situations than the stage play.

The story deals with Henry Dewlip (Otto Kruger), a care free, footloose bachelor who is constantly in hot water when it comes to women. Two women in particular are out to lead Henry to the altar. How Henry is influenced by his two women companions to reach a decision is reported to provide the film with an uproariously funny conclusion. Nancy Carroll and Heather Angel portray the roles of the two women in Henry's life. This is Miss Carroll's first screen appearance after a long absence from the Hollywood studios. The supporting cast includes such stellar names as Nigel Bruce, Herbert Mundin, Arthur Hoyt and Geneva Mitchell.

Benn W. Levy, the playwright, was brought to Hollywood to re-write his play and make it even stronger and better from the standpoint of screen material. From the author's new treatment Keene Thompson and Frank Tuttle, who also directed, fashioned their screen play.

CHURCH APPOINTMENT

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Berlin, Sept. 12. The noted social and churchman, Dr. Engelke was appointed vicar of the German Evangelical Church and deputy to Reichsbischof Mueller by a special order on Wednesday. Engelke gained international prominence as the successor of Dr. Wichern to the capacity of director of the famous "Rauhes Haus," one of the most renowned institutions in the continent for the safeguarding of moral welfare of youths brought up in degrading surroundings.

Engelke's appointment was fittingly announced on the 100th anniversary of the foundation of the first "Rauhes Haus."

Transocean Kuo Min.

JAPANESE MISSION TO JERUSALEM

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright).)

Jerusalem, Sept. 12. A Japanese commission consisting of university professors, is expected to arrive in the next few days. The aim of the commission which is sent by the Japanese Government, is to invite fifteen hundred young Arabs possessing high school training aged between 20 and 25, to visit Japan and pursue their higher university studies there.

Transocean Kuo Min.

Ellis, Edwin Maxwell, Vincent Barnett, Nella Walker and Sidney Bracey. Roy William Nell is the director.

LAST TWO-DAYS AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.



SPRINGTIME WAS HIS LOVETIME!



THE TWO "W'S"

In "Cockeyed Cavaliers"

The famous infirmity, kleptomania, provides much of the joyous action in "COCKEYED CAVALIERS" Bert Wheeler and Robert Woolsey's gay musical comedy.

"Wheeler is seen as a medieval vagabond whose kleptomaniac tendencies lead him and his partner into a maze of misunderstandings and misadventures which Woolsey endeavours to straighten out in hilarious fashion. The comics do their singing, dancing, romancing and joking in early European costumes against medieval backgrounds, while their wisecracks and practical jokes are 1934 "vital-fresh" ultra-modern and brand new.

Dorothy Lee, as the comedy daughter of a commoner who is trying to evade a family-arranged marriage with a Duke, carries a sweet romance with Bert Wheeler. Thelma Todd, a Baron's wife and Robert Woolsey are mirthful in their complicated love-making.

Under Mark Sandrich's direction, which won him a Motion Picture Academy award, "COCKEYED CAVALIERS" is a musical-comedy with a smooth-running continuity in which the dances, comedy, songs, lyrics and common sounds are part of the story. The film also features two popular songs with hit proportions; namely, "I Love to Dilly Dally" and "I Went Hunting" by Will Jason and Val Burton of "Penthouse Serenade" and "Isn't This a Night For Love" fame.

Elissa Landi's first film under her new Paramount contract will be Enter Madame, with Henry Wilcoxon as her leading man.

Jackie Coogan is being tested for the leading role in Tallspin Tommy, the central character of which is drawn from an American comic strip.

AT THE QUEEN'S

Hollywood Party

Litling music, and gorgeous girls, hilarious comedy, spectacular settings and costumes, a few thrills, and a romance—these are the ingredients of which Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer has fashioned the much-talked-of "Hollywood Party" opening on Sunday at the Queen's Theatre.

The picture, a multi-star extravaganza, brings to the screen an entirely new form of entertainment, in that a logical dramatic story including a love romance, is shown, and into it are woven all the novelties of a musical show, each injected as an integral part of the drama itself.

The play deals with the plot of Jimmy Durante, playing "Schnarzan" jungle star, to get lions for his picture from Baron Munchausen (Jack Pearl). The real owners of the lions turn up in the persons of Laurel and Hardy; Jimmy's rival, "Londora" comes to a party given for the Baron, disguised as a grand duke, and plots with an old millionaire (Charles Butterworth) to obtain the lions.

So Jimmy vamps the old man's wife (Polly Moran) with unexpected results. "Lupe" Velaz "crashes" the party for a hilarious sequence with Laurel and Hardy, who loose a lion and stampede the party, whereupon the great "Schnarzan" vanquishes the big cat.

Fifteen hundred of Hollywood's most beautiful girls, spectacular cellophane costumes, great settings, the remarkable "Musical Wall" in which an orchestra is suspended in mid-air, and other spectacle abounds.

The romance is between Julie Clyde and Eddie Quillan. The picture has another novelty in the appearance of the cartoon, Mickey Mouse, with human actors, and a special "Silly Symphony" concocted by Walt Disney specially for this production.

UNIVERSAL PICTURE



Margaret Sullivan in
"LITTLE MAN, WHAT NOW?"
with DOUGLASS MONTGOMERY
Fred Kohler, Alan Hale, Mae Marsh, George Meeker, Muriel Kirkland, De Witt Jennings, Hodge Hopper.

WONDER BAR

For The Alhambra

Out-doing all previous sensational combinations of stars and spectacles, First National's long awaited international musical drama, "Wonder Bar," will be presented at the Alhambra Theatre now.

Kay Francis plays the leading feminine role opposite Al Jolson, who portrays the proprietor of the "Wonder Bar." Ricardo Cortez and Dolores Del Rio have the coveted parts of the two dancers, while Dick Powell and Henry Kolker have the roles of the American composer—orchestra leader and the husband of Kay Francis, respectively. Hal LeRoy, the sensational Broadway player plays the role of himself in a thrilling dance sequence.

Guy Kibbee and Hugh Herbert play the two American tourists with Ruth Donnelly and Louise Fazenda as their wives, in important comedy and character roles. Robert Barrat has the part of the army officer, who drives his auto over a cliff and unconsciously covers up a murder. Fifi d'Orsay and Merna Kennedy will be seen as the two flirtatious hostesses in the fashionable Parisian night club.

As "Wonderbar," this unique musical proved an international sensation a few years ago. It played for months in all of Europe's capital and was brought to this country as a stage-starring vehicle for Al Jolson. He took it on the road after a season in New York and no production since.

TO-DAY AT THE CINEMA

HONG KONG.

KING'S:—
"Springtime For Henry"
QUEEN'S:—
"Wild Gold"
CENTRAL:—
"Heads we go"
ORIENTAL:—
"Madame Butterfly"

KOWLOON.

ALHAMBRA:—
"The 9th Guest"
MAJESTIC:—
"King Of The Arena"
STAR:—
"The Women In His Life"

Coming

KING'S:—
"Little Man, What Now?"
QUEEN'S:—
"Hollywood Party"
CENTRAL:—
"The Only Girl"
ORIENTAL:—
"Hips Hips Hooray"
ALHAMBRA:—
"Top Speed"
STAR:—
"Queen Christina"

MAJESTIC THEATRE

Nathan Road Kowloon. Tel. 572
10-DAY & TO-MORROW
At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.

Ken MAYNARD



KING OF THE ARENA

ORIENTAL THEATRE

2 DAYS ONLY—TO-DAY & TO-MORROW
HERE YOU WILL SEE
SCREEN ART IN ALL ITS GLORY.
THE MOST MAGNIFICENT
PHOTO PLAY EVER PRODUCED.



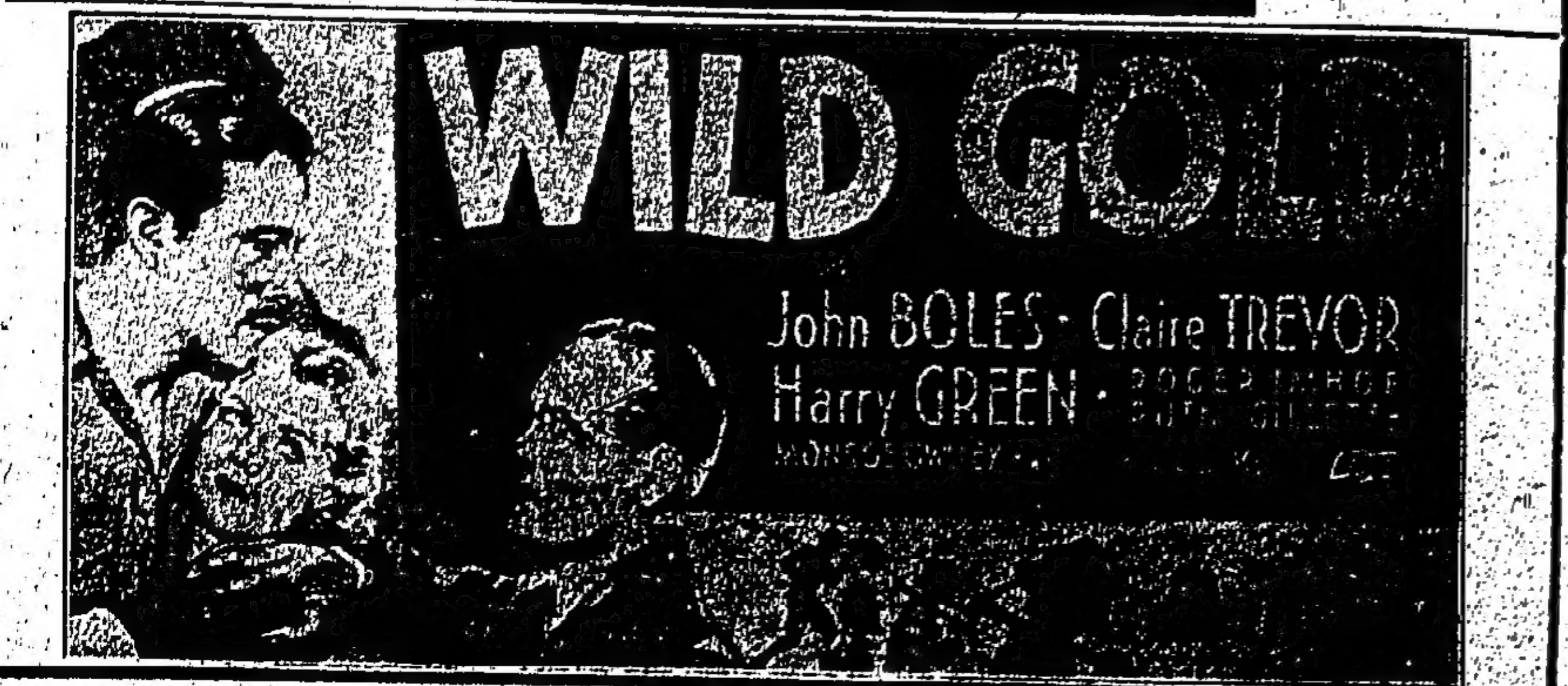
ONE OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST ROMANCES
OF A NOBLE, UNSELFISH LOVE!
Played to the hilt in the matchless passion of Sylvia Sydney's greatest performance.

"The Miracle" has been so generally and so generously welcomed. A few months ago First National acquired the screen rights to the production and proceeded at once to make extensive plans for its presentation as the greatest film spectacle of modern times.

It is said that the screen version of "Wonder Bar" returns to some extent to the European script which was considerably altered for the American stage production. This increases the importance of the roles played by the long list of stars assigned to the picture.

Busby Berkeley, creator of the musical numbers that featured "Gold Diggers of 1933"—"42nd Street" and "Footlight Parade," created and staged the special musical spectacles on a scale never before attempted even in these previous successes. Berkeley's ability for sensational departures from the ordinary in camera work has made screen history in the past year.

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW GILLIS

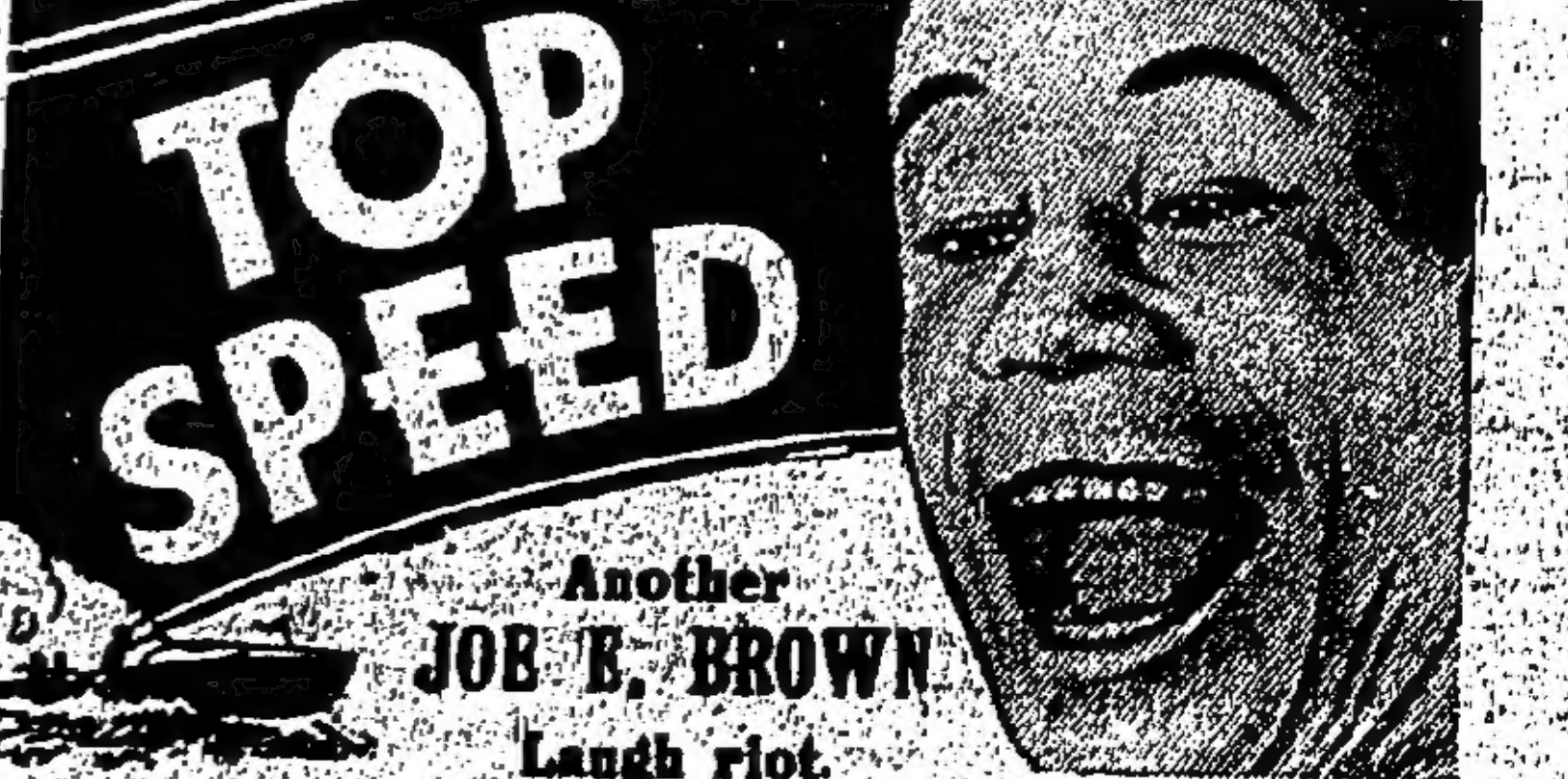


The Real Reason
Diner: "I can't eat this soup."
Walter: "I'll call the manager."
Diner (when manager arrives):
"This soup, I can't eat it."
Manager: "I regret that. I'll fetch the chef."
Diner (when chef arrives): "I can't eat this soup."
Chef: "What's the matter with it?"
Diner: "Nothing. I haven't a spoon!"

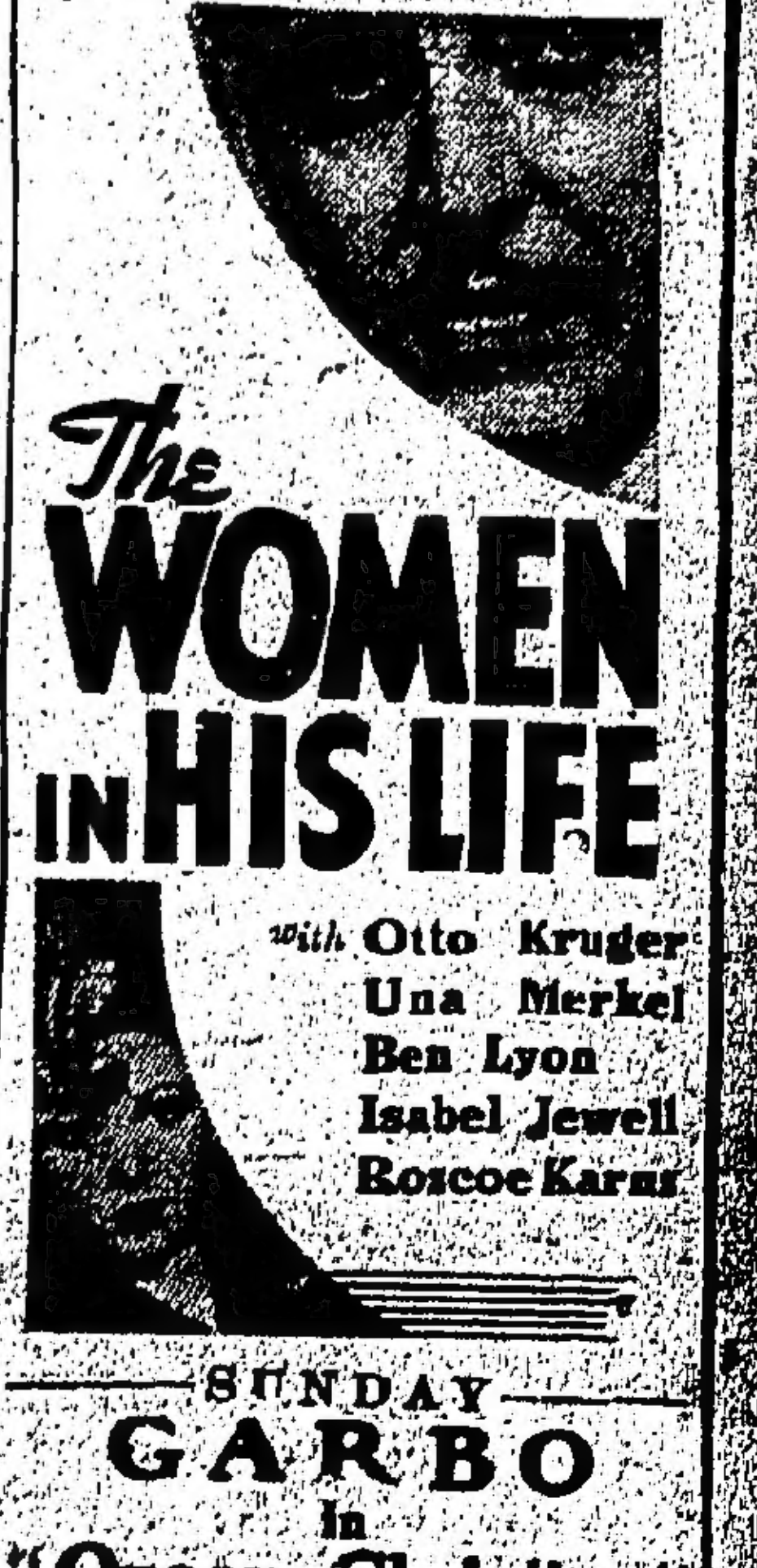
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW ALHAMBRA



Also KRAZY KAT CARTOON & MUSICAL NOVELTY



STAR TO-DAY & TO-MORROW



SUNDAY GARBO in "Queen Christina"

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choice of champions!

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For Cricket, Tennis, Badminton, for every active game—"Gripu" Trousers are superior to all others. They are the choice of champions everywhere, because they do not restrict in the slightest the free supple movements of the body.

"Gripu" Trousers are cut with ample fullness in all the usual fittings, and are tailored to perfection in nice shades of grey Flannel.

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MEN'S OUTFITTING DEPT.
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.**BUDGETTING FOR A DEFICIT OF \$1,890,452****GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN DEALS
WITH DEPRESSION IN TRADE****WORK ON SHING MUN DAM TO PROCEED AS
PER SCHEDULE****No New Taxation For
Next Year**

I would not have it thought, Sir, that I am pessimistic as to the Colony's future. Our present circumstances are one more instance of the fact that world depressions strike Hong Kong later than elsewhere with a correspondingly later recovery. We cannot deny that in the early years of the depression we suffered less than most other places; now we are feeling the full effect of the slump and our hope lies in the fact that some other places are already on the upward grade. Our turn must come, though conditions peculiar to Hong Kong may make our recovery painfully slow."

The above words were used by the Colonial Secretary, the Hon. Sir Thomas Southern when he introduced the Budget yesterday. Sir Thomas stated that Government was budgeting for a deficit of \$1,890,452, which will be met from the surplus balances of the Colony. He said that all new public works, except those which are regarded as essential have to be postponed. Provision however, was made for a total of \$7,727,579 for the coming year and in this connection, the Colonial Secretary said "the Colony can be congratulated on being able to finance so large a programme of works at a time of serious depression without any increase of taxation."

A reference was made to the impending retirement of the Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe and of Mr. H. K. Holmes. A very warm tribute was paid by Sir Thomas on the service which Mr. Wolfe had rendered the Colony. The tribute was received with applause by the Council.

Amongst the announcements under the different headings, it was stated that no provision has been made for next year in respect of the subsidy to Commercial aviation. "This represents," said Sir Thomas, "no change in the policy of the Government, but as there is still no immediate prospect of the subsidy being required, it has been considered inexpedient to continue to burden the Estimates with the amount of the subsidy."

The estimated expenditure in 1935 upon the Shing Mun Gorge Dam is \$2,400,000 and it is hoped that by the end of that year the dam will have been brought 180 feet above the foundations.

**Minimum Of Public Works
To Cost Almost Eight Million**

His Excellency the Governor, Sir William Peel, K.C.M.G., K.B.E., presided and there were present:—

His Excellency the General Officer Commanding the Troops, Major General O. C. Borrett, C.B., C.M.G., C.B.E., D.S.O.

The Hon. The Col. Secretary Sir Thomas Southern, K.B.E., C.M.G.

The Hon. The Attorney General Mr. R. E. Lindsay.

The Hon. The Secretary for Chinese Affairs Mr. N. L. Smith.

The Hon. The Col. Treasurer, Mr. Edwin Taylor.

The Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe, C.M.G. (Inspector General of Police).

The Hon. Comd. G. F. Hole, R.N. (Retired) Harbour Master.

The Hon. Dr. A. R. Wellington, C.M.G. (Director of Medical and Sanitary Services).

The Hon. Mr. R. M. Henderson (Director of Public Works).

The Hon. Sir William Shenton, K.C.

The Hon. Mr. C. Gordon Mackie.

The Hon. Mr. R. H. Kowalew, C.M.G., LL.D.

The Hon. Mr. S. W. Tso, O.B.E., LL.D.

The Hon. Mr. T. N. Chau.

The Hon. Mr. J. Owen Hughes.

The Hon. Mr. W. H. Bell.

Mr. H. R. Butters (Clerk of Council).

THE BUDGET

The Colonial Secretary took exactly one hour to introduce the Budget. He said:—

I rise by our Excellency's command to move the first reading of a Bill intitled "An Ordinance to apply a sum not exceeding \$26,324,219 to the Public Service of the year 1935."

There are certain minor alterations to which I would invite attention in the form in which the Budget for next year is presented. Two new appendices, (A) and (B), show the distribution of the Senior Clerical and Accounting Staff and Junior Clerical Services respectively. The distribution is that for which provision is made in the Budget, but it will be found in practice impossible strictly to adhere to it, especially in the case of the Senior Clerical and Accounting Staff in view of the leave movements of officers domiciled outside the Colony. The distribution of Public Works Department General Staff, formerly Appendix I,

is now shown under Appendix II (A), and Appendix V (C)—Details of Public Works Staff paid from Loan Funds—becomes Appendix II (B). The other appendices have been re-numbered and those dealing with the calculation of Defence Contribution and Expenditure from Loan have been remodelled and expanded with a view to greater clarity. As summarized in the Budget debate last year the Government House and City Development Scheme has become a self-contained financial unit the details of which are set out in a new Appendix VII. The Ordinance giving legislative sanction for the creation of this fund appears on the agenda of to-day's meeting of this Council and the reasons for treating the scheme in this way are fully set out in its Objects and Reasons.

I now turn to the Budget itself. As the preamble to the Appropriation Ordinance states, the expenditure of \$26,324,219 which you are now asked to vote is in addition to the contribution to the Imperial Government in aid of Military Expenditure and to the Charges on account of Public Debt. These sums in respect of 1935 are estimated at \$4,741,452 and \$1,410,431 respectively, a total of \$6,151,883; and I propose to add this sum to the \$26,324,219 in order that the total estimated expenditure during 1935 may be clearly apprehended and easily compared with the expenditure figure for the current year, and these figures weighed against the estimated revenue for 1934 and 1935. Including this \$6,151,883 the total estimated expenditure in respect of 1935 is \$32,476,102. The estimated revenue for 1935 is \$30,585,650 so that we are budgeting for a deficit of \$1,890,452 to be met from the surplus balances of the Colony.

SAVINGS IN EXPENDITURE

In connection with these figures I would invite attention to the estimate of the financial position at 31st December, 1935, shown in Appendix IV, page 116, and to the very full memorandum on the financial position for which I am indebted to my honourable friend the Colonial Treasurer. In view of this memorandum which honourable members will be able to study at leisure I shall not take up the time of the Council over

unnecessary detail but shall confine my remarks on the general financial position to a few comments on the more salient features. The surplus balances of the Colony on 1st January of this year stood at \$13,823,625. The estimated surplus at that date as shown in Appendix III of the printed estimates for 1934 was \$13,309,601. Savings in expenditure, largely due to the higher rate of exchange, had more than counterbalanced the decrease in revenue and the Government's financial position was consequently better than had been anticipated. The estimated expenditure for the current year including \$100,000 in respect of the Government House and City Development Scheme was \$33,442,895 and the estimated revenue \$31,731,625. The revised figures are Expenditure, \$30,893,000 and Revenue, \$29,870,634. From these figures it will be seen that it is anticipated that by the end of this year the surplus balances will be reduced to \$12,601,259 and that revenue will have fallen more than \$2,000,000 below the estimate for 1934.

These two points have been the major factors in the framing of the Budget for 1935; a third important factor has been the rate of exchange.

THE EXCHANGE

I will deal with the third factor first. The rate adopted for 1932 was 1s. 6d., for 1933 1s. 2d. and for 1934 1s. 3d. representing a slow but fairly steady appreciation in the value of the local dollar. The Government has adopted 1s. 4d., an advance of 1d. over the rate for 1934, in respect of next year. This may be considered by some to be unduly conservative in view of the fact that the dollar at present stands in the neighbourhood of 1s. 6d. but Honourable Members will remember that it was only four and a half months ago that the dollar, having gradually appreciated, to that figure, fell suddenly to 1s. 4d. In view of the fluctuations in the rate of the dollar which have already occurred this year, the uncertainty as to the future of silver, and the various influences to which the value of the dollar in terms of sterling is subject the Government has thought it safest to follow the policy of recent years and to fix the rate at 1s. 4d. As is shown in the "Abstract of Differences" with which Honourable Members have been supplied, a decrease in expenditure of \$438,198 on Personal Emoluments alone is directly due to this higher rate of exchange. If the dollar continues above 1s. 4d. there will, of course, be a further marked saving in sterling commitments especially in respect of the salaries of European Officers.

I now turn to the revenue for 1935. The causes of the falling off in revenue during the current year are referred to in the Treasurer's memorandum. At the present depression continue, there is no prospect of the revenue figure improving during 1935. The estimated revenue for next year is \$30,585,650. That figure includes, however, a windfall of nearly \$1,000,000. As explained in footnote (18) on page 10 of the Estimates before you the Government has for twelve years paid to Military Contribution. Suspense Account twenty per cent. of its profits on certain exchange transactions. These payments have accumulated until they amount to \$975,410. The War Office has now accepted the view of this Government that such profits are not liable to Military Contribution and this

sum will in due course be credited to the revenue for next year.

In view of the general depression from which the Colony is suffering the Government has made no attempt to meet the fall in revenue by increased taxation, but it has been out of the question to remit any of the existing taxation. In two matters, however, the Government has already granted concessions and is prepared to continue to do so as long as present conditions obtain. First a rebate of fifteen per cent subject to prompt payment of the account has been granted on all new accounts issued by the Government after 1st September, 1934, for excess consumption charges under the Waterworks Ordinance 1903 in respect of rated tenements, hospitals and charitable institutions.

Secondly the Government has adopted a generous attitude with regard to failure to comply with the terms of building covenants within the specified time and in all cases of genuine hardship free extension, or in the case of subsequent extensions, extensions at reduced rates, have been granted at considerable sacrifice to the revenue.

ENTREPOT TRADE

The Government envisages there fore an anticipated surplus balance of \$12,601,259 at the end of 1934 and an anticipated revenue of \$30,585,650 for 1935. There is no disguising the fact that the Colony is at the moment suffering from the effects of a very serious depression in trade. Honourable Members are only too well aware that our entrepot trade has fallen off to an alarming extent and that our manufacturers are finding it increasingly difficult to secure outlet for their produce in the face of the high duties with which almost every country of the world is seeking to protect its domestic industries. Our manufactures though comparatively speaking small in volume are far greater than many people realize and provide a livelihood for many thousands of our citizens. Even if a system of protection were possible in this Colony, local consumption alone could not maintain our factories. Our entrepot trade which I think Honourable Members will agree is our real raison d'être, is suffering severely from the general shrinkage of world trade. I have seen it stated that there has been a reduction of fifty per cent in the value of world trade since 1929. Here again protective tariffs have a great deal to answer for. Each country is trying to live on itself and the more it succeeds the greater must be the reduction in international trade on which a great part like Hong Kong so largely depends. One hopes that is but a passing phase of world history but while it continues Hong Kong must inevitably suffer. We have in addition our own local difficulties in the unstable conditions in China, which is our closest neighbour and largest customer. I am informed that business with China was never more difficult than at present for to political and financial troubles has been added the hindrance

of a high protective tariff. So difficult has our position become that in answer to a strong feeling throughout the Colony Your Excellency has appointed a Commission known as the Economic Commission to enquire into the causes and effects of the present trade depression in Hong Kong and make recommendations for the amelioration of the existing position and for the improvement of the trade of the Colony. This Commission, under the chairmanship of Mr. Breen, includes some of the leading business men of the Colony together with the Superintendent of Imports and Exports and His Britannic Majesty's Trade Commissioner, and is now actively engaged on its enquiry. It is the earnest hope of the Government that it may be to evolve some scheme which will lighten the burden of the depression which now weighs on the Colony.

AN ANXIOUS TASK

I would not have it thought, Sir, that I am pessimistic as to the Colony's future. Our present circumstances are one more instance of the fact that world depressions strike Hong Kong later than elsewhere with a correspondingly later recovery. We cannot deny that in the early years of the depression we suffered less than most other places; now, we are feeling the full effect of the slump, and our hope lies in the fact that some other places are already on the upward grade. Our turn must come, though conditions peculiar to Hong Kong may make our recovery painfully slow.

In an atmosphere such as now exists Honourable Members will realize that the framing of the estimates of expenditure has been an anxious task. It has been stated that the correct course in these difficult times is "to take the short view but plan long." The Government's interpretation of this principle has been that we should refrain as far as possible from interfering with those essential services on which the health, security and general well-being of the community depend. I should seek retrenchment in the curtailment of capital expenditure on public works which, however desirable in themselves, can be postponed with less detriment than would follow from retrenchment in the organizations which look after the general welfare of the Colony. We wish to retain our governmental machine as little impaired as possible so that we may be ready to move forward as soon as improved circumstances permit.

APPEAL TO RATE-PAYERS

The estimated expenditure for 1935 exclusive of Public Works Extraordinary and the final payment for the Naval Arsenal Yard is \$28,976,652, a reduction of \$774,093 from the approved estimates for 1934. There are reductions on twenty-three out of the thirty-three heads concerned, and where there are increases they are due to demands which the Government felt unable to resist. I shall deal with some of these increases in more detail in a later part of my

(Continued on Page 7)

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NO PROVISION FOR COMMERCIAL AVIATION

(Continued from Page 6)

remarks. A slump does not necessarily mean less work in Government Departments and indeed in some cases it increases their work. My Honourable friend the Colonial Treasurer has drawn my attention to one such case for he tells me he is experiencing difficulty in the collection of rates. Hitherto these have been paid with commendable speed and the number of late payers has not been out of proportion to the total. Ratepayers are now beginning to be more dilatory in payment, resulting in more reminders having to be despatched. This quarter, some 9,000 applications were despatched, out of a total of about 29,000 on the roll. This means a large increase in work, including searches of Land Office registers, much correspondence, and in some cases, resort to legal proceedings. Some years ago, an Assistant Crown Solicitor was attached to the Treasury with two clerks and the names of all defaulters were turned over to him to deal with. By arrangement with the Crown Solicitor, the Treasury took over the great part of this work and much overlapping and expenditure were saved. If, however, the number of late payers continues, steps will have to be taken to speed up collection. Several alternatives present themselves of which the two most feasible are: (a) an increase in the rate with a corresponding decrease in payment is tendered within the legal period provided in the Rating Ordinance, (b) a surcharge in the case of delayed payments. Another alternative is an increase in the present Treasury staff, or the re-appointment of an Assistant Crown Solicitor to be attached to the Treasury with his staff and provision of office accommodation. It is hoped, therefore, that ratepayers will help the Government by paying promptly and so save extra expenditure which in its turn has to be met by increased taxation.

NAVAL ARSENAL YARD

Before dealing with the Public Works Extraordinary Vote I would ask Honourable Members to note that the sum of \$500,000 has again been inserted to pay the final instalment to the Admiralty in respect of the Naval Arsenal Yard and Kellie Island. Payment has been in abeyance for the last twelve months and the exact date of payment is still under correspondence with the Secretary of State for the Colonies, but is not unlikely to fall within the next financial year.

The Public Works Extraordinary vote has been reduced from \$3,591,950 in 1934 to \$2,599,450 in 1935. For the details of this expenditure I would refer Honourable Members to the memorandum supplied by my Honourable friend the Director of Public Works. A perusal of this memorandum will indicate the lines on which the Government has worked. We have endeavoured to carry on expeditiously our already heavy programme of commitments most of which are for works long overdue but we have inevitably been forced to postpone all new works except those which are regarded as essential. Of these I assume there will be no differences of opinion about the need for the Trade School which the Building Contractors' Association has generously offered to construct at cost price. I invite attention to subheads 33 and 50—Yards for storage of sand. This expenditure has been forced on the Government by the rapid exhaustion of the sand supplies of the Colony and the work is to be undertaken in pursuance of a scheme for conserving sand supplies for the benefit of consumers within the Colony. A Bill to give effect to the new scheme will be laid before the Council at an early date. It is anticipated that the scheme will not only pay for itself but will bring in a small addition to the revenue when it is in full operation. Of the major works which have been postponed because they had not reached a point at which delay was impracticable I refer with special regret to the new market at Wanchai and the new Government quarters on May Road.

In spite of the heavy pruning of the Public Works Extraordinary vote there remains an expenditure of nearly \$3,000,000 and when to this is added the estimated expenditure of \$4,727,679 from loan funds I think the Colony can be congratulated on being able to finance so large a programme of works at a time of serious depression without any increase of taxation.

It has not been possible to ac-

complish this result without encroaching on our surplus balances to the extent of \$1,890,452 thereby reducing our estimated surplus at the end of 1935 to \$10,710,807. Some Honourable Members may think this reserve excessive but I would ask them to remember that our heavy commitments run on far beyond 1935 and it is essential to keep funds in reserve if we are to be able to carry out our major works to completion. I should indeed view the future with some misgiving were it not that we have certain sources of revenue which we have not yet been able to tap. Among these I would refer specially to the Naval Arsenal Yard, part of the Victoria Gaol site, part of the Government Civil Hospital site, the Kowloon Tsal Development and the North Point reclamation. From the sale of these areas we hope in course of time to replenish our depleted balances and when our present commitments are liquidated we hope then to be in a position to embark on some of these many works the postponement of which is no less disappointing to the Government than it is to the general public.

I do not propose to deal at any length with the details of the Heads of Expenditure on which I would refer Honourable Members to the very full footnotes in the printed Estimates. There are however certain points on which Honourable Members may wish to have further information.

HEAD 2.—COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE

The anticipated retirement of certain Class I Cadet officers in the near future necessitates the recruitment of two new Cadets. As Honourable Members are aware officers of the Colonial Administrative Service now undergo one year's training in England before proceeding abroad so that with the two years spent in Canton in the study of Chinese it is three years from the date of recruitment before an officer becomes available for departmental work. The two "unpassed Cadets in training" referred to in the current Estimates have arrived in the Colony and proceeded to Canton, increasing the number of unpassed Cadets in Canton from three to five. They will be replaced by the two "unpassed Cadets in training" whom it is now proposed to recruit.

There are three new posts provided under Class VI. (b) Junior Clerical Service. Although these clerks appear in the departmental Estimates of the C.S.O. they are really intended as a pool from which officers may be drawn to relieve clerks in other departments absent on sick or casual leave in cases where the departments have not sufficient staff adequately to carry on their work in the absence of the officers on leave.

HEAD 3.—SECRETARIAT FOR CHINESE AFFAIRS

A new post—Inspector of Mui Tsal—appears. It has been customary in the past for the inspection of mui tsal to be carried out by a senior Sub-Inspector seconded from the Police. The officer at present seconded has done good work in the post for several years but would in the natural course of events revert to the Police next year and it has been considered desirable, in view of the importance of the work, that the specialised experience which he has gained therein and his aptitude for the duties of a post which calls for considerable tact and discretion, should not be wasted. The Government, therefore, on the advice of the Secretary for Chinese Affairs, proposes to transfer this officer to the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs as Inspector of Mui Tsal on a salary scale equivalent to that of an Inspector of Police. A reduction of one Sub-Inspector has been made in the Police Estimates in respect of this transfer.

HEAD 4.—TREASURY

The Acting Colonial Secretary commented in his Budget speech last year in connection with the personal emoluments vote for the Treasury on the obscurity resulting from the allocation of general staff such as Cadet officers and clerical officers to individual departments and some explanation seems required in respect of the Estimates for 1935 when it is sought to compare them with those of 1934. The Acting Treasurer, Cadet Officer Class I, has reverted to Postmaster General. There remains provision for three Cadet Officers Class II, as in 1934. One of these is at present on leave. In addition to the two Cadet officers Class II normally employed at the Treasury, as Assistant Treasurers, the Treasurer proposes next year

temporarily to increase the number of his Cadet assistants by one who will act as Superintendent of the Stamp Office during the leave of the officer of the Senior Clerical and Accounting Staff who normally fills that post.

It is proposed also to increase the number of Assistant Assessors from one to two. One additional Assistant is considered essential if assessments are to be carried out in a manner which is fair both to the ratepayers and to the revenue. Making deductions for chargeable water and passing for payment refunds on account of vacant tenements have considerably increased the work of the Assessor's office.

HEAD 6.—DISTRICT OFFICE, NORTH

The District Office, North under the system referred to in my remarks on the Treasury has to provide for two Cadet Officers Class II, one of whom is at present on leave although there is no prospect of more than one Cadet officer being employed at any one time in the District Office, North, during 1935. An additional Land Bailiff is also shown, one officer at present being on leave. This is an increase in establishment. The approved establishment of Land Bailiffs is nine of whom six (including two Senior Land Bailiffs) are attached to the Public Works Department, two to the District Office, North and one to the District Office, South. These officers are interchangeable among the Departments mentioned but two are normally required by the District Office, North. As the total number is insufficient to allow of the transfer of an officer from the Public Works Department to replace the officer on leave it has been found necessary in view of such leave movements to increase the cadre from nine to ten. On the return of the officer on leave from the District Office, North, the third Land Bailiff will be transferred as a relief to the Public Works Department.

HEAD 8.—POST OFFICE AND WIRELESS

Two new posts one Assistant Superintendent of Mails and one Motor Driver are shown, for the Kowloon Branch Office and under Special Expenditure provision is made for the purchase of a motor mail van for Kowloon and the New Territories. Pending the provision of a new permanent Post Office in Kowloon which has had to be deferred owing to the financial condition of the Colony, the premises previously occupied by Messrs. Alex Ross & Company as a garage will be used as a temporary Post Office. It will be observed that under Sub-Head 8—Rent of Branch Offices—\$4,000 additional is provided for next year. This is really an interdepartmental payment as the land on which the Garage stands is railway land and the \$4,000 will be paid to the Kowloon-Canton Railway. It is hoped that the additional expenditure referred to will go some way to meet the desires of the residents of Kowloon for increased postal facilities.

A personal allowance of £50 per annum to the Superintendent of Mails was granted with the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies from the date of the death of the senior Assistant Superintendent of Mails. It has been continued in anticipation of the Secretary of State for the Colonies' further approval.

Owing to the obscurity as to the immediate future of the Government wireless telegraph services there is practically no change in respect of Wireless Services for next year.

HEAD 9.—IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

The partial re-arming of Revenue Officers with Webley-Scott revolvers has become necessary owing to the gradual deterioration of the weapons now in use some of which have already been condemned as unserviceable.

HEAD 10.—HARBOUR DEPARTMENT AND AIR SERVICES

There are certain re-groupings under Harbour Department, which, while they complicate the departmental Estimates for 1935, will simplify those of future years. A large increase is shown in Special Expenditure but this is mainly due to the provision of launches and launch engines for other departments such as the Police and the Imports and Exports Department. It will be observed that Sub-Head 20—New Launch to replace H.D. 1—\$10,000 is a re-vote. The delay in construction is due to certain experiments which had to be carried out in the Model Tank at the National Physics La-

boratory at Teddington. As stated in the footnote to Sub-Head 25 the present boat at Tai O has been condemned. A motor boat is essential for patrolling and searching duty at Tai O and outlying districts including Tung Chung. The existing Police Launch No. 9 (Sub-Head 26) is now due for replacement. It was built in 1922 at a Chinese Yard and purchased from stock, the boiler only being built to Government specification, at a time of urgent necessity when piracy was rampant in local waters. The launch has never been up to the standard of the remainder of the fleet and has required constant attention to maintain a reasonable state of efficiency. The existing No. 1 Police Launch, the replacement of which is provided under Sub-Head 27, is a wooden vessel built in 1900. It is not equipped with wireless telegraphy and has ceased to be seaworthy in other than fair weather. Provision was made in the Estimates for 1930 to replace this launch but as some doubt was entertained as to whether a vessel of the type which could be built for the sum of \$100,000 provided would satisfy the requirements of the Police Department, certain repairs were carried out on the existing launch and the work of building a new launch was not proceeded with. A sum of \$250,000 was included in the draft estimates for the current year for a new No. 1 Police Launch with 3 pounder gun, wireless telegraphy and searchlight and capable of cruising in rough weather. Owing to financial stringency however the item was deleted. The existing launch, owing to her age, is restricted in her movements and cannot patrol the full extent of her beat, particularly in Mrs. Bay, in rough or unsettled weather. Her usefulness for anti-piracy work is therefore considerably curtailed. Of the other Police Launches Nos. 2, 3 and 4, only one, No. 4 is a fast vessel and it is most desirable that there should be two of this type to cover the waters to the East and West of the Colony respectively. It is proposed to build the new vessel with internal combustion engines giving a speed of about thirteen knots. In view of the increasing unseaworthiness of the present launch it is desirable that it should be replaced before the next typhoon season and the sanction of the Secretary of State for the Colonies has been obtained for work to be commenced this autumn. It is estimated that \$70,000 will be required for this purpose during the current year, leaving a balance of \$180,000 for 1935.

It will be observed under "Merchant Marine Office" that it has been found necessary to create a new post of Assistant Shipping Master while the Chinese Head Clerk (Class I) who retired in May of this year after thirty-four years service has not been replaced. The application to the Colony of the provisions of the Merchant Shipping (Safety and Load Line Conventions) Act 1932 is expected to add considerably to the duties and responsibilities of the officer holding the post of Deputy Shipping Master, and it is essential that a qualified officer should be available to act for the Deputy Shipping Master during the latter's absence on leave. It has been possible in the past to dispense with such relief by means of the temporary appointment of a retired Master Mariner resident in the Colony whose services are no longer available or by the secondment of a Boarding Officer. The staff of Boarding Officers has, however, been reduced by one as a result of the adoption of a recommendation of the Retrenchment Commission and it can no longer supply the necessary relief.

In view of the defalcations at the Government Gunpowder Depot at Green Island it has been found necessary to put a more responsible officer in charge and an officer on a sterling scale replaces the locally recruited officer who absconded.

(B)—AIR SERVICES

The Government, after careful consideration, has decided to discontinue the subsidy to the Flying Club and to devote the whole of the annual subsidy of \$30,000 to the training of Volunteers in flying and the maintenance of the flying efficiency of Volunteers already trained. The Government is prepared to continue the subsidy in respect of any present member of the Flying Club who has actually commenced flying but has not obtained the A Certificate up to a total of fifteen hours flying for each such member. While the Government is anxious to en-

courage air-mindedness in the Colony it is considered that, so far as the expenditure of public funds is concerned this end can be achieved more properly by training members of the Volunteer Corps in flying than by subsidising a Club which includes ladies and non-British subjects among its flying members.

COMMERCIAL AVIATION

No provision has been made for next year in respect of the subsidy to Commercial Aviation. This represents no change in the policy of Government but as there is still no immediate prospect of the subsidy being required it has been considered inexpedient to continue to burden the Estimates with the amount of the subsidy. The vote for the upkeep of the Aerodrome has been increased by \$1,000 and retransferred to this Head from Public Works Recurrent. During the current year it has been found necessary to purchase a motor roller and a fire engine for the Aerodrome and the Estimates show certain increases under "Other Charges" and "Personal Emoluments" consequent upon these purchases.

HEAD 11.—ROYAL OBSERVATORY

A reduction is shown under "Other Charges." Under "Special Expenditure" it is regretted that provision had to be deleted from the draft Estimates for a Schuster Smith coil for the determination of horizontal magnetic force. It was considered that the purchase of this instrument which costs \$325 would have to await more favourable financial conditions.

In regard to the allowances to computers for magnetic observation at \$200 each I would state that the Director Royal Observatory is attempting to train local officers on his present staff to the necessary degree of proficiency as Magnetic Observers in the hope that this will obviate the need of employing another professional assistant to take exclusive charge of the Au Tau Magnetic Station.

The allowance of \$240 per annum to the Hong Kong Wharf & Godown Co., is for hoisting the signals of the non-local code over their premises. These signals were previously hoisted by the Harbour Department at Signal Hill, Kowloon, but were discontinued owing to shortage of staff. The Company has hoisted the local signals free of cost to Government for a number of years. Non-local signals are considerably more complicated and the payment proposed to cover the Company's financial outlay is considered reasonable.

HEAD 12.—FIRE BRIGADE

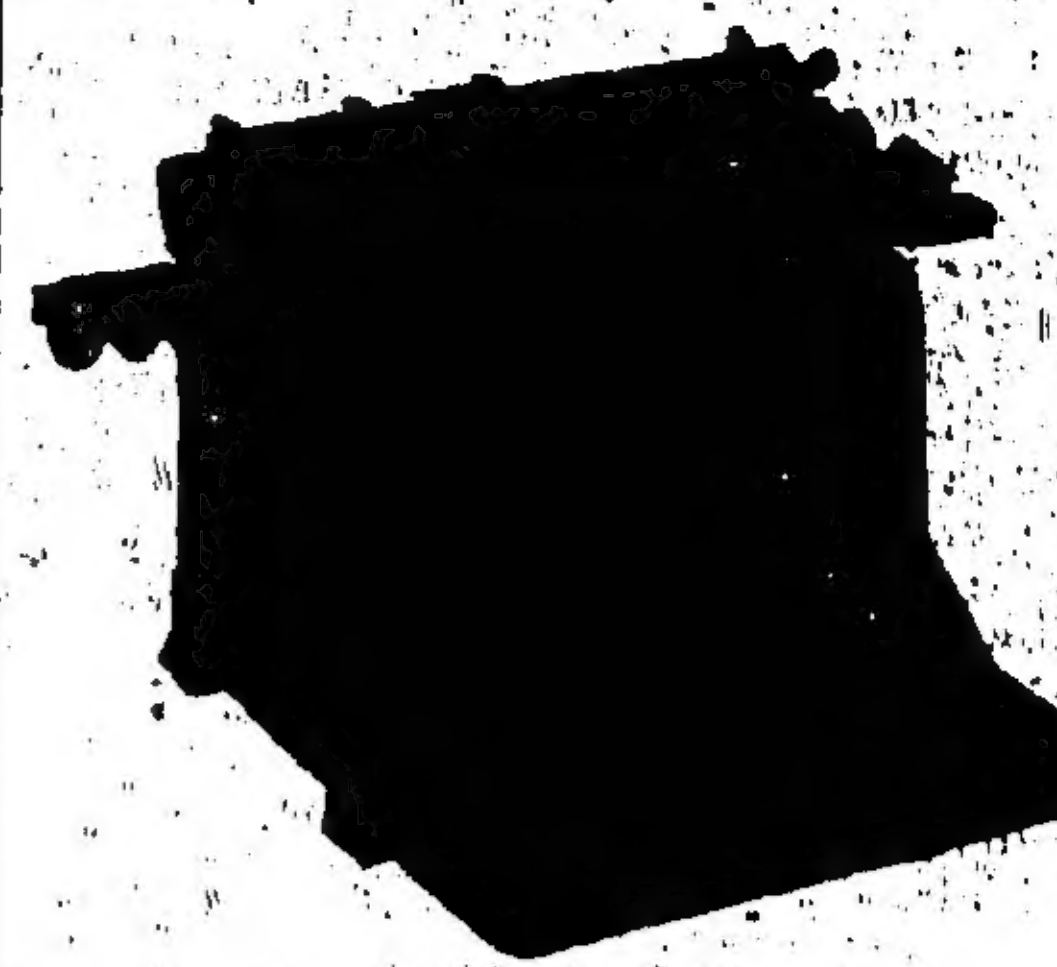
I would refer to the revision of ambulances under Sub-Head 14. It is considered desirable to unify the Government Ambulance work under one Department. The Fire Brigade at the present time does all the ambulance work except in the cases of lepers and mendicants where wheeled ambulances, hand propelled, are supplied by the Sanitary Department which has thirty-three such ambulances and six carrying ambulances. It is considered that two suitably fitted small motor cars, one on either side of the Harbour, would suffice for the work and enable the wheeled hand ambulances to be dispensed with. The Motor Ambulance (Sub-Head 15) is to replace one of the large Albion Ambulances purchased in 1921. The chassis of the ambulances is obsolete and any spare parts required have to be specially made. Provision is made for charge allowances to four Chinese Sub-Officers at \$180 each. Owing to the shortage of Europeans in the Brigade it is necessary to put Chinese Sub-Officers in charge of certain Sub-Stations. These men perform the same duties as a European Assistant Station Officer would perform in charge of a Station. As the employment of Chinese Sub-Officers for the work obviates the necessity of increasing the European establishment provision of such charge allowances is considered equitable and economical.

The provision of three ambulance dressers in 1934 has proved a success and has led to greater efficiency in the Brigade for the relief of Sub-Officers for purely fire duties. It is considered desirable to recruit three more for 1935. There will then be sufficient ambulance dressers to man the Hong Kong and Kowloon Ambulances.

LEGAL DEPARTMENTS

That able and devoted Government servant, the Crown Solicitor who attains the age of 60 next year, is proceeding on leave in the Spring prior to retirement and I take this opportunity of placing (Continued on Page 11)

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[2822]

UNIVERSITY OF HONGKONG.

NOTICE.

THE Autumn Term will commence
on Wednesday, September 12th.
The Accounts will be in attendance
for the receipt of fees daily at
the General Office from Tuesday, 11th
September, between the hours of 9
a.m. and 1 p.m.

STANLEY V. BOXER,
Acting Registrar.
6th September, 1934. [2815]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS
of the Sale by Public Auction to
be held on MONDAY, the 17th DAY
of SEPTEMBER, 1934, at 3 p.m., at
the Office of the Public Works Department,
by Order of His Excellency the
Governor, of One Lot of CROWN
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of Hong Kong, for a term of 21 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.		No. of Sale.		Boundary Measurements.		Annual Rental.		Expected Price.	
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Adjoining	17	Island Rd.							
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ANNOUNCEMENT.

The wedding of
Miss Jessie McPhail
to Mr. Kenneth F.
Noble, has been un-
avoidably postponed,
and will now take
place at St. Andrews'
Church, Kowloon, on
Saturday afternoon,
September 15th, at
4.30 p.m.

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The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, SEPTEMBER 14, 1934.

BRITAIN'S "BLACK-
COATS"

It was only recently that one
aspect of the unemployment
problem had received the attention
it deserves. It is that of the class
known as the "black-coated"
unemployed. At the worst period
of the unemployment problem, the
number of people registered in the
ranks was 3,000,000 but this has
since been brought down to 2,000,000
and the brightest spot in the
matter is that the numbers are
continuing to fall at a steady rate.
However, they include only the
workers whose wages are within
the amount covered by the state
insurance scheme—that is to say
persons whose earnings are not
more than £250 a year. Outside
this limit are large numbers now
destitute but little has been heard
of their sad plight. They include
clerks in business houses who have
been accustomed to earn a few
hundred pounds a year, men who
have held important administrative
positions with salaries ranging up
to £4,000 a year, skilled specialists
such as engineers, surveyors,
architects, analytical chemists or
electricians with first rate records.
It is estimated that more than
300,000 accustomed to earn more
than £500 a year are now without
any employment or claim to
insurance benefit and at least
100,000 of these have held highly
responsible executive positions.

It may be objected that such
persons ought to have made their
own provision against a rainy day.
But this overlooks the fact that the
value of invested savings, during
the trade slump has often been
reduced by 50 or 70 or 80 per cent.,
or even altogether destroyed.
Moreover in Great Britain this
class—the middle class—is required
to pay heavy taxes out of which
free education, free medical ser-
vices, and unemployment benefits
are provided for the poor, but it
gets none of these advantages for
its own members. The middle-
class man must pay large sums for
the education of his children if they
in their turn are to be equipped
to carry on professional and admini-
strative work. These are persons
now destitute, whom it is all the
more difficult to help because in
the majority of cases they have
suffered in silence. Too proud to
advertise their grievances, they
have removed from the comfortable
houses where they were well known
among their neighbours, have
taken their children away from
expensive schools, and have sub-
sisted no one can say how. But
their case is now recognized as a
national problem. An effort has
just been made in Parliament to
introduce into the Employment bill
a clause to insure, against unem-
ployment, workers receiving from
£250 to £500 a year. But even
this would not help those with
salaries above £500 a year.

The most hopeful aspect of the
problem is that men of this class
are usually those most capable of
devising means to help themselves.
They have already got together
and formed an Executive Employ-
ment Society which not only does
the work of energetically searching

LAND BAILIFF
ACCUSEDOf Assaulting
Woman

Before Mr. Lee at the Kowloon
Magistracy yesterday, further
evidence was recorded when the
hearing of the charge of assault
against William Gordon Routley,
Land Bailiff of the P.W.D., who is
alleged to have struck Lam Yuet-
fong, married woman, with a stone
by throwing it at her right leg
on July 20 at Po Kong Village,
was resumed.

Mr. Peter H. Sin, is appearing
for the complainant, while Mr.
Routley is conducting his own
case.

Cross-examined Mr. Routley
admitted that he was formerly a
member of the Hong Kong Police
Force and understood a fair
amount of Cantonese. Tse Fuk
was his coolie, employed by the
P.W.D., and had a fair knowledge
of English. Defendant admitted
that the coolie sometimes inter-
preted for him.

Defendant said he had the au-
thority under the Crown Lands
Ordinance to visit any private or
Crown Lands and he had had in-
structions from his immediate
head of department to visit the
complainant's shed, the papers
concerning which he could produce
at a moment's notice.

Referring to the day of the as-
sault defendant said he got angry
when the lady abused him. He
was very much surprised that the
permit had been issued without
his intermediary. He denied pick-
ing up any stone or throwing
such at anyone and said that the
complainant went willingly to the
Police Station.

"I had intended to charge her
with disorderly conduct, having
had some knowledge of criminal
law, from the moment she got
into my motor car," concluded
defendant. After further evidence
was taken the hearing was ad-
journed till Monday afternoon at
2.30 p.m.

THE MURDERED
JAPANESEChinese Official's
Statement

Tientsin, Sept. 13.
A Chinese official, interviewed,
asserts that the Japanese Army
contractor mentioned in yester-
day's message was murdered by
bandits after ignoring the Militia's
warning before his departure.

The man in question, Miyagoshi,
was murdered at Lintouin while
returning to Tongshan. It is
reported that the ire of the
Japanese residents at Tongshan
has been aroused and that the
incident may assume serious proportions.
—Reuter.

TYPHOON WARNING

The following typhoon warning
cable was received from Manila
by the American Consulate yester-
day the message being timed 3
p.m.

Typhoon in about 110 degrees
Long. E. and 20 degrees Lat. N.,
moving West-North-West.

Typhoon in about 142 degrees
Long. E. and 10 degrees Lat. N.,
moving West-North-West.

The Royal Observatory in Hong
Kong reported at 5.30 p.m. that the
typhoon was situated 120 miles
E.S.E. of Pratas Island, moving
W.N.W., and threatening the coast
near Hong Kong.

for vacancies for its members but
also starting new businesses. An-
other scheme is to start a co-
operative insurance association
through which workers may insure
themselves against unemployment.
Others are trying to start a system
of provident schemes in houses of
business under which employers
and employees contribute to a
fund to be used for various emer-
gencies. It is more and more
being felt that this is a national
issue of the first order. The plight
of the manual workers has never
for a moment been forgotten. But
it is no less important to prevent
the wastage of the skill, energy,
and high equipment of some of the
best qualified individuals in Great
Britain.

OPPOSITION TO
DICTATORSA Common
Struggle

(From Our Special Correspondent)
Canton, Sept. 13.

Opposition against dictatorship
is not only against the individual
but against the revival of such a
system, declared Mr. Huang Kwai
Lu, a reserve member of the Cen-
tral Executive Committee, who was
recently appointed a member of
the South-west Political Council.

Mr. Huang recalled that when
the late Dr. Sun Yat Sen pro-
ceeded to Peking in 1924, his in-
tention was not only to overthrow
dictators such as Marshals Wu
Pei Fu and Tsoo Kun but to pre-
vent the revival of dictatorship.

"We are continuing the same
struggle," Mr. Huang said. "We
oppose the dictatorial regime of
General Chiang Kai Shek, which
is bartering away sovereign rights.
If the four proposals in our tele-
gram of September 8 are accepted
by the Central Authorities, we are
quite prepared to give up every-
thing in return for them."

Mr. Huang feels quite certain
that members of the Central Exe-
cutive Committee and the Central
Supervisory Committee living
in Shanghai are in full accord
with the four proposals in the
circular telegram of September 8
demanding the punishment of
those responsible for the loss
of Manchuria and the reversal of
the pro-Japanese foreign policy
of the Nanking Government.

Since there is a complete under-
standing between the Kuomintang
men in Canton and Shanghai, Mr.
Huang asserted that there is no
necessity for him to go to Shang-
hai. He added that Shanghai
members will come to Canton in
connection with the Fifth Na-
tional Congress.

Educated in the University of
California, Mr. Huang was formerly
the editor of the official organ
Man Kwok Yat Po and is now
writing the biography of Dr. Sun
Yat Sen to be presented in several
volumes.

DEALINGS WITH THE
SOVIET

Paris Press Warning

(Special to "Hong Kong
Daily Press")

(By Telegraph, Copyright, Tele-
graphic Messages Ordinance, 1894.
Received, September 13, 7.30 p.m.)
Paris, Sept. 12.

President Roosevelt's efforts to
establish satisfactory commercial
relations with Russia, "Le Journal"
recalls, failed because the Soviet
Government while refusing to ad-
mit Russia's pre-war debt to the
United States, wanted an im-
mediate loan from America, which
the latter refused. "Le Journal"
draws the conclusion that French
circles which advocate close friend-
ship with the Soviet would do well
to follow America's example and
be cautious.
—Transocean Kuo Min.

INDEPENDENCE OF
AUSTRIA

(Special to the "Hong Kong
Daily Press")

(By Telegraph, Copyright, Tele-
graphic Messages Ordinance, 1894.
Received, September 13, 7.30 p.m.)
Geneva, Sept. 13.

It is confirmed to-day that
Baron Alois in the course of his
conversation with Sir John Simon
on the Austrian question informed
the latter of an impending
Italian initiative aiming at an
agreement defining and guaran-
teeing Austria's independence.
This agreement is understood
to embrace all Austria's neigh-
bours, including Germany.
—Transocean Kuo Min.

CHANCELLOR'S FLEA

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily
Press" (Copyright))

Geneva, Sept. 12.

Austria's new Chancellor, Schus-
chnigg, made an eloquent plea for
support from the great Powers in
his task of establishing Austria's
political independence, and effect-
ing economic reconstruction, when
he addressed the assembly
on Wednesday in the first general
debate this year.
—Transocean Kuo Min.

STRAIGHT FROM THE
SHOULDER

(BY NO QUARTER)

I have repeatedly been urged by my correspond-
ents to write a series of paragraphs in this column on the
subject of CONTRACT BRIDGE. I have hitherto re-
fused on the grounds that the appeal of such a specialized
subject would be limited. I try always to placate the
largest possible number of my vacillating supporters.

But this week, my resolution has been completely
broken down by a letter in which is described a hand of
such interest that I must publish it in detail.

My correspondent was in a se-
rious predicament. His partner had
bid a Grand Slam in Spades,
doubled and re-doubled. His hand
consisted of:—

SPADES 4. 3. 2.
HEARTS 4. 3. 2.
DIAMONDS 4. 3. 2.
CLUBS 5. 4. 3. 2.

"What should I do," he very
sensibly asks.

The problem is a pretty one, and
many mighty brains of the bridge
world have attempted to deal with
it. The Yoganovsky Coup, of strik-
ing all the remaining players sense-
less with the leg of a chair, is
now considered old fashioned.
These best methods may be sum-
marized as follows:—

1. The Buda Pesth "Squeeze."
Find an excuse to leave the room
(stop sniggering there in the cor-
ner Smith Minor) and rush from
the premises. This can only be
done with complete strangers, and
should be avoided on Ocean liners.

2. The Schnitzel "plant." In-
sert one or more of your cards into
a pot of aspidistras by your side.

It is with feelings of the
deepest sorrow and regret that
I have to announce the un-
timely death of Mrs. Marina,
beloved and recent wife of Dr.
Aufgang. The cause of this
tragedy is not yet known, but
it was almost certainly aggra-
vated by the recent Royal Be-
trothal of a princess of uncon-
ventionally similar name.

The funeral was simple, and
as dull as even the deceased
could have wished. On her
tomb was inscribed:—

Here lie the unworthy re-
mains of

THE HON. MRS. MARINA

The creation of a disordered
mind who went through her
brief but eventful life in a fine
killjoy spirit that must com-
mend her for ever to the
worthy people of this world.
"She was a good woman, but
she wasn't so bad."

and then call your opponents' at-
tention to the scarcity of cards in
your hand. Suspicious, if done
more than once in an evening.

3. The Boggett "touch." Always
carry with you in your pocket
several hands containing a reason-
able number of Aces and Kings.
Substitute one of these for the

hand concerned. By far the best
method, but be careful that the
backs are alike, as it is extraordi-
nary how unfriendly and suspicious
people can be at bridge. After all,
it's only a game.

WITHOUT COMMENT

Below I print an extract from
"Everyman" dated August 3, 1934
as a rule an excellent, balanced
weekly review. It comes from an
article called "Are We Civilized?"
by Louis Golding.

"Which is the most civilized
people in the world? I think I
should say without hesitation the
Chinese.

It is true that even a Chinese
coolie has such exquisite manners
that beside him an aristocrat from
the Faubourg St. Germain behaves
like a freckled ploughboy."

Not Honestly I haven't made it
up. I just thought you'd like to
know.

TAIL PIECE

TO THE PIONEERS OF
EMPIRE LTD.

They've written a lot of the
Pioneers
(Especially Mr. Kipling)

And seem to have managed to
hide away

The fact that they spend so
much of the day

In rather tedious timpling.
(Oh Yes! A hell of a lot of
beers

Go down the throats of the
Pioneers)

But what of the Eastern Empire
Wives!

What of the gallant men!
Laughingly living their loveless
lives!

What shall we say of them?
Wives with grace;
Wives that are drab;
Wives with a face

Like the back of a cab;
Wives that are gay;
Wives that are solemn;
Wives that are dull as this cur-
ious column.

Hoist the flag to the masthead
high!

Give them a rousing cheer!
Their legs might well be sim-
mer;

Their figures rather trimmer
They couldn't be much grim-
mer.

Dame! But they make me dry.
Drink while the dusk grows
dimmer!

Bring me a bowl of beer!

NEWS SUMMARY

Sentence of six months hard
labour was passed on Leung Yuet
Chi of 43, Village Road who was
charged with perjury in swearing
statements in connection with his
father's estate. He was also fined
\$1000. Page 10

The International Lawn Bowls
shield competition will be con-
tinued next Sunday when Wales
and India meet in the first round,
and Portugal and Australia in
the second. Page 10

On a charge of being one of an
armed gang concerned in a robbery
at 79, Chun Young Street, a
Shanghai Chinese was sentenced
to four years' hard labour at the
Criminal Sessions yesterday. Page 10

Private Robert Booth, of the
South Wales Borderers, was sen-
tenced to six months' hard labour
at the Criminal Sessions yester-
day for being concerned in the
robbing of a taxi driver at Re-
pulse Bay on June 15. Page 10

According to unofficial estimates,
there are about 5,000 graduates
turned out by Chinese colleges and
universities every year, but only
a small minority are able to find
employment. The seriousness of
this problem of the idle intelligen-
tia, says the Chen Pao (Peking),
naturally leads to the question:
"What is wrong with Chinese col-
lege education?" The problem
forms the subject of a very in-
teresting article from our own
correspondent. Page 4

An application for the closure
of No. 38 and 40, Queen's Road
Central was made by Mr. C. B.
Robertson of the P.W.D. at Cen-
tral Magistracy yesterday. Hear-
ing was adjourned until Saturday
morning. His Worship remarking
that it was a very complicated
case. Page 10

The Royal Army Medical Corps
held their annual aquatic cham-
pionships at the European
Y.M.C.A. Pool yesterday evening
at which a very large gathering
was present. Page 10

At a general Meeting of
the European Y.M.C.A. held
last night, Sir William Shenton
stated that the present compre-
hensive system was to be abolished
and that the catering would
be taken over by themselves under
European supervision while dras-
tic changes would also be made
in the general service. The vari-
ous pomptness to serve during
the winter programme were also
elected. Page 12

LOCAL AND GENERAL

One case of diphtheria, three of
enteric fever and one of cerebro-
spinal fever were reported for the
24 hours ended on September 12.

We have been asked to state that
those gentlemen who were warned
to attend Supreme Court as jurors
to-day will not be required until
to-morrow (Saturday).

The Raub Australian Gold Min-
ing Co., Ltd. advise that the output
for the four weeks ended August
15, 1934 amounted to 2,007.30
ounces.

The acting Treasurer St. John
Ambulance Association and Brigade
wishes to acknowledge with sincere
and grateful thanks the donation
of \$500 from Mr. J. E. Joseph, Eng-
land, "for the benefit of the poor
villagers of the New Territories."

The Rev. Wilfred Stott and Miss
Lillian Jessie Kiley were married
on Wednesday morning at St. An-
drew's Church, the Rev. J. R. Higgs
officiating at the ceremony. The
bridegroom recently arrived in the
Colony on the P. and O. liner
Kawalpindi, while the bride is con-
nected with the Emmanuel Hos-
pital at Nanning.

On Saturday, October 6, the Hong
Kong University Arts Association
will present Shakespeare's "Ham-
let" (in modern dress) at 9 p.m.
prompt in the Great Hall of the
University. Many will remember
the successful play "The Import-
ance of Being Earnest" which was
produced by the Association last
year.

Something grave is at present
looming is a mere hallucination.
—Reuter.

INTERPORT SWIMMING
IN SHANGHAIBreaststroke Record By
Kwok Chun Hang

Shanghai, Sept. 13.
Hong Kong won the first event
in the Interport swimming. This
was the 220 Yards Freestyle, W.
Lawrence leading all the way and
winning easily. Shanghai took
second and third places, Hammond
finishing two lengths behind Law-
rence and N. Logan another length
behind. The time was 2 minutes
33-3/5 seconds.

In the 100 Yards Breaststroke,
Kwok Chun Hang (Hong Kong)
won easily by three lengths R. Nor-
man (Tientsin), who led off to a
good start was second, and E. Mar-
ques (Hong Kong) was third. The
time was 76-3/5 seconds, which is
an Interport record.

The Freestyle Relay gave Tien-
tsin first place, Shanghai second
and Hong Kong third. The time
was 2 minutes 9-1/5 seconds. G.
Nichtewitzky laid the foundation
for victory by giving Tientsin's last
man, Prodan a good start as he
won by a length. Prodan finished
a length ahead of Hammond.

Hong Kong rearranged the line-up
and swam in the following order:
Paget, Lau Po Hay, E. B. Roza and
Lawrence.

The result of the first day's In-
terport is that Hong Kong is lead-
ing with 11 points: Tientsin 9 pts.
Shanghai 7 pts.
—Reuter.

NEW JAPANESE ARMY
CHIEF IN CHINA

Col. Takashi Sakai
Interviewed

Dairen, Sept. 13.

Colonel Takashi Sakai, the new
Chief of Staff of the Japanese
army in North China, arriving
this morning, declared he cannot
overlook the recent violations by
Chinese of the demilitarised zone.
"He characterised the rumour cir-
culating in North China that

MEDIATION BOARD'S EFFORTS FAIL

Gloomy Outlook In U.S. Strike Situation

Washington, Sept. 12. Prospects for the settlement of the United States textile strike are markedly receding in consequence of Tuesday's events. The Chairman of the Strike Committee of the United Textile Workers Union, Mr. Francis Gorman, states that "peace is denied us. We must face the management in the field of conflict."

He has instructed the strike leaders to tighten their lines and prepare for a stubborn struggle. The Mediation Board's efforts have been complicated by the withdrawal of the Union representatives after the expiry of Tuesday's time limit.

The situation in the south continues to be similarly tense. The strikers are encouraged by the statement made by the President of the American Federation of Labour, Mr. William H. Green, that sufficient pledges have been received from other international unions to meet the present needs for financing the strike.

UGLY RIOTING

Washington, Sept. 13. The strike outlook in the United States is darkening. The Mediation Board having abandoned their arbitration efforts.

Meanwhile, ugly rioting has occurred at Saylesville, Rhode Island, where three persons were shot and seriously wounded while scores were injured when the National Guards fired on a crowd of 5,000 textile strikers and their sympathisers, including women and children.

The crowd hurled pieces of grave-stones, flower-pots and rocks at the Guards, forcing them to take refuge behind barbed wire barricades.

Altogether, nine people, including a 73-year-old woman have been shot in the past three days at Saylesville, where martial law virtually prevails. One hundred and fifty Guardsmen and police

are being treated at an emergency field hospital.—*Reuter.*

LOOTER DEAD

Washington, Sept. 13. A Woonsocket mob got out of control late last night and began looting shops as well as factories. The Police were forced to fire and one looter has since died. The National Guards eventually saved the situation when the Police were getting the worse of the encounter.

Reuter.

A PROTRACTED STRUGGLE

Speculation is rife whether President Roosevelt will now intervene directly in the dispute. No further meetings have been arranged between the employers and the Arbitration Board who are now reporting to President Roosevelt. Meanwhile both sides are preparing for a protracted struggle. The Unions are concentrating on the provision of relief for strikers while the employers are reinforcing factory guards.

Mr. Green, Governor of Rhode Island, has issued a proclamation calling an emergency meeting of the State Assembly at noon following further violence in the latest Woonsocket incident where three were wounded, as the result of the National Guards firing on 5,000 rioters in a textile factory. Two members of the Police and two National Guards were injured as the result of bricks being hurled by the strikers. Rioting broke out soon after the Governor had announced that henceforth the National Guards will be armed only with clubs.

It is believed that the Governor will ask the Assembly for a large money appropriation in order to increase the State Police as the Police Chief at Woonsocket has sent a message to the Governor saying it was imperative to send additional troops.

Reuter.

MINORITIES IN POLAND

Appeal to League Members

(Special to "Hong Kong Daily Press")

(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, September 13, 7.30 p.m.)

Geneva, Sept. 13. The Polish Foreign Minister Beck in a speech at the meeting of the Plenary Assembly of the League of Nations said that he desired on behalf of the Polish Government to make the following appeal to all members of the League of Nations:

1.—To recognise on principle the necessity for generalisation of a system of protection for minorities.

2.—To call a conference of all state-members with a view to working out the details of such agreement.

Until the question of enforcing the protection for minorities, has been settled, the Polish Government finds itself compelled to cease from participating in all international organisations in so far as they concern minorities in Poland.

Political circles interpret this declaration to mean that Poland will henceforth refuse to take part in any discussion of the League Council in questions affecting Poland. This decision would apply to the discussion by the Council of complaints lodged by the Prince of Pless.

Transocean Kuo Min.

FRENCH FAST TRAIN EXPERIMENTS

(Special to "Hong Kong Daily Press")

(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, September 13, 7.30 p.m.)

Paris, Sept. 13. Following the example of Germany, France is at present carrying out interesting experiments with regard to fast trains. In an effort to attain speeds hitherto

EXCHANGE BAN BY CHINA

London Banking Views

London, Sept. 13.

Eastern banking circles in London do not anticipate any important limitation of the activities of foreign banks in Shanghai as a result of the Chinese Government order banning the purchase or sale of foreign exchange, declares the "Times." There is some doubt concerning the extent to which the regulations are enforceable in view of extraterritorial rights although foreign banks naturally desire to co-operate with the government in carrying out any necessary plans for protecting Chinese currency exchange.

It is thought that if the exchange business is suspended some smaller banks will have difficulty in carrying out exchange transactions involved by sales of silver in London, hence the view that the order may constitute an indirect form of embargo or at least discouragement of heavy silver exports.—*Reuter.*

SILVER MARKET

(From Our Own Correspondent)

London, Sept. 13. London silver prices to-day were unchanged, as follows:—

Spot	21.11/16	21.11/16
Forward	21 1/2	21 1/2
London on New York cross rate at 2 p.m., to-day was 5.00-13/16 compared with 5.01 1/2 at closing yesterday.		

ROUND EUROPE AIR RACE

Safe Crossing Of Open Sea

(Special to "Hong Kong Daily Press")

(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, September 13, 4.30 p.m.)

Rome, Sept. 13. All participants of the "All Round Europe" air race left Tunis on Wednesday to cross the Mediterranean sea. The African flight alone is over 2,000 kilometres distance. The first group left Tunis at six o'clock, only twenty three out of the thirty-two machines that left Warsaw five days ago being still in the running.

The course from Tunis to Palermo which is 220 kilometres across open sea was accomplished by all without mishap. By 7.30 a.m. all competitors with Captain Seldemann at the head, had passed over the aviation port of Palermo. At 8 o'clock, fourteen had reached Naples, Seldemann still leading. The first to reach Rome was the German Junker who arrived at 11.40. Thirteen minutes later came Seldemann from Osterkamp and then shortly after twelve from Pasewaldt. Half an hour later, came the Germans, Balser and Francke, the Polish flyers, Wlodarkiewicz and Plonczynski and the Italians Francoja and Sanzin. Altogether twenty-two reached Rome.

Transocean Kuo Min.

THE LAST LAP

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright))

Rome, Sept. 13. The participants in the all-round-Europe air race left here this forenoon for Vienna, thence to Prague where all preparations have been made for their reception. The fliers are due at Warsaw tomorrow on the last leg of their hazardous flight.

Transocean Kuo Min.

THRILL AT SENATE ARMS ENQUIRY

Reference To Prince Of Wales' Tour

Washington, Sept. 13. To-day's thrill at the Senate arms enquiry was the evidence that the Curtiss Wright Export Corporation tried to induce Mr. Hoover to receive the head of the Chilean Air Force in order to counteract the Prince of Wales' tour of Chile in 1931.

Reuter.

DE VALERA'S PROTEST IN LEAGUE ASSEMBLY

Secrecy In Invitation To Russia

(Special to "Hong Kong Daily Press")

(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, September 13, 4.30 p.m.)

Paris, Sept. 13. The French Press is chagrined at the course of events at Geneva yesterday and in particular at de Valera's poignant speech protesting against "hotel room arrangements"—arrangements arrived at behind the scenes relative to Russia's admittance.

The French Press openly charges the Irish Free State leader with intentionally protracting Russia's admittance. "Matin" declares de Valera expounded the same views as the British Dominions in the course of private talks.

"Petit Parisien" considers de Valera's speech untimely at the moment when such delicate negotiations are under way. The journal speaks of lack of logic on the part of de Valera who on the one hand criticises Russia and on the other hand is willing to vote for Russia's admittance.

According to "Pertinax" France has committed two fundamental blunders in the course of preparations for Russia's acceptance. In the first place, France was inadequately prepared in the Geneva discussions and the drafts of texts

to-day which ought to have been drawn up weeks ago. In the second place, France was careless enough to make Russia believe it will not be subjected to the general rules but will receive preferential treatment like Mexico and Turkey.

"Pertinax" opines that Soviet Russia will contribute little to the maintenance of the status quo and it would thus be of little value to pay too dearly for Russia's admittance.

Transocean Kuo Min.

POWERS EMBARRASSED

Geneva, Sept. 12. Mr. Eamon de Valera's candid utterance in the League Assembly demanding more limelight on the discussions regarding the Soviet's admittance has embarrassed the Powers dealing with this delicate problem.

Jurists express the opinion that an official Assembly invitation would require unanimity, hence, the round-robin system of signing the invitation in order to circumvent the Soviet's objections to formal application.

It is indicated in French quarters that M. Barthou would have thought twice before assuming the onus of getting Russia admitted if he had foreseen the present imbroglio.—*Reuter.*

MORRO CASTLE DISASTER

Captain's Burial Postponed

New York, Sept. 13. District Attorney Conboy has ordered a postponement of the burial of Captain Willmott in order to hold a post-mortem examination. The charred body was found on the burnt out liner Morro Castle, which is being investigated by a Grand Jury.

The ball of Alagna, the second radio officer who was arrested, has been increased from \$1,000 to \$3,000 following the evidence of Rogers, first radio officer, yesterday.

In support of the theory that the fire was caused by bombs provided by a Cuban passenger, Ralph Mestre, interviewed by Reuter, declared: "At 2.10 a.m. on Saturday I heard a noise which was undoubtedly a bomb explosion. My cabin shook and I have enough experience of explosions to know the sound of a bomb."

Reuter.

BALTIC PACT SIGNED

Estonia, Latvia And Lithuania

(Special to "Hong Kong Daily Press")

(By Telegraph, Copyright, Telegraphic Messages Ordinance, 1894. Received, September 13, 4.30 p.m.)

Geneva, Sept. 13. The text of the Baltic pact signed on Wednesday night by the foreign ministers of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania, has been made known by the general secretary of the Latvian Foreign Ministry.

The pact consists of nine articles and a general declaration of the foreign ministers of the three countries, and provides that the three signatory states consult one another mutually on all important foreign political questions and render one another political and diplomatic aid in international relationships.

The regular conferences among the foreign ministers of the three countries will take place at least twice a year. Similarly mutual co-operation will be practised among the consular and diplomatic representatives of the three countries abroad.

Political problems whose settlement would increase the difficulties of co-operation are expressly excluded from the pact, this clause doubtless referring chiefly to the Vilna question. All differences existing or arising among the

RUSSIAN WOMEN IN CHINA

Forced Into White Slave Traffic

Geneva, Sept. 13. The condition to which Russian women refugees in Shanghai are reduced can only be stated in the discreet pages of an official document, says the report to the League of the Nansen International Office for Refugees.

Russian women in China, for various reasons, are unable to follow the manfolk's example and obtain employment by undercutting European wages. Thus they are forced into the White Slave traffic.

The report emphasizes the impossibility of Russian refugees being assimilated in China. Thus their removal to other countries is the only hope, but funds are lacking.

The League Committee examining the report are deeply shocked and are now considering how to raise money and also co-operation with the White Slave Committee.

Reuter.

GERMAN DEBT AGREEMENT

Payment Avenues Closed

London, Sept. 12. One of the remaining means whereby German importers can pay for British goods has been temporarily closed. The Reichsbank has temporarily suspended payment into the special account opened by them in the name of the Bank of England, because it exceeds 5,000,000 Reichsmarks, the figure fixed by the new German exchange agreement as the limit for the special account.

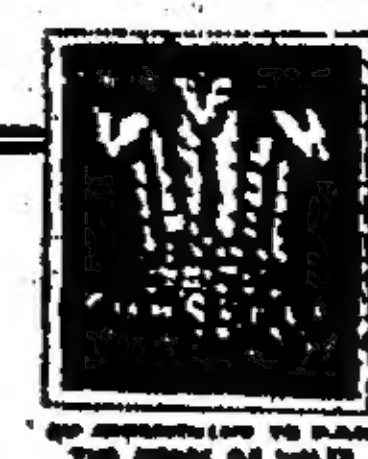
The Bank of England will continue to sell Sondermarks (marks paid into the special account) and as soon as the balance of this special account drops below 5,000,000 Reichsmarks, the German authorities will accept further payments.

As many British firms have German goods involved in sterling, the suspension does not mean the stoppage of Anglo-German trade.

Reuter.

three countries are to be regulated by friendly negotiations. Other nations are free to become parties to the pact if desired. The pact comes into force as soon as ratifications are deposited in Riga. The duration of the pact is to be prolonged automatically if undenounced before its expiry.

Transocean Kuo Min.



Gordon's SPECIAL OLD TOM

NO COLOURING MATTER
NO INJURIOUS INGREDIENTS

WHITEST PUREST & BEST

The Largest Gin Distillers in the World

ARMY CONTROL IN MANCHURIA

Compromise With Foreign Office

Tokyo, Sept. 13. A compromise has been effected between the Army and the Foreign Office as regards Japanese representation in Manchuria, by which the Overseas Ministry has lost practically all its powers.

Under the reorganisation, the posts of Ambassador and Commander-in-Chief of the Kwangtung Army are held concurrently by a militarist, with administrative powers, who, as Ambassador, will be responsible for Foreign Office and diplomatic affairs, but to the Premier on administrative affairs.—*Reuter.*

EX-MINISTER INDICTED IN JAPAN

Perjury In Graft Scandal

Tokyo, Sept. 13. Chuza Mitsuchi, former Minister of Railways has been indicted for perjury in connection with the graft scandal which led to the downfall of the Saito Cabinet.—*Reuter.*

KIDNAPPED IN MUKDEN

American Furrier Released

Peiping, Sept. 13. Solomon Zetlin, an American furrier, who was kidnapped by bandits in Mukden on August 23 has been released, according to advices from Mukden.

Zetlin and a Russian woman were kidnapped in a grove back of the Imperial Tombs at Peiping. The woman was released after forty eight hours.

A messenger sent by the bandits with a demand for ransom was arrested by the Mukden authorities on August 22 and on September 10 the authorities announced that contact with the bandits had been established.—*Reuter.*

FRENCH RAILWAY CHIEF IN GERMANY

(Special to the "Hong Kong Daily Press" (Copyright))

Berlin, Sept. 13. The President of the French state railways, Bernard and party arrived here on a tour of inspection through Germany. The French visitors called on Dr. Dornmüller the head of the German railway administration.—*Transocean Kuo Min.*



Tormenting headache

which is frequently a consequence of great heat, overexertion, anger, excitement or excessive indulgence in tobacco or alcohol, renders human beings incapable for any kind of work. 'Gardan' relieves it immediately.

But 'Gardan' not only removes the pain, it also prevents pain. Therefore take 'Gardan' in future even in cases of slight indisposition; the pain will be nipped in the bud and you will be spared unnecessary suffering.



LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

New Bills Passed

At yesterday's meeting of the Legislative Council, the Attorney General, the Hon. Mr. R. E. Lind-sell moved "That the Order dated 3rd of August 1934, made by the Chief Justice under section 114 of the Bankruptcy Ordinance, 1931, No. 10 of 1931, be approved. In doing so he said that the effect of the order was to extend by one month to four months the period that notice must be given by the Trustee in Bankruptcy of his intention to declare a dividend on a bankrupt estate."

The motion was carried. The Attorney General moved the first reading of "A Bill to make provision for financing and carrying out a scheme for a new Government House and for the development of a portion of the City of Victoria. He said that as indicated in the "Objects and Reasons" attached to the Bill the main purpose of the bill was to establish a special fund the proceeds of sale of such sites as the City Hall and Beaconsfield Arcade and from which the development of the area between Queen's Road Central and Lower Albert Road and the building of the new Government House are to be financed. The Colonial Secretary seconded and the bill was read a first time.

"A Bill to amend the Empire Preference Ordinance 1932," was read a first time while "A Bill to amend the Printers and Publishers Ordinance, 1927" passed through its final stages.

BETTING TAX

Motion Passed By The Council

The Legislative Council yesterday passed the resolution relating to the Betting Duty Ordinance, 1931 reading as follows:—

"Whereas under section 6 (1) of the Betting Duty Ordinance 1931, as amended by the Betting Duty Amendment Ordinance, 1934, it is provided that on every bet made on any totallator or pari-mutuel authorised by the said Ordinance there shall be charged a duty on a scale to be determined from time to time by resolution of the Legislative Council; and Whereas it is expedient that such a scale should now be determined, it is hereby resolved that in the case of bets made on any totallator or pari-mutuel authorised by the said Ordinance there shall be paid a duty according to the following scale:—

Where in any year ending on the 31st day of March the total gross receipts from the sale of tickets at such totallator or pari-mutuel

do not exceed \$3,000,000;	1 per cent. of such total;
exceed \$3,000,000 but do not exceed \$4,000,000;	1½ per cent. of such total;
exceed \$4,000,000 but do not exceed \$5,000,000;	2 per cent. of such total;
exceed \$5,000,000 but do not exceed \$6,000,000;	2½ per cent. of such total;
exceed \$6,000,000;	3 per cent. of such total.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE

New Territory Cases For August

Station	Total
Cheung Chau	2,734
Kam Tin	1,214
Tsui Wan	2,115
Shataukuk	1,377
Sha Tin	908
Fanling	1,653
Taku Leung	1,132
San Tin	1,080
Ha Tsui	1,029
	15,244

At an extraordinary general meeting of the Kowloon Golf Club held at the Club premises yesterday a resolution that the entrance fee be raised from \$20 to \$40 which was carried at the annual general meeting held on August 29, was confirmed.

FOOTBALL LAWS INTERPRETED

Duties And Powers Of Referees

LAW 13:—(Continued).

INSTRUCTION TO REFEREES:

The duty of a Referee is to order a player off for violent conduct, or after a caution for ungentlemanly behaviour is emphasised by the International Board.

The Referee must keep the score and also the time; and allow for time wasted, and stop the game as he thinks fit, though in the case of the game abruptly terminating, he is bound to report the fact to the National or County Association within two days.

Referees must report cases of misconduct, when the Club is in membership with the Football Association, giving full details direct to that Association. Where the Clubs are members only of County Associations, the reports should be sent to the latter.

As regards rough play, the Referee has absolute discretion. Where he considers the conduct of a player dangerous, or likely to cause injury, he must award a free kick. In doing so he must caution the offender, and, if the offence is repeated, order the player off the field of play. The caution must be specified and personal. In the case of violent conduct a previous caution is not needed. The Referee must not accept an apology.

(a) Discussing or arguing points with players or officials, on the field of play.

(b) Arguing points with players, officials, or pressmen off the field of play.

(c) Pointing at, or placing a hand on a player when cautioning a player.

Check rough play at the outset. The Referee is recommended to compare watches with the Linesmen, prior to the game and at half time.

The Referee should be very careful in deducting time for stoppages, etc. He should blow his whistle for time or half time at the exact moment, whether the ball is in play or not. The only time in which time can be extended is that of the penalty kick.

Referees are strongly recommended not to trust to memory alone to keep a record of the game, but to note on paper the time of the start and the time in which in the ordinary course they would call half-time or time. They may then easily add to it for willful delays, or stoppages of the game. The goals scored by each side in the order of occurrence should also be noted.

While the game is in progress trainers must not be allowed on the field of play unless called by the Referee; nor must trainers or club officials be allowed to coach players along the boundary lines.

INSTRUCTION TO PLAYERS:—

It is impossible for a Referee to please everybody. Remember his difficult position and do not make it more so.

If any disturbances arise go at once to the help of the Referee! Betting on any match and coupon betting are prohibited.

Players must not question a Referee's decision, but accept it without demur. To approach and argue with a Referee, to touch him or show dissent is ungentlemanly behaviour for which a player must be cautioned and on a repetition of it be ordered off.

OLD WOMAN'S DEATH RECALLED

The Coroner's inquiry into the death of a 57-year old woman named Cheung Lan who was found strangled at an unnumbered hut at Ka Siu Wan village, Stanley, on July 9 was concluded at Central Magistracy yesterday when a verdict of "Murder by person or persons unknown" was returned by the jury, who also found that the cause of death was due to strangulation.

Mr. E. W. Hamilton sat as Coroner, assisted by a jury comprised of Messrs. F. L. Marques (foreman), E. C. Fincher and C. L. Rocha.

Evidence given was to the effect that the deceased sold some pigs a few days before her death, and the money obtained therefrom was found to be missing. She lived alone in the hut and was last seen alive at about 6 p.m. on July 8. On the morning of July 9 she was discovered dead in her hut by a boy, with a rope tied tightly round her neck.

MEDICAL CORPS AQUATICS

Enjoyable Programme

A very large gathering of friends and swimming enthusiasts were present at the European Y.M.C.A. Swimming Pool yesterday afternoon when the Royal Army Medical Corps held their annual swimming sports.

The events were evenly and keenly contested and many thrilling finishes were seen.

Following the gala, tea was served to a very large gathering in the West Lounge, following which the prizes were distributed.

Results follow:—
Diving:—1. Pte. Adams; 2. Pte. Payne; 3. Pte. Haynes.

25 Yards Ladies Race:—1. Miss E. C. L'Estrange; 2. Miss P. H. Sergeant.

50 Yards Championship:—1. Pte. Wright; 2. Pte. Adams; 3. Pte. Haynes. Time 30-1/5 secs.

Officers' 25 Yards Handicap:—1. Lieut.-Col. Hartill; 2. Capt. Trimble. Time 15-1/5 secs.

25 Yards Handicap:—1. Pte. Smith; 2. Pte. Woodhouse; 3. Pte. Haynes. Time 16-1/5 secs.

Time 16-1/5 secs.

75 Yards Free Style:—1. Pte. Wright; 2. Cpl. Eagle. Time 56-2/5 secs.

50 Yards Handicap:—1. Pte. Wright; 2. Pte. Corbitt; 3. Pte. Horne. Time 40-1/5 secs.

Throwing the Polo Ball:—1. Major Bonavia; 2. Pte. Wright; 3. Cpl. Eagle.

Relay Race:—1. Privates (Hong Kong); 2. Officers. Time 1 min. 15 secs.

Water Polo:—The Rest 0 v Privates 0.

AMERICAN GOLF

Fourth Round Completed

Brookline, Sept. 12.
T. Torrance (Britain) beat J. Goldman, Lawson Little and Reynolds Smith won their fourth round ties in the American Amateur Golf Championship to-day.

The following were the full results:—

Third Round
T. Torrance (Britain) beat J. Goldman (Chicago), 4 and 3.

B. Jacobson (Deal) beat J. Ahern (New York), 1 and 0.

Ross Somerville (U.S.) beat S. Noyes (New York), 1 and 0.

J. French (San Francisco) beat W. Lang (U.S.), 7 and 6.

Lawson Little (U.S.) beat M. Heath (Boston), 2 and 2.

HARRY GUYAN (Seattle) beat Jess Sweeney 3 and 2.

Willie Turness (U.S.) beat G. Dunlap (U.S.) (holder) 3 and 2.

Fourth Round
Torrance beat French, 2 and 1.

Dave Goldman (Dallas) beat Jacobson, 6 and 4.

Lawson Little beat Chester O'Brien (St. Louis), 4 and 3.

Reynolds Smith (Dallas) beat R. Somerville at 19th.

—Reuter.

SIX MONTHS FOR PERJURY

Chinese Sent To Gaol

Sentence of six months' hard labour was passed by His Lordship the Chief Justice at the Criminal Sessions yesterday on Leung Yauk Chai, alias Leung Ka Kim, of 43 Village Road who was charged with perjury in swearing statements in connection with his father's estate.

Accused was also fined \$1,000, or, in default of the payment, a further term of three months' hard labour.

Mr. G. H. Sheldon, instructed by Mr. T. P. K. Kemble, of Messrs. Wilkinson & Grist, appeared for the accused, who after pleading Not Guilty changed his plea to one of Guilty.

The charge against the accused was that he swore falsely that Leung Kin died on or about July 8, 1927; that he, accused, was the only surviving kin; and that Leung Kin died a widower leaving no concubines.

Leung Kin actually died in 1916 at U. Lam Village, Kau Kong, leaving \$112,000. There were also surviving concubines.

U. S. BASEBALL

Giants Win In Close Game

New York, Sept. 12.

Pittsburgh Pirates were beaten by an odd run when they clashed with New York Giants in the National baseball league to-day.

Brooklyn Dodgers nosed out Cincinnati Reds by an 8 to 7 tally after an extra inning.

Detroit Tigers, leaders in the American League were shut out by Warburg, Boston Braves' pitcher, while Oster Mueller homered to give Boston a single run victory.

The following were the results:

National League

Pittsburgh R. H. E.
New York 2 6 1

Cincinnati 7 12 1
Brooklyn 8 14 3

Hailey and Bottomley homered for Cincinnati in 10-inning game.

Chicago 5 9 0
Boston 2 7 2

St. Louis 1 9 0
Philadelphia 3 8 1

Vance homered for St. Louis.

American League

Boston 1 4 0
Detroit 0 6 1

Warburg pitched, and Oster Mueller homered for Boston.

Philadelphia 2 9 1
Cleveland 3 7 0

Marcum homered for Philadelphia.

—Reuter.

LAWN BOWLS

International Shield Matches

The International Lawn Bowls Shield competition will be continued next Sunday when Wales and India meet in the first round, and Portugal and Australia in the second.

The match between Wales and India will be played on the Police Green starting at 3.30, and the winners will oppose Ireland in the second round.

Portugal and Australia play at the Kowloon Bowling Green Club at 3.30.

The composition of Portugal's rink, will be as follows:—L.A. Gutierrez, F.V.V. Ribeiro, C.G. Silva and R.P. Luz (skip). The other teams remain unchanged.

HOME FOOTBALL

League Match Results

London, Sept. 12.

In the Second Division of the English Football League, Manchester United were impotent against the visiting Bolton Wanderers, the latter netting three goals to nil.

Newcastle United, on home ground, beat Blackpool by four goals to one.

The following were the results of Scottish League games:—Airdrie, 0; Dundee, 3. Dunfermline, 1; Ayr, 2. Hamilton, 0; Aberdeen, 1. Hearts, 4; Albion, 0. Partick, 1; Motherwell, 1. Queen's Park, 0; St. Johnstone, 2.

LOCAL CRICKET

Third Interport Trial

The following are the teams for the third Interport cricket trial match which will be played on the H.K.O.C. ground on Saturday, commencing at 2 p.m.

T. E. Pearce's XI:—Rev. H. W. Barnes, Lieut. J. P. Williams, T. A. Pearce, Lieut. C. C. Garthwaite, I. McInnes, P. H. Spooner, G. R. M. Ricketts, F. D. Pereira, A. R. Minn and G. S. Dunlop.

A. W. Hayward's XI:—E. C. Wicks, E. J. E. Mitchell, H. A. E. Mackay, A. H. Meade, D. B. Mackay, L. H. Kneave, G. A. Stewart, T. M. L. Redmond, A. C. E. Bowler and J. E. E. E.

UNITED STATES TENNIS

Perry Retains Singles Title

Fred Perry, British tennis champion, gained further fame to-day when he successfully defended the United States singles championship title against the strong challenge of Wilbur Allison, the American ex-Davis Cup player, in a thrilling five-set final. Perry won 6-4, 9-3, 8-6, 1-6, 8-6.

In the first two sets the British champion outgeneralled the American, Allison's continual attempts to force the pace being frustrated by Perry's deadly accuracy, which appeared to be something entirely new to his opponent.

Allison rallied in the third and fourth sets, sending over a stream of flashing drives, especially in the fourth set, in which he killed Perry's volleys and drives in a zealous display.

Perry raced into a 5-2 lead in the fifth set, but Allison, by a superb display, levelled at 5-5.

Perry, however, regained his lost control and was much the steadier player of the two during the last few critical moments, Allison's great efforts in the early part of the final set leaving him in an exhausted and excited condition.

—Reuter.

DONATIONS

"Robert Morrison" Centenary

The Finance Committee acknowledged with thanks the following subscriptions to the Alice Memorial and Nethersole Hospital Building Fund.

List No. 6
Previous acknowledged, H\$3,963.65
Messrs. Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd. 150.00

H\$4,113.65

Further subscriptions will be gratefully received by Mr. J. B. Ross c/o The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd., Hong Kong.

Around the Courts

ARMED ROBBER SENTENCED

Four Years' Hard Labour

Found guilty on a charge of being one of an armed gang who robbed Sum Cheung Fong of 78, Chun Yeung Street, of goods and money to the value of \$125 on July 7, Wong Sam Hon, a Shanghai Chinese, was sentenced to four years' hard labour at the Criminal Sessions yesterday.

Accused at first pleaded "Not Guilty" but later altered it to "Guilty" if "the jury would be lenient."

The case was heard by the Chief Justice, Mr. A. D. A. MacGregor, and the following jury was empanelled: Messrs. D. Black (foreman), Cheung Wau Yu, E. S. C. C. Cheung, Yik Tak, F. J. Neves, Ng Pak Kin and Ng Kin Chau.

SOLDIER SENTENCED

Repulse Bay Incident Recalled

Private Robert Booth, of the South Wales Borderers was sentenced to six months' hard labour by the Chief Justice, Mr. A. D. A. MacGregor at the Criminal Sessions yesterday for being concerned in the robbing of a taxi-driver at Repulse Bay on June 15.

Accused, who was one of three soldiers concerned in the affair, pleaded guilty.

The sentence took into account a previous conviction in the Colony, accused's bad record in the Army, the lengthy period which accused had spent in prison awaiting trial, and his illness from typhoid.

Mr. J. A. Fraser, Assistant Attorney General prosecuted.

An Officer of the Battalion, in reply to His Lordship, said accused's record was a bad one. During five years' service he had six regimental entries against him.

Addressing accused, his Lordship said:—I cannot regard your offence as in any way so slight as one as that of your two companions who were before this court two months ago. I say so because apparently you have previously done this same very

foolish and extremely unmanly and gaudy trick on a taxi driver.

You were punished for that and one would have hoped, and believed that it would have been a lesson to you. Apparently it has not. As I said two months ago, I intend not to magnify what I then took to be a stupid exhibition of high spirits, into a crime and I therefore passed what was deliberately a light sentence.

In this case I am not taking that course as you have not profited by the salutary lesson you have had. I am taking into consideration the time you have spent in prison and your illness in passing upon you a sentence of six months' hard labour.

A COMPLICATED CASE

Closure of Premises Applied

Before Mr. Hamilton at Central Magistracy yesterday, an application for the closure of Nos. 38 and 40 Queen's Road Central, where the roof collapsed a few days ago, was made by Mr. C. B. Robertson, of the Public Works Department.

The order was taken out against Kam Man-hing, sub-lessee of the premises, for whom Mr. W. K. Robinson, of Messrs. Tso and Hodgson appeared.

Mr. Robinson said his client was not the owner. Rent was paid to Messrs. A. S. Watson and Company.

Mr. Robertson said that notice had been served on A. S. Watson and Company, but it was returned through Messrs. Deacons, saying they had nothing to do with the premises.

Mr. Robinson said his client was served with a notice on July 13 ordering him to pull down the fifth and sixth storeys, and make good the remaining portions of the premises. He was quite willing to do that, but had no authority to pull down the whole premises.

Mr. Robertson said the buildings were dangerous. Only two days ago the roof collapsed. Defendant was drawing the rents on behalf of some of the occupants.

His Worship adjourned the hearing for Saturday morning, remarking that it was a very complicated case.

OLD FAVOURITES!

THREE CASTLES VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

W. D. & H. O. WILLS BRISTOL & LONDON

GOVT. HOUSE AND CITY DEVELOPMENT SCHEME

(Continued from Page 7)

on record the Government's high appreciation of his most valuable services. It is the Government's intention that, pending the appointment of a successor to Mr. Holmes, the officer holding the post of Registrar, Supreme Court, should act as Crown Solicitor and the emoluments of this officer for six months have been provided under Head 15—Crown Solicitor. As a result it has been necessary to provide salary for the Registrar, Supreme Court, in respect of six months only, and acting pay for one of the Deputy Registrars who will act as Registrar during the remaining six months.

The Land Officer proceeds on leave in April next and it is intended that one of the Assistant Crown Solicitors shall act for him. Only three months provision for that Assistant Crown Solicitor has therefore been made under Head 15—Crown Solicitor; his salary for the remainder of the year being provided under Head 17—Land Office.

HEADS 18 AND 19—MAGISTRACIES

Last year it was the Treasury which presented certain anomalies in the distribution of Cadet Officers. This year the anomalies appear most conspicuously in the Magistracy, Hong Kong. Provision is made in these Estimates for five Cadet officers for 1935 as against two for 1934. These five include the present magistrates, a Cadet officer acting as Magistrate's Clerk in place of an officer of the Senior Clerical and Accounting Staff and two officers at present absent from the Colony who were Magistrates of the Central Magistracy immediately before proceeding on leave. Even if a Cadet officer continues to act next year as Magistrate's Clerk there will only be three Cadet officers in the department.

Under "Special Expenditure" Magistrate, Kowloon \$1,000 is provided for the purchase of law books. The Kowloon Magistracy has always been starved in this respect and it is considered that the Magistrates should be provided with the nucleus of a Law Library to which they can refer.

HEAD 20—POLICE FORCE

There are appreciable reductions in "Personal Emoluments" and "Special Expenditure" and a small increase in "Other Charges." My Honourable friend, Mr. Wolfe, who is described in the Estimates as Cadet Officer, Class I, retires early next year and the post of Inspector General of Police makes its first appearance in the Estimates, the scale being that recommended by the Salaries Commission for Mr. Wolfe's successor. With Mr. Wolfe's retirement the Colony loses the last of what I may term the older generation of its Cadet Officers for Mr. Wolfe was appointed in the last century and there is a gap of nearly six years between his appointment and that of the next oldest member of the service. Mr. Wolfe will have completed nearly thirty five years of service under this Government during which he has devoted himself whole heartedly to the various duties which have fallen to his lot. The present efficiency of the Police and the Fire Brigade bear testimony to his administrative ability and I cannot let this occasion pass without an expression of the Government's appreciation of his services and of its good wishes for his happiness in retirement. (Applause).

The Officer shown as a Probationer in the 1934 Estimates becomes an Assistant Superintendent and one probationer will be required next year to maintain the cadre at its proper strength.

A locally recruited Store-keeper and Assistant Store-keeper have been engaged to replace an officer of Class II of the Senior Clerical and Accounting Staff. A reduction of one in the Senior Clerical and Accounting Staff attached to this department will be noted. Under "European Contingent" there is an increase under Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors and Sergeants due chiefly to the rapid expansion of Kowloon and the requirements incidental to the administration of the Registration of Persons Ordinance 1934. There are increases in the Indian and Cantonese contingents and reductions in the Northern Chinese contingent and in Northern Chinese constables under "Anti-Piracy Guards." Under "Water Police, Chinese Deck" six Class III Coxswains replace six Sailors and Seamen. This change has been made on the advice of the Harbour Master for the relief of the existing staff of coxswains without increasing for this purpose the number of officers employed. Additional posts have been provided in respect of six

months only for the new No. 1 Police Launch.

HEAD 21—PRISONS DEPARTMENT

The slight increase in "Other Charges" is due to the unfortunate increase in the number of prisoners for which the campaigns against opium and the "Social Evil" are largely responsible. The Legislative Council has already expressed its concurrence in the small improvements in the salary scales of the Principal Printing Officer and the female staff.

HEAD 22—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

The work of this department has greatly increased in recent years owing to the growth both of the population of the Colony and of the popularity of treatment at Government institutions. There has also been a considerable extension of medical work in the New Territories which has taken up more and more the attention of the Medical Officer-in-Charge New Territories and has left him little time to assist other Medical Officers. The Director of Medical and Sanitary Services considers that his present staff is inadequate to cope with the work which is called upon to perform and that two additional Medical Officers are necessary. Provision is also made under the Health Division for one additional Lady Medical Officer who will assist the Health Officer for Schools, and also relieve the Assistant Visiting Medical Officer to Chinese Hospitals of some of her manifold duties. The increase in the size of Kowloon Hospital and the great extension of work which will follow the opening of the new out-patients department has led to provision being made for one House Surgeon.

Owing to the increasing amount of X-Ray and Massage work at each of the Government Hospitals a scheme has been instituted for training Chinese Radiographic and Massage assistants. At present there is one volunteer Masseuse who has worked since January, 1933, without salary but this is not a satisfactory arrangement and provision for a salary for these Probationers is now made.

The total vote for the Medical Department shows an increase of \$34,644 which goes but a very small way towards satisfying what my Honourable friend the Director of Medical and Sanitary Services regards as the full requirements of the Colony in the matter of modern medical and health services. It is, however, as much as the Government considers the Colony can properly afford in these difficult times.

HEAD 23—SANITARY DEPARTMENT

\$44,000 is provided under Sub-Head 7—Conservancy. As Honourable Members are already aware, having approved of special provision for the current year, it has been found necessary for Government to undertake directly through the Sanitary Department the conservancy work formerly carried out by contractors who in former days paid Government for the right to remove nightsoil from the Colony to the interior of China where it was sold as a fertilizer. Owing to the recent depression in the silk trade and the depreciation of Chinese silver currency the contractor has been faced with difficulties which eventually rendered him unable to cope with the work even on payment of a monthly subsidy by Government. The Government had therefore no alternative but to undertake the work departmentally.

The Sanitary Department also proposes to undertake by direct labour the recurrent work of exhumation and a considerable saving on that sub-head is anticipated.

The replacement of two deep draft barges and three towing barges is provided for under "Special Expenditure." At present the department is carrying on with the barest minimum of barges, a number which leaves no margin for emergencies and not even a barge in reserve to permit of one of the fleet being taken off for repairs. In connection with the removal of Kowloon refuse to the new dump at Kun Tong provision for a refuse boat pier at Ma Tau Kok Road has been made under Public Works Extraordinary.

It is considered that the time has now come for the creation of a new post of Chief Inspector, Kowloon. There will then be one Chief Inspector functioning on either side of the Harbour. A consequent reduction of one has been made in the cadre of Senior Sanitary Inspectors.

HEAD 25—EDUCATION DEPARTMENT

In connection with sub-head 21 "University Examination Fees" I

would explain that the Hong Kong University, in collaboration with the Director of Education, is substituting for the old Senior and Junior Local Examinations a "School Leaving Certificate" examination. No examination was held during the current year and the first examination under the new syllabus will be held in 1935. For this reason the sum of \$9,900 provided in the 1934 Estimates for University Examination fees was excised from the 1934 Estimates.

The extra provision takes into account a substantial increase in the number of candidates (from 1,500 to 2,000) and Grant-in-Aid Schools who are expected to sit in 1935 and also an alteration in the method of charging the admission fee, involving probably a slightly increased expenditure.

JUNIOR TECHNICAL SCHOOL

It is proposed to engage a Pattern Maker from England on a sterling scale in place of the locally engaged Carpenter Instructor and part time Teacher of Building Construction. The work of the Junior Technical School has grown sufficiently to warrant the employment of a full time

Budget Figures

The following figures will show how the sum of \$26,324,219 mentioned in the Budget, has been allotted:—

His Excellency the Governor	\$ 163,844
Colonial Secretary's Department & Legislative Secretariat for Chinese Affairs	330,194
Treasury	153,908
Audit Department	274,700
District Office, North	116,422
District Office, South	90,413
Post Office	45,533
Wireless Telegraph Services	520,002
Imports and Exports Office	180,337
Harbour Department	425,190
Air Services	1,302,000
Royal Observatory	70,655
Fire Brigade	322,555
Supreme Court	252,463
Attorney General	54,256
Crown Solicitor's Office	54,314
Land Office	24,655
Magistracy, Hong Kong	73,153
Magistracy, Kowloon	101,042
Police Force	48,472
Prisons Department	2,989,761
Medical Department	875,441
Sanitary Department	1,780,233
Botanical and Forestry Department	1,188,291
Education Department	130,349
Kowloon-Canton Railway	1,981,700
Volunteer Defence Corps	984,513
Naval Volunteer Force	140,168
Miscellaneous Services	85,887
Charitable Services	1,619,210
Pensions	191,867
Public Works Department	2,070,000
Public Works, Recurrent	2,556,918
Public Works, Extraordinary	1,612,100
Naval Arsenal Yard and Kellet Island	2,999,450
	500,000
Total	\$26,324,219

officer who will also be available for manual instruction in other schools, in accordance with the policy recommended in 1931 by the Committee on Practical Technical Education. As I have mentioned provision has been made under Public Works Extraordinary to commence the building of a Trade School, but as the building will not be completed before 1936 no provision for staff has been made for next year, though this will be a commitment for following years.

HEAD 26—KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY

As will be observed from the Estimates of Revenue, it is anticipated that the receipts of the Kowloon-Canton Railway will continue to improve during next year. The expenditure Estimates do not call for much comment. The Manager is required to reside on the mainland and it was hoped that it would be possible to make provision for the building of a Manager's House at King's Park but this also has had to be deferred from the draft Estimates. The Chief Mechanical Engineer and the Chief Accountant retired during the course of 1935. At present the Chief Accountant is being understated by an officer of Class I Senior Clerical and Accounting Staff and provision for the salary of this officer as well as for the officer holding the post

of Chief Accountant has had to be made in the Railway Estimates. The additional trains have necessitated the creation of certain minor posts.

Honourable Members will have noted with satisfaction the improvement in the Railway Revenue. If nothing unforeseen occurs we may reasonably hope that the Railway is at last entering on a period of prosperity. For this much of the credit must be given to the late manager and his staff but much is also due to the energy with which the new manager has tackled the problems which faced him. I desire particularly to congratulate the Government representatives on the successful termination of their negotiations for the revision of the Railway Working Agreement, negotiations in which the new Manager of the Railway played a very important part. The new agreement which will shortly be signed should greatly improve the relations between the two sections of the Railway and make for the increased efficiency of both sections.

HEAD 27—DEFENCE

This current year has seen the establishment of the Hong Kong Naval Volunteer Force for which provision of \$30,000 is made under Volunteer Defence Corps in the current Estimates. For next year provision is made for this force as a separate department, namely, Head 27 (B) and it has been found necessary to increase the vote to \$35,987. "Military Contribution" formerly Head 27 (B) now appears as Head 27 (C).

HEAD 28—MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

Grants in aid of Farnham House and Imperial Economic Imperial Shipping, and Imperial Agricultural Bureaux (Sub-Heads 8 and 9) are included on the invitation of the Secretary of State for the Colonies who is of the opinion that the work of these institutions merits the support of the whole Colonial Empire. This provision is in accord with the recommendations made last year by the Imperial Committee on Economic Consultation and Co-operation.

With the approval of the Finance Committee the Government agreed to increase its contribution to the Imperial Institute from \$500 per annum to a maximum of \$2,000 per annum but it is not yet known whether the full sum of \$2,000 will be required.

HEAD 29—CHARITABLE SERVICES

The Mercantile Marine Assistance Fund has been in operation since 1st January, 1934, and it was, and still is, difficult to estimate the provision that will be required, but judging from the experience this year \$15,000 should suffice.

HEAD 30—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Special Expenditure under this Head has been severely pruned and it will be observed that of what remains a large proportion is in the nature of a re-vote. One Architect has been trans-

ferred from the departmental Estimates to the Government House and City Development Scheme as shown in Appendix II B. There are certain minor increases in the Electrical sub-department.

HEAD 31—PUBLIC WORKS RECURRENT

These are for the most part the general maintenance votes for the public works and lighting of the Colony. They cannot be greatly reduced without risk of serious deterioration involving heavy and uneconomical expenditure at a later date. The votes have been carefully examined and a total reduction of \$78,750 has been made. This is as far as the Government feels justified in going at the present time.

I do not think I need add to what I have already said on the subject of Public Works Extraordinary, beyond repeating that full details will be found in the memorandum of the Director of Public Works.

There are two other subjects on which Honourable Members may expect me to comment. The Government House and City Development scheme shows an anticipated expenditure of \$250,000 largely in preparatory work on the new Government House site at Magazine Gap. In these uncertain times the Government will proceed very cautiously with this scheme, progress being dependent on the provision of funds from the sale of the remaining portion of the City Hall and other sites included in the scheme. It is not a favourable moment for the sale of valuable sites and progress will probably be slow until times improve.

LOAN WORKS

The other subject is that of the Loan Works. The success of the 1934 Loan which makes the continuation of the works possible is referred to in the Treasurer's memorandum and is a flattering indication of the public faith in the Colony's financial stability.

My Honourable friend the Director of Public Works has given detailed information regarding the loan works for which he is responsible, and I am indebted to the Resident Engineer for the following information regarding the largest and most important of our loan works viz the Shing Mun Valley Gorge Dam.

Work on the Gorge Dam at Shing Mun began in December 1932. For the first year—up to the end of 1933—the work done consisted of building the Access Road, camp construction, water supply, sanitation, anti-malarial work, drilling for the site of the dam, quarry development, erection of plant and machinery; and towards the end of the year a start was made on the excavation for the dam foundations and on the diversion tunnel. The expenditure up to the end of 1933 was approximately \$1,450,000.

By March 1934 the plant was erected and the actual construction of the dam commenced. Since that date construction work on

dam and tunnels has proceeded very satisfactorily, in spite of delays caused by rains since June, and at the end of August about 20,000 cubic yards of concrete and 24,000 cubic yards of rock fill had been placed in the dam; the driving of the diversion tunnel was finished and driving of the overflow tunnel nearly finished.

The estimated expenditure for 1934, made on the supposition that the weather from the end of October will enable full working time to be kept, is approximately \$2,020,000 and it is expected that this will bring the dam up to about level 450, or nearly 100 feet above foundation level.

Of the above expenditure about \$700,000 has been spent on plant and machinery and about \$300,000 on camp buildings. About 1,300 to 1,400 men are at present working and are comfortably housed in mosquito-proofed lines, with filtered water supply and proper sanitation. The anti-malarial works, which are very extensive and cover an area of 866 acres, have proved to be successful, and little trouble is now experienced from malaria.

The estimated expenditure for 1935 is about \$2,400,000 and it is expected that by the end of that year the dam will have been brought up to level 530, or about 180 ft. above the foundations.

Also it is expected that by that time the core trench of Pineapple Pass Dam will be completed with part of the core wall above it and the earthworks and rock fill about half complete.

As the work has proceeded well and the information now available with regard to costs shows that it is likely that it will be completed for a sum within the estimate.

Resolutions covering expenditure on loan works for 1935 will be moved at a subsequent meeting of Council.

This, Sir, brings me to the end of my review of the Budget for 1935 which I now present for the consideration of my unofficial friends well knowing from past experience that their advice, however critical, will be conceived in a spirit of helpfulness.

GOVERNMENT THANKS

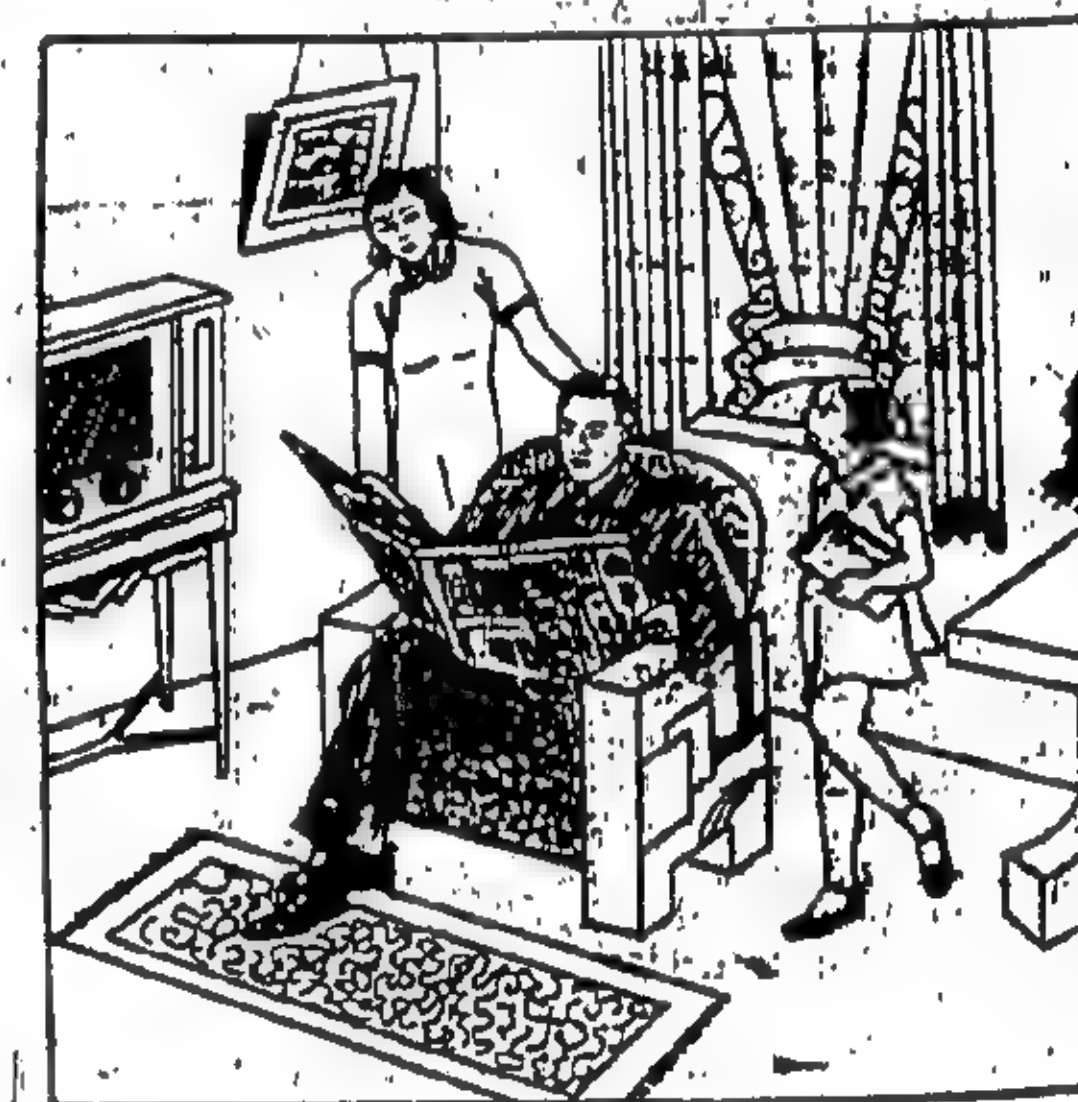
It only remains for me to express the thanks of the Government to the Heads of Departments who have accepted with good grace the inevitably ruthless sacrifice of their pet schemes of improvement and to express my personal indebtedness to the Treasurer and to Mr. Butters and the staff of the Colonial Secretary's Office for the very efficient way in which they have relieved me of the detailed work inherent in the preparation of the Annual Budget.

I now move that a bill initiated by an Ordinance to apply a sum not exceeding Twenty-six million three hundred and twenty-four thousand two hundred and nineteen dollars to the Public Service of the year 1935 be read a first time. (Applause)

The Colonial Treasurer: I beg to second.

The Bill was read a first time.

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THE ARMY

War Office Appointment

London, Aug. 28.
The War Office announces that
Lieutenant-Colonel C. C. Hewitt,
D.S.O., M.C., The Royal Welch
Fusiliers, has been appointed As-
sistant Director (Small Arms) the
War Office with effect from Janu-
ary 1, 1935.

Lieutenant-Colonel S. R. McClintock,
D.S.O., The Gordon High-
landers, has been appointed Of-
ficer-in-Charge of Infantry Re-
cord and Pay Office, with
effect from December 15, 1934.

Lieutenant Colonel Hewitt com-
mands the 2nd Battalion, The
Royal Welch Fusiliers at Gibraltar
and will not take the unit to
Hong Kong in October. Educated
at Sandroyd House, Charterhouse,
and Sandhurst, he joined The
Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers in 1902
and specialised in marksmanship,
becoming a Rifle Instructor in 1913.

After service in France with the
2nd Royal Welch Fusiliers he was
successively instructor and chief
instructor at the Machine Gun
Corps Training Centre and Group,
with the 11th M.G. Company,
Corps M.G. Officer with the VI
Army Corps, commander of the
45th M.G. Battalion, Army M.G.
Officer with the Third Army, De-
puty Inspector of the Fifth Army,
instructor at Seaford School, and
Chief Instructor at Netheravon.
He was transferred to The Royal
Welch Fusiliers in 1929. He was
twice wounded. He succeeds Lieut-
enant-Colonel W. A. C. Saunders-
Knox-Gore, D.S.O., whose tenure
at the War Office expires on Janu-
ary 1, and joins at an interesting
time when machine-gun battalion
experiments begin.

Lieutenant-Colonel McClintock
commands the old 92nd at Alder-
shot, which is leaving for Gibralt-
ar on October 16. At Leth he
succeeds Colonel A. R. MacAllan,
whose tenure expires in Decem-
ber, four days before his suc-
cessor's time is up with the 92nd.
The Leth Record and Pay Office
serves The Royal Scots, R.S.F.,
K.O.S.B., Cameronians, Royal In-
niskilling Fusiliers, Royal Ulster
Rifles, London Irish, Royal Irish
Fusiliers, and the work of the dis-
banded Dublin Regiment. He
joined the Gordons during the
Boer War, was adjutant of the 4th
Battalion at Aberdeen and O.C. of
it in France, as well as of the 7th
Battalions of The A. and S.H. and
The Black Watch and 3rd Batta-
lion, The Scottish Rifles. He was
wounded twice and awarded the
D.S.O. and clasp. He was also

NOVEL TRADE VENTURE

Fine Display Of Goods

Singapore, Sept. 4.
This is the age of co-operation.
In every branch of human activity
the value of co-operation is
being appreciated more keenly
each day. It is the spirit of co-
operation that underlies the new
and entirely novel venture of two
local firms whereby they are en-
abled to sell their wares in one
shop.

In Raffles place, Messrs. Frankel
Brothers and the Bata Shoe Co.
have opened town branches, both
firms being housed in a large
room, separated by two long show
cases running parallel, the wares
of Frankel's being sold on one
side and the wares of Bata's on
the other.

Yesterday a large number of lo-
cal residents were the guests of
the firms at an "at home" which
was held in an ante-room.
Both firms have an elaborate
display of goods on view. Frankel's
will specialise in crystal and
silver ware and gifts of various
descriptions and the Bata Shoe
Company have imported an en-
tirely new line of shoes. They
have also established a chiropody
department.

The alterations to the interior
were carried out by the General
Contracting Company of Chulia
street, and are in a cheerfully
modern style.

Lieutenant-colonel with his Regu-
lar unit and D.A.A.G. for senior
officers' instruction. He was edu-
cated at Radley and Sandhurst.

"People Who Matter"

PEOPLE WHO
MATTER to the
community are the
people who can
lead to pay his
goods. Most of
these people buy
the goods.

Hong Kong Daily Press.

THE EXCHANGE MARKET

MESSRS. ROZA BROS.

Silver business in London yester-
day was very small. The mar-
ket was supported by speculators
to a small extent absorbing sales
for account of China. The closing
tone was steady after the drop of
1/16 to 21 11/16 for Ready and
21 1/2 for Forward.

At the opening of the market
in New York, Sterling opened at
5.01, closing slightly under that
rate at 5.00 1/2.

Markets
Very dull conditions prevailed
during the morning. Hardly any
business was done.

Sterling
Sterling for near delivery, was
offered at 1/8, subsequently 1/6
25/32, buyers asking for 1/6 13/16
with sellers at the last rate for
the second half of October. A
small business was done for the
second half of October at that
rate and possibly also for October.

U.S. Dollars
Sellers 39 1/2, buyers 39 3/16 Sep-
tember, 39 3/16 sellers October,
buyers 39 1/2. 39 1/2 was done for the
second half of October.

Yen
130 to 130 1/2.

Gold
58 1/2, possibly 58 1/2.

Shanghai Dollars
110 1/2 business done. Buyers at
that rate with sellers at 110 7/16.

Shanghai Market
Sterling 1/4 15/16 near, 1/5
forward. A little steadier later at
1/5 for near. Dollars at 35 1/2 for
near, 35 7/16 forward, steady to
35 7/16 near and 35 1/2 forward.
The market was dull.

IN THE AFTERNOON
The afternoon session was ab-
solutely lifeless.

Sterling
Sterling remained at 1/5 25/32
sellers with buyers at 1/6 13/16,
including October delivery. Second
half October might have been ob-
tained at that rate.

U.S. Dollars
Dollars, September sellers 39 1/2,
buyers 39 3/16. October sellers
39 3/16, buyer 39 1/2. A small
business was reported for October
at 39 1/2.

Shanghai Market
No change in the Sterling mar-
ket. Dollars 35 1/2 for near and 35 1/2
forward. Market quiet.

H. K. STOCK EXCHANGE

YESTERDAY'S OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS

The market was not quite so
buoyant, although at quotations
there was a demand for Lands,
Trams and China Lights. Elec-
trics were a shade easier with
business done at \$12.

SALES
Gold River, 23 1/2 cts.
H.K. Lands, \$50.
H.K. Trams, \$204.
Star Ferries, \$98.
Electric, \$72.
Telephones (new), \$11 11/10.
Govt. Loan (3 1/2%), 3 1/2% Prem.

BUYERS
H.K. Banks, \$1720.
Antamoks, 6 1/2 cts.
Balatoks, 37.
Baglio Gold, 45 cts.
Benguet Consolidated, \$42.
Benguet Exploration, 18 cts.
Gold River, 23 cts.
Evo Cottons, \$h \$10.90.
H.K. Lands, \$50.
Realities, \$4.60.
Chinese Estates, \$88.
H.K. Trams, \$20.
China Lights (old), \$84.
China Lights (new), \$820.
Electric, \$72.
Telephones (old), \$23.90.
Telephones (new), \$11.
Singapore Tractions, 4 1/2.
Singapore Tractions (Pref) 17 1/2.

SELLERS
Wharves, \$11.
Hotels, \$5.50.
Cements, \$2.50.

THE CHARTERED BANK

The Chartered Bank of India,
Australia & China informs us that
they have received the following
cable from their Head Office in
London:-

Directors have declared an
interim dividend for the past year
at the rate of 1 1/2 per cent.
per annum subject to income tax.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

On	Sterling Parity	Sept. 11.	Sept. 12
Amsterdam	13.10 Florins	7.30 1/2	7.30
Athens	375 Drachmas	216	516 S.
Belgrade	276.316 Dinars	216	216
Berlin	90.48 Marks	12.45	12.41
Bombay	1s. 6d. per Rupee	1/6 1/16	1/6 1/16
Buenos Aires	36 Pesos	21.09	21.07
Bucharest	813.588 Lei	495	495
Buenos Aires	37.534 per Peso	36 1/2 S.O.	36 1/2 S.O.
Copenhagen	18.169 Kroner	22.40	22.40
Geneva	20.224 Francs	15.13	15.13 1/2
Hankow	193.62 Marks	22 1/2	22 1/2
Hongkong	1/64	1/64	1/64
Lisbon	110 Escudos	110 1/2	110 1/2
Madrid	25.224 Pesetas	36 7/32	36 3/16
Milan	92.46 Lire	57 11/13	57 11/16
Montevideo	50.864 per Peso	39 1/2 S.O.	39 1/2 S.O.
Montreal	4.867 Dollars	4.55 1/2	4.55 1/2
New York	4.967 Dollars	5.01 1/2	5.01 1/2
Oso	48.159 Kroner	19.90 1/2	19.90 1/2
Paris	194.21 Francs	75 1/32	75 1/16
Prague	164.25 Kronen	119	119
Rio de Janeiro	28.932 per Gold	44 S.O.	44 S.O.
Mitre		1/5	1/5
Shanghai	13.150 Kroner	19.39 1/2	19.39 1/2
Stockholm	34.564 Schillings	26 1/2	26 1/2
Yokohama	24.564 per Yen	1/2 1/2	1/2 1/2
Silver (spot)		21 1/2	21 1/2
Silver (forward)		21 13/16	21 13/16
War Loan		3 1/2 108	3 1/2 104 15/16

Closing Quotations

On	September 13, 1934	On	New York
Telegraphic Transfer	1/8	Bank Bills, on demand	3 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	1/8	Credit, 60 days' sight	3 1/2
Bank Bills, 4 months	1/8	ON SAVANNAH	
Credit, 4 months' sight	1/8	On demand	5 1/2
ON SHANGHAI		ON PARIS	
On demand	10 1/2	Bank Bills, on demand	5 1/2
ON SINGAPORE		Credit, 4 months' sight	5 1/2
On demand	10 1/2	ON SAIGON	
ON JAPAN		On demand	5 1/2
On demand	10 1/2	ON MANILA	
ON INDIA		On demand	7 1/2
Telegraphic Transfer	1/8	ON BANGKOK	
Bank, on demand	1/8	On demand	12 1/2
		SOVEREIGNS, Bank Buying	
		Rate	1/7 1/2
		BAL SILVER, per oz.	21 11/16

MUSSOLINI PUBLISHES HIS "WAR SPEECH" "World Knows What Hitler Says"

London, Aug. 28.
Simultaneously with Berlin
Press criticisms of Signor Mus-
solini for not issuing the full text
of his "be prepared for war"
speech at the Bologna manoeuvres
last Friday, the Duce instructed
its release in Rome.

One Berlin newspaper says that
Herr Hitler's words of peace to
France were made public to the
world, but Signor Mussolini has
"not allowed the Italians to know
how brave they are."

In his speech the Duce made a
striking reference to the effect of
the concentration of Italian troops
near the Austrian frontier during
the crisis which followed the mur-
der of Dr. Dollfus.

ROME'S FOREIGN POLICY
Although a deep impression was
created in German political circles
by Signor Mussolini's war warning
Press comment has been withheld
until to-day, when the Ehrenbreit-
stein speech of Herr Hitler on
the Saar might be quoted as a
counterpoise.

Full use is made of the "con-
trasts" between the Duce's "war-
like move" and the Führer's
offer to France.

Signor Mussolini is to-day the
target for sharper comments than
have hitherto been heard here.
"He has many failures to chroni-
cle in his own policy," writes Dr.
Silex, the editor of the "Deutsche
Allgemeine Zeitung." "His far-
reaching plans in the Near
East were countered by a
Turkish rapprochement with So-
viet Russia. Yugoslavia answered
the sending of Italian troops to
the Austrian frontier with an ex-
pression of opinion which could
not possibly be misunderstood, and
Italy is forced to bargain now even
with Albania."

Making France stronger
In the opinion of Dr. Silex the
conversations between Italy and
Austria will result in putting
France in a "position of increased
power." In this connection he
makes the statement that "Ger-
many has made an energetic effort
towards the re-establishment of
normal and friendly relations
with Austria" without, however,
explaining in what exactly this
effort consists, or whether Austria
also shares this view.

Writing in the "Nachtausgabe,"
Herr Hansson writes: "Signor Mus-
solini with his 'not allowing the It-
alian people to learn the essential
points of his foreign policy' speech."
"But every German has Herr
Hitler's words of praise, and the
whole world was a witness to the

tremendous jubilation with which
they were received.

"MILITARIST NATION"
The much-discussed speech
which Signor Mussolini made at
the close of the Italian army
manoeuvres at Bologna on Friday
in the presence of six cabinet min-
isters was released for publication
by the Government.

Signor Mussolini declared that
this year's manoeuvres could be
defined as "the greatest since the
war, not only for the number of
troops participating, but also for
other elements of extraordinary
importance."

No country in contemporary
Europe, he proceeded, deliberately
wanted war, and least of all Italy,
which had given innumerable
proofs of her desire for peace.
However, war was possible, and
might break out suddenly. In
certain far-off countries war was
already a fact.

Also in Europe, at the end of
July, a situation dramatically de-
veloped which recalled vividly
that of 1914. One could also add
that if they had not, as a pre-
cautionary measure, quickly sent
divisions to the north and north-
east frontiers, there was the dan-
ger of complications which at a
certain moment might have re-
sulted in armed intervention. The
Duce added:

"These divisions marched with
magnificent élan, covering dis-
tances of 60 and also 107 kilometres.
The solid morale of the troops
evoked the admiration and respect
of the frontier population."

"War of To-day"
"One must not, therefore, be
prepared for a war of to-morrow,
but for a war of to-day."

"We are becoming and will be-
come always more prepared be-
cause we wish to be a military
nation, and not being fearful of
words, I will add: militarist."

"To complete his task the soldier
must be endowed with an aya-
high measure of the virtue of obe-
dience to, and sacrifice for, his
country. This means that the en-
tire life of the nation, political,
economic and spiritual, must be
directed towards those objects
which constitute our military ne-
cessities."

"War has been defined as the
nation's last resort. As the nations
are not mass-produced, but follow
their own line of conduct, and
historical force, it follows that, in
spite of all conferences, all treaties
and all intentions, more or less
stipulated, the factor of war remains at the ori-

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Pres. Coolidge, Nov. 3, Noon
Pres. Lincoln, Nov. 20, Midnight

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and Hong Kong to Hong Kong
will be discharged into
Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be
landed and subject to Terms
and Conditions of Storage at
Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for
delivery from Godown on and after
10th Sept.

Optional Cargo will not be landed here
unless Notice has been given prior to
Steamer's arrival, but carried on from
port to port to the final port of call
to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods
are to be left in the Godowns, where
they will be examined on any Tuesday
and Friday between the hours of
10.45 a.m. and Noon within the Free
Storage period.

No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Steamer's Godowns,
and all Goods remaining undelivered
after the 17th Sept. will be subject
to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must
be presented to the Underwriter on or
before the 1st Oct., or they will not
be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

10th September, 1934. [3837]

SHANGHAI RUBBER SHARES

Messrs. Carroll Bros. have
received the following called,
quotations of Shanghai Rubber
Shares. Prices in Shanghai
Dollars:-

Anglo-Javas	\$11.15
Anglo-Dutch	8.25
Chemor	.91
Consolidated	4.10
Java Consolidated	2.00
Kroewoek	.75
Tanah Merah	2.02
Febongs	.66
Ziangte	10.90

CONSIGNEE NOTICES

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

CONSIGNEE NOTICE

S.S. "MIN."

ARRIVED HONG KONG ON WEDNES-
DAY, 11th SEPTEMBER, 1934.

FROM DUNKERK, ANTWERP,
ROTTERDAM, LONDON, &c.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above
steamer are hereby informed
that their Goods, with exception of
Opium, Treasure and Valuables
are being landed and placed at their
risk in the Godowns of the Hong Kong
Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.,
whence delivery can be obtained as
the Goods are landed.

Goods not cleared within 7 days
including date of arrival, will be subject
to rent.

All Claims must be sent to the Un-
derwriter before the Monday, the
24th September, 1934, or they will not
be recognized.

Damaged Packages must be left in
the Godowns for examination by the
Companies and the Company's Surveyors
Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m.
on Tuesday, the 24th September, 1934.

Consignees must have a Revenue
Officer in attendance when damaged
dubious goods are examined by the
Company's Surveyors.

No Claims will be admitted after the
Goods have left the Godowns.
No Fire Insurance will be effected by
us in any case whatever.

R. OHL
Agent.
Hong Kong, 11th Sept., 1934. [3838]

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

CONSIGNEE NOTICE

S.S. "ANDRE LEBON."

ARRIVED HONG KONG ON
SUNDAY, 9th SEPT.,
1934.

FROM MARSEILLES, &c.
CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above
steamer are hereby informed
that their Goods, with exception of
Opium, Treasure and Valuables
are being landed and placed at
their risk in the Godowns of the Hong
Kong Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd.,
whence delivery can be obtained as
the Goods are landed.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SWATOW, AMOY & SHANGHAI	"KIUNGCHOW"	On 14th Sept., 8 p.m.
HONGKONG, AMOY & SHANGHAI	"YUENHANG"	On 14th Sept., 3 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUNNING"	On 16th Sept., 3 p.m.
FOOCHOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"YINGCHOW"	On 16th Sept., 5 p.m.
SWATOW & HANGKOW	"KWEIYANG"	On 17th Sept., 3 p.m.
NINGBO & SHANGHAI	"CHUNGKING"	On 17th Sept., 5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUICHANG"	On 18th Sept., 3 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TAIYUAN"	On 18th Sept., 5 p.m.
SWATOW, AMOY & SHANGHAI	"KANGYUNG"	On 21st Sept., 3 p.m.
HONGKONG, AMOY & SHANGHAI	"KINGYUAN"	On 21st Sept., 5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SZECHUEN"	On 23rd Sept., 3 p.m.
FOOCHOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"HUPEH"	On 23rd Sept., 5 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW, HONGKONG & SINGAPORE	"ANHUI"	On 24th Sept., 8 a.m.
SWATOW & HANGKOW	"KIANGSU"	On 24th Sept., 3 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SOOCHOW"	On 25th Sept., 3 p.m.
SWATOW, FOOCHOW, WENCHOW & TIENTSIN	"HUNAN"	On 26th Sept., 3 p.m.
AMOI & SHANGHAI	"TAINAN"	On 26th Sept., 5 p.m.
SWATOW, AMOY & SHANGHAI	"YUENHANG"	On 28th Sept., 3 p.m.
HONGKONG, AMOY & SHANGHAI	"KIUNGCHOW"	On 28th Sept., 5 p.m.
SWATOW & HANGKOW	"KANGYUNG"	On 31st Sept., 3 p.m.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For Freight or Passage apply to— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

CARGO AND PASSENGER CAN BE UNLOADED AT THE OFFICE OF BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

TRAVEL A.O. LINE

TO AUSTRALIA. Calling at Manila (P. I.), Thursday 14, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.

BRITISH STEAMERS: CHANGTE-TAIPING (BURNERS)

FASTEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE STEAMERS IN THE SERVICE

OPEN AIR SWIMMING POOL

ELECTRIC LAUNDRY, BARBER SHOP, SURGEON & STEWARDESS CARRIED

Enjoy Your Short Leave in Australia and New Zealand, Hong Kong, Sydney—18 Days

FIRST CLASS FARE TO SYDNEY, 47/6 RETURN

LONDON (via Australia) from £19-15-0.

(Australian Newspaper on file)

STEAMERS	Due Hong Kong	Leave Hong Kong	Leave Manila	Due Sydney
TAIYING	In Port	18 Sept.	21 Sept.	7 Oct.
CHANGTE	12 Oct.	19 Oct.	22 Oct.	7 Nov.
TAIYING	9 Nov.	16 Nov.	19 Nov.	3 Dec.
CHANGTE	11 Dec.	18 Dec.	21 Dec.	6 Jan.

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED

BUTTERFIELD, WIRE & Agents, HONG KONG—SHANGHAI

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN

AUSTRAL-CHINA LINE

Regular monthly service per fast and modern Ticonderoga Passengers & Freight

Motorships

"MERKUR" and "NEPTUN"

(8000 Tons Gross)

Accommodation for I Class, III Class, Steerage and Deck-passengers. Many 1st Class Single berth Cabins. Many bathrooms.

Surgeon & Stewardess carried. Electric Laundry and Barber shop on board.

Interesting route via Philippines, Sandakan & New Guinea.

First sailing from Hong Kong: M.S. "NEPTUN" 31st December, 1934.

M.S. "MERKUR" 2nd February, 1935.

For Freight & Passage apply to:

MELCHERS & CO.

Tel. 93378. Far Eastern General Agents.

PRINCE LINE—SILVER LINE

JOINT SERVICE

FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS

TO

HALIFAX (NOVA SCOTIA CANADA),

BOSTON

AND

NEW YORK

CALLING AT NAPLES

M.V. "SILVERTEAK" ... Sept. 3th

Excellent Accommodation for a Limited Number of Passengers at Moderate Rates.

For Passage Rates, Freight, etc., apply to:

FURNES (FAR-LEAST) LTD.

(Incorporated in Great Britain.)

(King's Building.)

Telephone: 52165.

Telegram: Furnprince

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

SAILINGS FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW & RETURN

TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS AT 3 P.M.

S.S. "HAINING" on FRIDAY, 14th SEPT., 4 P.M.

S.S. "HAIYANG" on TUESDAY, 18th SEPT., 8 P.M.

S.S. "HAICHING" on FRIDAY, 21st SEPT., 3 P.M.

Subject to alteration without notice.

SWATOW-HONGKONG SERVICE.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

SUNDAYS & WEDNESDAYS AT 4 P.M.

S.S. "SEISTAN" on SUNDAY, 16th SEPTEMBER.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (Near Blake Pier) ROUND TRIP TICKETS will be issued from HONGKONG to FOOCHOW (Pagoda Anchorage) and return by the same steamer at the Reduced Rate of \$100.00 including Meals while the steamer at Coast Ports (Time for Round Voyage 8 Days).

For Freight and Passage apply to:

DOUGLAS LARBAIK & CO., LTD.

Tel. 28037 and 28038. General Managers. F & O. Building.

ADVERTISED SAILING FROM HONG KONG

NORTHWARD

FROM HONG KONG TO COAST PORTS AND JAPAN.

Amoy.

Hai Ning, Douglas, September 14.

Kiangchow, B. & S., September 14.

Yuen Sang, Jardine's, September 17.

Hai Yang, Douglas, September 18.

Kum Sang, Jardine's, September 18.

Tai Yuan, B. & S., September 19.

Tilawa, B.I. (Apar), September 20.

Halching, Douglas, September 21.

Kwang Tung, B. & S., September 21.

Anhui, B. & S., September 24.

Sui Sang, Jardine's, October 2.

Santhia, B.I. (Apar), October 4.

Choochow.

Hai Ning, Douglas, September 14.

Ying Chow, B. & S., September 16.

Hai Yang, Douglas, September 18.

Halching, Douglas, September 21.

Hupoh, B. & S., September 23.

Haug Sang, Jardine's, September 20.

Hankow.

Telesias, B. & S., September 25.

Japan (Direct).

Kamo Maru, N.Y.K., September 21.

Sui Sang, Jardine's, October 2.

Newchwang.

Ying Chow, B. & S., September 16.

Hupoh, B. & S., September 23.

Osaka.

Somali, P. & O., September 15.

Shanghai and Japan.

Ermland, Jochen's, September 16.

Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., September 16.

Touring, Thoresen's, September 18.

Atrous, B. & S., September 17.

Kum Sang, Jardine's, September 18.

Tai Shan, Dodwell's, September 18.

Comoria, P. & O., September 20.

Tilawa, B.I. (Apar), September 20.

Coblenz, Jochen's, September 21.

Emp. of Japan, C.P.S., September 21.

Shan Tung, Gilman's, September 21.

Pres. Pierce, Dollar's, September 23.

Kulmerland, Jochen's, September 27.

Agammon, B. & S., September 27.

Pres. McKinley, A. M. Line, Sept. 28.

Harna Maru, N.Y.K., September 28.

Bhutan, P. & O., October 3.

Chiehbiu Maru, N.Y.K., October 3.

Gettrude Maerk, Jochen's, October 3.

Nellere, E. & A. S.S. Co., October 4.

Rajputana, P. & O., October 4.

Santhia, B.I. (Apar), October 4.

Saele, Melchers', October 4.

Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., October 4.

Perthos, Messageries', October 8.

SHANGHAI AND VIA PORTS.

Kiangchow, B. & S., September 14.

Sunning, B. & S., September 16.

Ying Chow, B. & S., September 16.

Atrous, B. & S., September 17.

Sui Sang, Jardine's, September 18.

Norviken, Jardine's, September 19.

Kwang Tung, B. & S., September 21.

Daviken, Jardine's, September 21.

Szechuen, B. & S., September 23.

Soochow, B. & S., September 25.

Munnam, Mannors', September 28.

Taku Bar.

Ermland, Jochen's, September 16.

Atrous, B. & S., September 17.

Atrous, B. & S., September 18.

Coblenz, Jochen's, September 21.

Kulmerland, Jochen's, September 27.

Saele, Melchers', October 4.

Tientsin.

Hang Sang, Jardine's, September 19.

Hang Sang, Jardine's, September 20.

Tientsin.

Ermland, Jochen's, September 16.

Sunning, B. & S., September 16.

Yuen Sang, Jardine's, September 17.

Sui Sang, Jardine's, September 18.

Norviken, Jardine's, September 19.

Coblenz, Jochen's, September 21.

Szechuen, B. & S., September 23.

Soochow, B. & S., September 25.

Munnam, Mannors', September 28.

Saele, Melchers', October 4.

Szechuen, B. & S., September 23.

Soochow, B. & S., September 25.

Munnam, Mannors', September 28.

Saele, Melchers', October 4.

Szechuen, B. & S., September 23.

Soochow, B. & S., September 25.

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Szechuen, B. & S., September 23.

Soochow, B. & S., September 25.

Munnam, Mannors', September 28.

Saele, Melchers', October 4.



"Empress of Japan"

Largest—Fastest—Luxury Liner
on the Pacific

SAILS

4 A.M.

Saturday, 15th Sept.

for

MANILA

(Passengers Embark Friday Evening)

Special C.P.R. Reduced Fares to
Europe and Return also Around the World
Summer Excursions to
MANILA AND JAPAN

Steamers	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Yokohama	Kobe	Yokohama	Honolulu	Vancouver
Emp. of Japan	Sept. 31	Sept. 23	Sept. 28	Sept. 28	Oct. 4	Oct. 9	
Emp. of Asia	Oct. 5	Oct. 7	Oct. 11	Oct. 11	Oct. 13	Oct. 24	
Emp. of Canada	Oct. 19	Oct. 21	Oct. 24	Oct. 24	Oct. 26	Nov. 13	
Emp. of Russia	Nov. 2	Nov. 4	Nov. 6	Nov. 6	Nov. 8	Nov. 19	
Emp. of Japan	Nov. 16	Nov. 18	Nov. 21	Nov. 21	Nov. 23	Nov. 29	Dec. 4

C.P.R. Special Summer Round Trip Tickets to
Japan are also interchangeable with N.Y.K.
(Pacific Service) P. and O. and M.M. Co.

TO MANILA

EMPRESS OF JAPAN 4 A.M. Sept. 15th.
EMPRESS OF ASIA Sept. 27th.

TRAVEL EMPRESS
THE ACME OF LUXURY
AT LOW COST

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Telephone: Passenger 20752. GACANPAC: Passenger Dept.
Freight 20042. NAUTILUS: Freight Dept.
Canton Agents: JARDINE, MATHESON & CO. LTD.



GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS IN THE ORIENT FOR
CUNARD WHITE STAR LINE.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports and Honolulu.
TAIYO MARU ... Sunday, 18th Sept. at 1 a.m.
CHICHIBU MARU ... Wednesday, 3rd Oct. at 10 a.m.
TATSUTA MARU ... Wednesday, 17th Oct.

SEATTLE & VANCOUVER.

HEIAN MARU ... (Starts from Kobe) Monday, 1st Oct.

HIKAWA MARU ... (Starts from Kobe) Saturday, 20th Oct.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM

FUSHIMI MARU ... Saturday, 15th Sept.

HAKOZAKI MARU ... Saturday, 29th Sept.

TERUKUNI MARU ... Friday, 18th Oct.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila and Ports.

ATSUTA MARU ... Saturday, 22nd Sept.

KAMO MARU ... Saturday, 27th Oct.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang and Colombo.

LISON MARU ... Friday, 8th Sept.

TANGO MARU ... Thursday, 11th Oct.

MAYBASHI MARU ... Sunday, 25th Oct.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

HEIYO MARU ... Tuesday, 30th Oct.

NEW YORK via Panama.

NOTO MARU ... Saturday, 27th Oct.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Beyrouth, Istanbul, Piraeus, Genoa and Valencia.

LIMA MARU ... Wednesday, 10th Oct.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon.

MALACCA MARU ... Saturday, 15th Sept.

TOKUSHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 29th Sept.

TOBA MARU ... Monday, 8th Oct.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

KAMO MARU (Nagasaki direct) Friday, 21st Sept.

HABUNA MARU ... Saturday, 9th Sept.

† Cargo only.

TEL. 30291

Shipping News

Daily Statement, Clearances
Ships in Harbour, etc.

YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT RETURNS

IMPORTS 3,100 TONS;
THROUGH CARGO
5,700 TONS

The returns, shown at the Harbour Office of vessels carrying cargo to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were:

British	Cargo for H.K.	Through Ports
Sirdhana, Amoy	150	3,289
Yuen Sang, Swatow	224	343
Foo Shing, Canton	—	420
Hoihow, Canton	—	192
Sunning, Swatow	182	420
Yochow, Canton	—	400
Hal Ning, Swatow	445	—
Texaco XI, Shanghai	317	—
Hydrangea, Swatow	250	—
Total	1,568	5,064

French	Cargo for H.K.	Through Ports
Min, Shanghai	200	483
Portuguese, Wing Wo	—	483
K. C. Wan, Canton	290	—
Total	290	—

Japanese	Cargo for H.K.	Through Ports
Hozan Maru, Swatow	1,067	—
Total	1,067	—

Chinese	Cargo for H.K.	Through Ports
An Shing, Canton	—	240
Cheung On, Shanmei	30	—
Total	30	240

Total	Cargo for H.K.	Through Ports
Total	3,155	5,767

ASTATIC DECK PASSENGERS

The following vessels brought Astatic deck passengers to the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday:

Sirdhana (Br.), Amoy	200
Yuen Sang (Br.), Swatow	101
Hoihow (Br.), Canton	27
Sunning (Br.), Swatow	110
Yochow (Br.), Canton	46
Hal Ning (Br.), Swatow	267
Hydrangea (Br.), Swatow	126
Hozan Maru (Japan), Swatow	56
An Shing (Ch.), Canton	64
Cheung On (Ch.), Shanmei	165
Total	1,162

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

The arrivals and departures during the period under review were:

	Arr.	Dep.
British	9	9
French	1	2
Norwegian	0	3
Dutch	0	1
Portuguese	1	0
Japanese	1	2
Chinese	2	2
Total	14	19

SHIPS IN HARBOUR

WHARVES

Kowloon: Taiyo Maru.
Hoihow: Tai Ping.
Socony: Laichikok: Katie Mol.

CLEARANCES

SEPTEMBER 15TH

Kamona, for Hongkong.
Tyndareus, for Milke.
Hydrangea, for Swatow.
Michigan, for Manila.
Siamese Prince, for Manila.
Conte Rosso, for Singapore.
Clara Camus, for Shanghai.
Hakusan Maru, for Shanghai.
Haidis, for Saigon.
Kwai Sang, for Swatow.
Foo Shing, for Tsingtao.
Chung King, for Canton.
Hal Hing, for Swatow.

SHIPS IN WIRELESS COMMUNICATION

The list of ships expected to be in wireless communication with Hong Kong to-day:

Mount Olympus, Nanning, Tangshan Maru, Toyama Maru, Allport, Kuyo Maru, Yin Shen, Hal Hing, Min, Ajax, Yochow, Malacca Maru, Pres. Harrison, General Sherman, President Jackson, Somali Tin Seng, Hoihow, Seistan, Tolshan.

CHIU ON: Hydrangea.

DOCKS

Kowloon: Hellas, Siamese Prince, Pronto.
Talkoo: H.M.S. Ostris, Chang On, Maron Hero, Ninghai.

SUOYS

No. A1—Sirdhana.
No. A4—Michigan.
No. A5—Tyndareus.
No. A8—Ajax.
No. A9—King Yuan.
No. A10—Klungchow.
No. A11—Clara Camus.
No. B2—Foo Shing.
No. B6—Hailkon.
No. B9—Clara Jebson.
No. B10—Fingal.
No. B11—Barge.
No. B12—Canton.
No. B18—Haidis.
No. B20—Yochow.

ARRIVALS

SEPTEMBER 12TH

Hong Kheng, British str., 3,975 tons, Captain D. M. Hood, from Amoy, Talkoo Dock.
Ho Thong & Co.
Chung Hwah, Chinese str., 3,871 tons, Captain Y. Watanabe, from Keelung, buoy No. B25—M. S. K.

Sirdhana, British str., 4,835 tons, Captain J. H. Longhurst, from Osaka via Amoy, Kowloon Wharf—Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.

SEPTEMBER 13TH

Hakusan Maru, Japanese str., 6,270 tons, Captain N. Komiyama, from Singapore, buoy No. 7—N. Y. K.

Conte Rosso, Italian str., 9,998 tons, Captain Mauri, from Shanghai, Kowloon Wharf—Dodwell & Co.

Chung King, British str., 1,311 tons, Captain J. R. Nisbet, from Swatow, buoy No. B3—B. & S.

Kwai Sang, British str., 1,435 tons, Captain M. Costello, from Canton, buoy No. B8—J. M. & Co.

Foo Shing, British str., 1,423 tons, Captain R. C. Thompson, from Canton, buoy No. B2—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

Yochow, British str., 1,638 tons, Captain A. F. Summerfield, from Canton, buoy No. B20—B. & S.

Tangshan Maru, Japanese str., 1,285 tons, Captain Kaitoku, from Canton, buoy No. B4—N. Y. K.

Hal Hing, Norwegian str., 1,445 tons, Captain J. Jorgensen, from Hoihow, buoy No. B5—Thoresen & Co.

No. B21—Kwelyang.
No. B22—Hin Sang.
No. B25—Chung Wah.
No. C1—Promiss.
No. C5—Mamiga Maru.

P. & O., British India Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).

MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMER—TAKING CARGO FOR

STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE, GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

Steamer	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"SOMALI"	7,000	15th Sept.	Mars, Havre, London.
"MANTUA"	11,000	22nd Sept.	Mars, Havre, London.
"RAWALPINDI"	17,000	8th Oct.	Bombay, Marcellas and London.
"BANGALORE"	6,000	13th Oct.	Mars, Havre, London.
"COMORIN"	15,000	20th Oct.	Bombay, Marcellas and London.
"RAJPUTANA"	17,000	3rd Nov.	Bombay, Marcellas and London.
"BHUTAN"	6,000	10th Nov.	Mars, Havre, London.
"CHITRAL"	15,000	17th Nov.	Mars, Havre, London.
"BEHAR"	6,100	24th Nov.	Bombay, Marcellas and London.
"CARHAGE"	7,000	1st Dec.	Bombay, Marcellas and London.
"BOUDAN"	7,000	8th Dec.	Bombay, Marcellas and London.
"RANPURA"	17,000	15th Dec.	Bombay, Marcellas and London.
"CORFU"	15,000	22nd Dec.	Bombay, Marcellas and London.
"BURDWAN"	6,000	29th Dec.	Bombay, Marcellas and London.

* Cargo only. * Calls Cebu, Manila.

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Steamer	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"SIRDHANA"	8,000	14th Sept. 3 p.m.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
"TAKADA"	8,000	27th Sept.	do.
"TILAWA"	8,000	1st Oct.	do.
"SANTHA"	8,000	27th Oct.	do.

* Cargo only. * Calls Port Swettenham.

B.I.—Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamer	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"NANKIN"	7,000	29th Sept.	Manila, Batavia, Brisbane.
"MELBORE"	7,000	2nd Nov.	Manila, Batavia, Brisbane.
"TANDA"	7,000	1st Dec.	Manila, Batavia, Brisbane.

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The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via Suez.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

Steamer	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"COMORIN"	15,000	20th Sept.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"TILAWA"	10,000	20th Sept.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"BHUTAN"	6,000	2nd Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"MELBORE"	7,000	2nd Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"RAJPUTANA"	17,000	8th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"SANTHA"	8,000	1st Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"BEHAR"	6,100	1st Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"TALMA"	10,000	1st Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"CHITRAL"	15,000	17th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"BOUDAN"	7,000	24th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"SIRDHANA"	8,000	24th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"CARHAGE"	7,000	24th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"TANDA"	7,000	24th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"RAJPUTANA"	17,000	24th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama
"BHUTAN"	6,000	24th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama

* Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice. All cabins are fitted with Electric Fans or Punka, Louvers Ventilation. Steamers on London and Australian Lines are fitted with Laundries. Parcels measuring not more than 50 lb. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing. For further information, Passage Fares, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to the Agents.

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MARSEILLES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, D'Almeida (Aden), Suez, Port-Said.		To SHANGHAI—KOBE.
ANDRE LEBON	25th Sept.	PORTHOS
YVES DUBREUIL	27th Oct.	CHERONCEAUX
PORTHOS	28th Oct.	ATHOS II
CHERONCEAUX	30th Nov.	ATHOS II
D'ARTAGNAN	20th Nov.	ATHOS II
ATHOS II	4th Dec.	ATHOS II
ATHOS II	18th Dec.	ATHOS II

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